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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

PENNSYLVANIA.

THE name of "Seeley's" postoffice, in Rome township, Bradford county, has been changed to "Park's Creek."

GEO. W. CHILDS, Esq., of the Philadelphia *Public Ledger*, has given $1000 to the fund for the relief of the Richmond sufferers.

AT the XVth Amendment celebration in Corry, last week, a white gunner named Thompson had his hand shot off by the premature discharge of a cannon.

THE Union No. 2 is the name of the new oil well on the Robinson farm, which is pumping some fifty barrels per day. Hon. Samuel Purviance is one of the owners.

THE Brookville *Republican* announces the name of Hon. G. W. Scofield as the choice of the Republicans of Jefferson county for Congress from the Nineteenth District.

DURING the firing of a salute in Pottsville on Monday a cannon exploded, blowing to pieces a small boy named Theodore Johns and severely injuring another boy named Williams.

ON Friday afternoon, the 22d of April, Mrs. Eliza B. Smith, widow of Capt. Geo. Smith, late of Cincinnati, on a visit to her son, Gen. T. K. Smith, of Torresdale, fell down stairs and was killed. Less than two years ago Gen. Smith lost a daughter by drowning.

DAVID PASSET, a Welsh poet and a man of education and culture, living in Hyde Park, was found dead with his neck broken, in Scranton, on Washington avenue, below the bridge, from which it is presumed he fell. He has occupied a prominent position among the Welshmen of that part of the State.

IN speaking of the Richmond calamity the Doylestown *Democrat* says: "One of the distinguished dead, Patrick Henry Aylett, Esq., a great-grandson of the great Patrick Henry of the Revolution, was a classmate of the editor of this paper at Cambridge Law School. No such affliction has fallen upon that city since the burning of the Richmond Theatre in 1811."

ON the night of the 23d ult. a party of boys in Schuylkill county went serenading, and were invited into the last house to which they went, and were served with whisky, of which they drank so inordinately that one of the boys never got home but was found next morning dead upon the road from the effects of whiskey and exposure. His name was Henry Hummel and he was 17 years old.

THE Doylestown *Democrat* says: After the jury had agreed upon a verdict of guilty against Snyder, for burning the barn of Michael Uhler, some person abstracted the bill of indictment—without which sentence could not be passed. Tipstave Breece found the missing document on the following morning in an adjoining water closet, twisted up with the recognizance, and shoved away with waste paper.

THE Postmaster General has made the following postal changes: Six Mile Run, Bedford county, A. W. Swope, vice Alfred Evans, resigned; Mowry's Mill, Bedford county, Israel Davis, vice J. H. Lamburn, resigned; Stony Creek, Somerset county, Michael Hady, vice William Divedy, resigned; Talbotville, Chester county, Levi Milligan, vice J. H. Layton, resigned. Established, Chromo, Chester county, Jno. F. Williamson, Postmaster; Pensonville, Venango county, Israel C. Davis, Postmaster.

THE Republican County Committee of Chester County met in West Chester on Tuesday last. About twenty members were present. The questions concerning the time of holding the Nominating Convention, and whether the colored vote should be counted in the apportionment of delegates for that convention were considered, and were referred for decision to the county meeting to be held on the second Tuesday of August. This will make the County Convention two or three months later than last year.

A LAD about ten years of age, son of Caleb Taylor, of West Chester, was run over by the steam fire engine, in this borough, on Tuesday last. The company had been practicing with the engine on Gay street, and were on their way to the engine house. The little fellow had taken hold of the rope, notwithstanding he had previously been forbidden to do so by several members of the company, when he fell down, and the wheels of the heavy engine passed across his breast. His injuries were so severe that he died almost instantly.—*West Chester Record.*

THE Dunkirk *Journal* says that at a meeting of the Directors of the Dunkirk, Warren & Pittsburgh Railroad, held on the 21st ult., the contract for building the road was let. The contract binds the contractor, Mr. J. C. Smith, to finish his work within fifteen months. It is expected, however, that the road will be in running order by the first of October next. We understand that actual work has been commenced. It will be remembered that much work was done towards the construction of the road some two years since. It is understood that five hundred dollars will make all necessary repairs upon the work then done.

GENERAL NEWS.

C. SHRACK & CO.'s varnish factory, in Philadelphia, was burned down on Monday. Loss $10,000.

GOTTSCHALCK the pianist left about $25,000 behind him when he died, which he willed to his brothers and sisters.

GREEN'S BLEACHERY, a large amount of cloth and two dwelling houses at River Point, R. I., were burnt on Sunday. Loss about $110,000.

FOUR HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT rafts of lumber were run out of the Mahoning so far this spring, and seven hundred and sixty-eight were run out of Redbank.

BOSTON saw a wonder a few days ago, a woman seated on a pile of rubbish hard at work, with several male companions, chipping off the dried mortar from old bricks.

THE *Photographic News* attributes the dearness of eggs to the fact that four millions are annually employed by photographers in Europe and one million in the United States.

A ROSY-CHEEKED damsel in Lansingburg New York, daily leads a sleek-looking cow from house to house, and supplies her customers with milk drawn fresh and sweet and pure.

DRS. SCHENCK and Jayne have been appointed a committee, in Philadelphia, to solicit subscriptions for the Richmond sufferers from the patent medicine men in the Quaker city.

THE general western ticket office of the Pennsylvania Central and Pan Handle roads under the new lease, is removed from Cincinnati to Columbus. Col. W. L. O'Brien takes charge.

MISS DOWNING, the daughter of Mr. Downing, the well known colored caterer, will be married at St. Johns Church, Washington, on the 18th instant. Five hundred invitations have been issued.

THE heaviest hail storm for years visited Cleburne, Texas, on the 16th. Some of the stones were as large as hen eggs, and came with such force as to break through the roofs of houses. Nearly all the fowls exposed to the hail were killed.

THE Schleswig-Holstein question is about to be revived. Since the death of Lord Palmerston, Lord John Russell is supposed to be the only living man who ever understood this noted question, and he forgot what he knew of it some time ago.

SMITH, who attempted to kill Ryland Randolph on the streets of Tuskaloosa, Alabama, several weeks ago, made his escape from jail on Wednesday last, being assisted, it is said, by disguised men. The military were near by, but made no effort to stop Smith.

BISHOP KEMPER, of Wisconsin, is now at Milwaukee, lying so dangerously ill that prayers for his recovery will be offered on Sunday in all the churches of his diocese. The Bishop is a very old man, and before his elevation to the Episcopate of Wisconsin was the "Missionary Bishop of the Northwest."

MR. T. P. ALLEN, residing in the Sixteenth District of Madison County, Tenn., lost three children by death within the space of one month, and is himself almost entirely blind—the result of eating meat which must have been diseased. As soon as the family ceased eating the meat they were accustomed to eat, the disease subsided.

A LETTER from Omaha states that the receipts of the Union Pacific Railroad one day last week were over $48,000. Travel continues to be very heavy. Eighteen cars filled with passengers arrived at Sacramento on Wednesday of last week, from the east, on this road, being the largest train that has yet passed over the road.

A NEGRO woman, living on the plantation of Mr. E. M. Walker, in Union County, North Carolina, a few days since set fire to her house, and when the flames were under good headway she threw her ten months' old child into the building. The woman said she had been told by the devil that she must burn up her child in order to get to heaven.

THERE was an amusing episode in the recent meeting of the American Institute of Science at Washington. On the last day but one, Prof. Pierce, of Harvard, was called on for a paper. He arose with perfect gravity and informed the learned assembly that he had a mathematical essay in his pocket, but as there were only three members of the Institute who could understand it, and neither of them were in the hall, he must beg to be excused from reading it. The President, Dr. Henry, wittily congratulated the body on its escape.

THE peach growers of Delaware are jubilant over the prospects of an immense crop of peaches. There is no danger now from frost or cold winds, and this important crop to the people of the State, may therefore be considered safe. A correspondent writing from Laurel, one of the greatest peach producing districts, in the Wilmington *Commercial* says:—"I never saw a better prospect for peaches. The trees look very healthy, and the indications are that we shall have a very heavy crop." Accounts from all parts of the State correspond with those received from Laurel.

THE tariff debate on Mr. Judd's motion to set it aside and take up his substitute, bitter and acrimonious as it was, will undoubtedly do good in the end, by either hastening the consideration of the present bill, or by solidifying and concentrating the efforts to supplant it by a shorter and more direct measure. It is now expected that the consideration of the tariff bill, as it now stands, will be proceeded with until a vote is had upon its passage. The Judd party, however, announce that they have not yet abandoned the contest, and they say they will soon spring another movement which will bring the Judd tariff bill in triumphant over the present bill of the Ways and Means Committee.

THE Sioux City *Journal* says: Major Randall is reported as in a very bad fix at the Cheyenne Agency. It is said that should he leave there, the Indians would disregard the orders of his subordinates, and the chances would be that an immediate outbreak would follow his departure. So he is obliged to remain and run the chances of his life. The time has not arrived, as yet, for the Indians to take the life of an agent, but the opinion is held in that country that the time is not far distant when they will not hesitate to do it. There are two thousand more Indians collected at that agency than there has been provision made for, which fact is looked upon as meaning something more than a friendly gathering.

THE Baltimore *American* says: On Friday last there was hauled upon the ways at the shipyard of Mr. Beacham the ship Ironsides, that had been badly damaged in consequence of having collided with a vessel in the lower part of the harbor. The Ironsides had just arrived from a fifteen months' voyage, and when hauled upon the ways her keel, copper sheathing, was thickly studded with monster barnacles, many of them being five inches in length. Hundreds of persons collected the barnacles as curiosities of the sea, and after being washed and divested of seaweed, the singular shells presented a beautiful and fantastical appearance, some of them looking as if they had been made for inkstands or perfume bottles, so much were they shaped like those articles named.

* * *

AS IT MAY be of interest to our readers, we compile the following brief sketch of Carlotta Patti, who gives two grand concerts in this city, commencing to-morrow evening:

"There are few instances of artistic careers, we believe, filled up so rapidly and so brilliantly as that of Carlotta Patti. By adding to the six years she spent so successfully in Europe, the two or three years of her earlier career in America, it will be seen that she has not yet been ten years before the public. She has not yet attained her twenty-seventh year, we believe, and being extremely pretty, and possessed of cultivated mind, with a captivating grace and expression, her future promises to be brilliant indeed. During her six years sojourn on the continent, Carlotta Patti appeared in more than 1,200 concerts. She now returns to us in the maturity of her talent, improved by constant study and the natural development of those splendid qualities bestowed on her by Nature.

"Born in Italy, where music seems to be a natural gift, a product of the climate, she was taken over to America at an early age. While yet a child, she took lessons of Hertz, and acquired in a short time a distinguished proficiency on the piano forte. Afterwards she entered with ardor into the study of vocalization, and such was the rapidity of her progress, that in 1861, she made her *debut* with eclat at the New York Academy of Music. Shortly afterwards Carlotta sailed for Europe, where her sistea Adelina had already acquired a wide reputation. Arrived in London, the manager of Covent Garden Theatre offered her a two months' engagement, during which she appeared in a series of concerts. Her peculiar voice and American self-possession were always crowned with success, and the originality of style and brilliancy of her intonations astonished, dazzled and carried the auditory to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. The English press loaded Carlotta Patti with praise, and were obliged to go as far back as Catalini and Jenny Lind to find a comparison worthy of her. She sang in more than fifty concerts in London, was invited to Court, and complimented by the Queen. 'Never in my life,' said Victoria, 'has any singer so charmed and pleased me.'

"Passing over to France, she had a splendid triumph at Rouen, before the most difficult audience to please in the Provinces; then to Brussels, Liege, Antwerp and Amsterdam, in all of which towns she literally electrified her audiences by her faultless execution.

"She then proceeded to Germany, where her original talent upset all the notions of the old musical critics, and created such a sensation that Vienna, the most critical musical city in Europe, gladly welcomed her. She gave twelve consecutive concerts there, and had the honor of being listened to by His Majesty, the Emperor of Austria, and the whole Imperial family. She met with the same enthusiastic reception at Bremen, Dresden, Breslau, Prague, etc., and the receipts reached a figure until then unknown in the concert line.

"Mr. Carl Bank, the best critic in Germany, affirmed that he had never heard the like before. 'Carlotta Patti,' said he, 'owes her success to her remarkable voice, to her assurance, and, if I may say, the audacity of her vocalization, to her marvelous 'staccati,' which she rings up to the highest notes with a facility which is truly astonishing. The charm of her person, her naturally poetic grace, and the correctness of her ennunciation which is based on the dramatic rules, add considerable to her success.'

"In a word, she possessed indiscribable qualities which seem to combine the most seductive natural gifts with the most brilliant qualifications.' Carlotta then appeared at Magdeburg, Leipsic, the musical Athens of Germany, Hanover, and lastly at Berlin. Her strength seemed to increase in proportion to the extension of her sphere of success. At Berlin she met with a perfect ovation, *fetes* were given in honor of the diva, and the King, whose musical appreciation is well known, gave the signal of applause which her appearance always called forth."

FOREIGN.

THE Moscow *Gazette* has an article on whipping in Russia. It says criminals in that country, when sentenced to be flogged, are chastised much less cruelly than in England, where the cat-'o-nine-tails is applied to their backs.

THE charming Duchess of Parma, niece of the Count de Chambord, is the lucky recipient of the holy golden rose, which the Pope blesses annually and presents during Lent to one of the antediluvian princesses of the Bourbon tribe.

AN English Impressario has offered Victor Hugo the handsome sum of half a million francs for a lecturing tour in the principal cities of Europe, the tour to last one year. Victor Hugo is said to feel strongly tempted to accept the offer.

OLD GUIZOT offered to make the customary visits for M. Ollivier, when the latter consented to become a candidate for one of the vacant seats in the French Academy. Ollivier himself said he was so busy that he was unable to make those visits.

THE Empress Eugenie has dismissed five of her ladies of honor. The cause of this unexpected measure has been the discovery of the fact that the ladies in question were on too intimate relations with certain gentlemen employed at the Tuileries.

DR. LIEBREICH, the discoverer of chloral, says that chloral and strychnine are mutually opposed in therapeutic action, so that each neutralizes the poison of the other. Doses of chloral sufficient to kill a rabbit were cured by deadly doses of strychnine.

SIX fine statues in bronze, representing Saturn, Jupiter, Mars, Minerva, Apollo and Castor, have just been discovered at Ostia, a small town situated at the mouth of the Tiber, also, an enormous gold ring, which the effigy and description denote to have belonged to Trajan.

A GERMAN newspaper says that Wagner's new opera, "Meister Singer," is a wonderful work, considering that the author composed words and music both, and is as if Beethoven and Goethe were united in one. That is, it adds, if Goethe had written the music and Beethoven the words.

THE King of Italy is very proud of his exploit as a hunter, but the Italian journals assert, on what they call good authority, that His Majesty never yet shot or stabbed a single animal in his life; and that, during his hunting excursions, all the shooting was done by his aids-de-camps.

DR. JAFFE, the first Jew ever appointed Professor at the University of Berlin, has recently shot himself at Wittemburg. Two years ago he had become a Christian, and the persecutions which he had to suffer in consequence from his Jewish acquaintances grieved him so deeply that he resolved to commit suicide.

THE Cumberland *Alleganian* says that it has noticed an article going the rounds of the press stating that the laying of the track of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville road will commence in June, and that the road will be completed in November next. From reliable information the *Alleganian* feels justified in contradicting this statement, as it has been assured by parties who know, that it will be nearer two years than seven months before the road will be opened to the public.

ONE often sees in English papers sneering notices of the facilities for obtaining divorces in some of the United States, Indiana in particular. One day recently, Lord Penzance, in London, granted decrees for the dissolution of no less than fifteen marriages. It is doubtful if an Indiana court ever exceeded that number at one sitting. It is recorded that in thirteen cases out of fifteen the husbands were the guilty parties. The next day, a smaller batch of eleven had their connubial knots untied, and in nine of these cases the wives were declared to be the erring parties.

M. BOULE has read before the Academy of Sciences of France a remarkable paper on hydrophobia. It appears that children, when bitten, owing to their equanimity and want of apprehension, mostly escape the disease. Further, of 320 persons bitten by rabid dogs, 120 only were afflicted by hydrophobia; that once the malady appears, there is no cure for it, and the only preventive is to burn the bite with red hot iron. Many members asserted the cause of madness in dogs was the barbarous habit of "muzzling" them. Marshal Vaillant cited the town of Dijon, where dogs were in the full enjoyment of liberty, and showed their gratitude by never going mad.

THE *Gaulois* says that some workmen engaged in demolishing an old house in Paris came upon a nest of adders, containing some hundreds of these reptiles, at the bottom of an exhausted well. In the midst of this snake nest was found a skeleton, which had probably fallen in the well years ago, and the flesh of which had been devoured by the adders. Strange to say, in the hand of the skeleton was a pocket-book of red morocco leather, in which, when opened, there were found forty bank notes for 1,000f. each, a woman's likeness, and a letter which had been almost entirely eaten by the reptiles, the only fragment remaining decipherable bearing the words, "Do not make known the plot." A judicial inquiry has been commenced.

THE *North German Correspondent* contradicts the statement recently made in a letter from Rome that Count Bismarck had warned the north German Bishops at present attending the Œcumenical Council, through the medium of the Prussian Ambassador, that if they gave their assent to the preamble of the *schema de fide* they would be suspended from the exercise of their episcopal office, and prevented from returning within the Prussian territories. The *North German Correspondent* says that no such menaces were necessary; "at the same time," it adds, "there is no doubt that the King of Prussia and the North German Confederation would not have seen with indifference the acceptance of the *premium* by the Council in its original harsh, supercilious, and even insulting form, and it may be safely assumed that the most influential personages in Rome have not been left in ignorance on this point."

THERE is a peculiar journal published in England, known to compilers of newspaper directories as the *Anti-Tobacco Journal.* To convert the ungodly from the indulgence in the pleasures of the weed, it recently published a history entitled "An awful end of a smoker." It is told by a Pentonville preacher. There was in his district a smoker who had ruined himself by his "bottle and pipe." One day, it appears, he was disputing with his wife on the subject, and, finally yielding, he promised that he would never again smoke, adding, "If I do not keep my promise, may I lose my eyes; may I lose the use of my limbs; may my blood turn to corruption." The reverend story teller adds that the man, having broken his promise, was punished as he desired. While tapping a beer cask he lost the use of his eyes; he became paralyzed, and on a surgeon attempting to bleed him, nothing followed the lancet but as he had previously prayed. Hence the *Journal* draws the moral 'Don't smoke."

* * *

AN eminent physician of Boston robs scarlet fever of many of its terrors by prescribing for the patient warm lemonade, with a little mucilage, as often as desired, and the application of warmth to the stomach. He directs that a sheet should be wrung out of hot water and laid on the stomach, renewing it as often as it cools. Nothing else but the lemonade is to be given. With this treatment he guarantees that not one in a hundred cases will prove fatal. We have known cider alone to cure more than one obstinate case. A vegetable acid appears to be the specific. Enough salt in children's victuals may almost be said to be *prophylactic* for eruptive fevers.

* * *

RUSSIAN JEWS.—In view of the fact that several hundred poor Russian Jews have arrived in New York and hundreds more are to follow in their wake, a joint committee of prominent Israelites has been formed, consisting of members of the Board of Deleagtes, Hebrew Benevolent Society and New York synagogues, to collect funds for their relief. On Saturday, in the Forty-fourth street synagogue, the Rev. S. M. Isaacs alluded to the Russians in his sermon, and about $1,000 was collected from those present.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK CITY.

The McFarland Trial—Mrs. Sinclair and Junius H. Brown on the Stand—Rebutting Evidence Closed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 4, 1870.

M'FARLAND TRIAL—TWENTY-FIRST DAY.

The first witness this morning was Mrs. Samuel Sinclair: Know Mr. and Mrs. McFarland; they were in very poor circumstances; Mrs. McFarland gave readings to help their support. I visited her when she was sick and gave her fifty dollars, which she kept; I gave her another fifty dollars, which I told her was from her friend; this last she returned, saying she could not accept it and would obtain help from her father. In the fall of 1866 I went to Mr. McElrath to apply for a position for Mr. McFarland. Received a letter from Mrs. Richardson on February 21st.

Witness was about to state the contents of the letter, but was prevented by counsel.

Q. Were you aware of Mrs. McFarland's intention to leave her husband before you received that letter?

Mr. Graham objected to this mode of examination, and said the witness should not be allowed to do away with the effect of her written sentiments by any oral testimony.

Judge Davis thought he should be permitted to show that this letter was the effect of a state of facts which the letter of Mrs. McFarland showed. Mrs. Sinclair required some redress, and the court, as it had so kindly permitted Mrs. Runkel to exculpate herself, would act with the same courtesy towards Mrs. Sinclair.

Mr. Graham replied that the prosecution felt the letters read to be a very sore point, and sought to swear them down. But he would read these letters to the jury, and ask them to construe them as they would. Nothing had been said against this witness unless what appeared in her own letters. He had never said anything in this trial that he was not willing to stand by, and which he would show he was justified in using. The prosecution had lately been trying to clear the character of those parties who had been arraigned before the eyes of the public, and had lost sight altogether of the conviction of the prisoner.

The Recorder said that considering all the facts in the case, and believing it right that this witness should justify herself, he would allow the question.

Witness—I did not know anything about it.

To Mr. Graham—I first saw Richardson in the fall of '65, at my house. My husband invited him. Mrs. McFarland was acquainted with Richardson then. I have read the intercepted letter. Both Richardson and Mrs. McFarland were at my house together, after March 9th, '67. My husband invited them. They were never in my house together after that. I never saw the intercepted letter until it was published. I do not know anything about the letter. When they visited my house I should have received them just the same if I had. I do not consider there was anything wrong in it.

Mr. Graham—You are familiar with intercepted letter reading. Would you have received Richardson in your house if you had seen it?

Witness—I do not see anything in it to make me do otherwise. I do not know of my own knowledge that the readings at Mrs. Cleveland's house were for the benefit of Mrs. McFarland. The first time any charge was made at those readings was at my own house, in the spring of '62. I was not ever very pleasant toward Mr. McFarland; am not now. I do not now feel specially unfriendly to him; I am not friendly to him. I have some recollection of McFarland going to New Hampshire for Mr. Neeley and Mr. Sinclair; I do not know on what business, or whether it was on business that McFarland was away. When I went to see his wife during her illness at Amity street, I do not know that McFarland was unwilling his wife should receive a hundred dollars I gave her. When I heard of her engagement with Richardson, I approved of it.

Junius Henry Browne testified: I knew Richardson for ten years; was with him in the South two years in the war and two in prison; he was the most intimate friend I had. During the last three summers of his life he had his chin shaven; he never wore his beard long. I was present at No. 22 Amity street the night before the first shooting. The night Richardson returned from Hartford I had been to the theatre for Mrs. McFarland six or eight times. Richardson came in about half an hour after we returned. The door in the hall was partially ajar. I heard the turning of a key in the door, and he came up and knocked at the door. I shook hands with him and after a little while I went away. I remember an occasion during the last days of November, 1867, at the Astor House. When Richardson was sitting there the prisoner came in in a rather excited and threatening manner. Coming directly to Richardson, Richardson eyed him calmly; he turned away and looked out of the window, and shortly after went away. This is the only occasion on which I remember meeting him. Oh, I do remember: the first time I ever knew prisoner by sight was in Richardson's room, when he came to the door and knocked, and Richardson went out in the hall, and they had talk together, not excited or I should have heard it. This was a few days after the separation.

To Mr. Graham—I lived in Cincinnati about twenty years. I suppose I knew Richardson about six years there. Richardson was not there all that time. He was then connected with the *Tribune.* I never knew him to carry a pistol after the war. I heard of the shooting in November last, and joined him at the Astor House, within, I suppose, twenty minutes after. I did not have his night key the night before the shooting. I think he did not give it to me before he went to Hartford.

Q. Mr. Brown, do you believe in a Supreme Being?

Mr. Brown—Yes.

Q. Do you believe in a system of rewards and punishments?

Mr. Brown—Not according to the Calvinistic doctrine. I do believe in a system of compensations.

Q. Do you believe there is any other consequence of the violation of an oath than the loss of respect?

Mr. Brown—I believe that a man who would tell a lie under oath would be more or less unhappy hereafter.

Q. Tell me what consequence you attach to the violation of an oath?

Mr. Brown—Loss of respect, loss of honor, spiritual degradation. I believe in the Bible. I believe in the divine character of it, but that there are errors in it.

Q. In what part of it do you believe it as divine?

Mr. Brown—If you give me a week I will write an essay on the subject for your especial benefit.

The Recorder here interfered.

Q. In what part of divine authority do you believe?

Mr. Browne—If counsel will read to me the bible, chapter and verses, I will tell him. I believe in its general scope and general standing. I believe that God is wise, just and good, and that false swearers will be punished.

Cross-examination continued: I know Amos J. Cummings; am quite confident I did not tell him Richardson carried a pistol. I told him my impression was Richardson did not shoot McFarland, because he feared to hurt others in the office. I was in the police court the morning after the shooting. Saw Mr. Runkle there. Did not hear him address the Judge. Did not see him whisper to the Judge.

After recess Mr. Davis offered to read two letters from Mr. McFarland, proved yesterday by Mrs. Sage. The first letter asks ten dollars from Mr. Sage, complaining that his business (gas business) had not gone ahead. The letter was dated Oct. 5, '66. Next letter, from McFarland to his wife, dated New York, Nov. 20, '59, incloses ten dollars, stating he had trouble in getting money, was sick and was treating himself hydropathically. He says he did not think when he married her that he should ever be angry with her, and would willingly die that night to wipe out scenes since his marriage. He protests most earnestly his love for her and says if she could see his every thought she would forgive him his paroxisms of excitement.

Mr. Davis then offered an article in the *Educational Monthly*, to which Mr. Graham objected, saying they had evidence which would probably dispense with that article. It was agreed it should be introduced at a later period.

Mr. Davis here offered the testimony of Albert D. Richardson, taken in the *habeas corpus* proceedings before Mr. Nones.

Mr. Graham objected and Mr. Davis claimed that having been read to McFarland, they were entitled to show it. The Court said if he could show it was read over to him by Mr. Nones, he would admit the deposition and give them until to-morrow to produce proof of this. The testimony was then closed on the part of the prosecution.

The defence then offered eighteen persons as witnesses, several of whom testified as to the uniform love and kindness of McFarland for his family, and that his habits were regular, intoxicating liquor not being used in excess by him.

Adjourned.

PERSONAL JOURNALISM.

John Russell Young says in his *Standard:* "Dana opens the war again upon our return to the press, and we propose to accept it. And since his record as an editor shows him to be a coward and a spy, and his course in the *Sun* that of a simple pirate, making war upon society, we propose so to deal with him. We should prefer peace, but do not shrink from war. We ask no quarter from this buccaneer, and shall do our best to demonstrate to the world the infamy of his life. There can never be encouragement for scholarly writing and elevated journalism so long as men like Dana are permitted to war upon mankind."

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Chamber of Commerce celebrates its one hundred and second anniversary to-morrow.

President Grant has pardoned John D. McHenry, convicted of perjury in May, 1869.

The steamer China, for Europe, took $85,000.

Col. Wm. Wilson has resigned his position as Inspector of Customs.

It is reported that ex-Marshal Francis C. Barlow is to succeed District Attorney Pierrepont, July 1st.

The arguments in the suit of James Fisk, Jr., against the Union Pacific Railroad will be renewed to-morrow before Judge Nelson.

The wife of John Brougham died yesterday.

Mayor Kalbfleisch, of Brooklyn, is dangerously ill with Bright's disease of the kidneys.

The recently published story that Ex-collector Bailey is in Ohio is pronounced untrue.

The trial of Rev. C. B. Smythe terminated in his acknowledgment of his fault, with extenuating circumstances, and the administration of a reprimand by the Presbytery.

XLIST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

[By Telegraph to the Pittsbugh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 4, 1870.

SENATE.

The House concurrent resolution for adjournment *sine die* July 4th was discussed, a motion to table it having been rejected—15 to 14—until the expiration of the morning hour, when it went over.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the joint resolution to amend the act of April 20th, 1870, relative to deficiencies for carrying out reconstruction laws. Passed.

The calendar was taken up and bills passed as follows:

To aid the construction of the Oregon branch of the Pacific R. R.

Authorizing the Southern Minnesota Railroad to connect the line with the Southern Pacific R. R.

For the relief of pre-emption settlers in Nebraska.

The joint resolution donating condemned cannon to the McPherson Monument Association was passed.

Mr. CONKLING introduced a bill to incorporate the International Society of the United States for the protection of immigration. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

The following bills also passed:

House joint resolution to pay the widow of the late Gen. Rawlins one year's salary as Secretary of War.

To allow the settlement of accounts of disbursing officers of the army and navy.

To define the intent of the act to allow deputy collectors of internal revenue acting as collectors of internal revenue pay as such.

House bill to amend the bankrupt act, relating to its operations in territories.

At 3:30 the calendar was completed, when Mr. HARLAN moved to take up the bill for the sale of the Great and Little Osage Indian reservations, and the removal of Indians to the Indian Territory.

Messrs. RAMSEY and HOWE insisted upon proceeding with the special order, the Franking bill.

Mr. Harlan's motion prevailed, but pending the consideration of the bill, the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. MORGAN presented additional petitions asking Congress to abolish the National banks, to redeem the bonds deposited by them as securities, issue $500,000,000 in treasury notes; and make the same receivable in payment of custom dues and all taxes collected by the Federal Government, and to pay off $340,000,000 of the bonded debt.

Mr. WELLS, from Com. on decline of American Commerce, reported a bill authorizing mail steamship service from New Orleans monthly to Tampico, Vera Cruz, Tobasco, Sisal and Havana. Recommitted.

Mr. LAWRENCE offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for all reports made by Brevet Major General Terry relating to Georgia, not already communicated to Congress. Adopted.

Mr. BECK asked leave to offer a resolution reciting allegations that Gen. Terry is causing citizens of Georgia to be arrested and to be tried before his military subordinates for violations of the laws of Georgia, refusing to allow them the benefit of *habeas corpus* or trial by jury in civil courts, and requesting the President to state by what authority such things are done.

Mr. SHANKS and others objected.

Mr. BECK—Then I call the regular order of business, and give notice I will object to everything out of order from now until the 4th of July.

The report of the Conference Committee on Census bill was agreed to.

The Civil Service bill came up as business of the morning hour, was discussed by Messrs. Finkelnburg and Cobb, of North Carolina, in its favor, and Messrs. Maynard, Peters, Bingham and Payne in opposition, and went over till to-morrow.

The Tariff bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole, the pending paragraph being that relative to steel railway bars.

After spending an hour and a half over the paragraph, it was agreed to, as follows: On steel railway bars two cents per pound, and on all railway bars made partly of steel one and one-half cents per pound, and on metal converted into cast steel, or made from iron by the Bessemer or pneumatic process, of whatever form or description thirty-six dollars per ton.

The next paragraph was amended to read: On steel wire, whether rolled or drawn, and wire of which steel shall be a component part of chief value, of more than one-fourth inch in diameter and not less than No. 13 wire gauge, two and one-half cents per pound and twenty per cent. *ad valorem,* finer than No. 3 wire gauge, three cents per pound and twenty per cent. *ad valorem;* provided, that steel wire for strings of piano fortes and other musical instruments, and steel wire covered with silk, cotton or other textile material, shall pay in addition twenty-five per cent. *ad valorem;* and provided further, that all steel in coils, not more than three-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, or square, coated with zinc or other material, or not so coated, shall pay the same duty as steel wire.

The paragraph relating to steel railway frogs, &c., was amended by reducing the duty from three and a fourth to two and a half cents per pound.

The paragraph taxing steel car wheels three and a half cents was reduced to three cents per pound. The Committee rose and the House adjourned.

MEMPHIS.

General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, May 4.—The General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South assembled in the Cumberland Presbyterian Church at nine o'clock this morning. The attendance was very large. Among those present were Bishops Andrews, the presiding officer, Kavanaugh, Pierce, Paine, Marain, Daggett and Wightman, and Drs. Keener, Seechen, Mancey, and many other distinguished divines. The Conference was called to order by Bishop Payne, of Mississippi. After prayer by Bishop Kavanaugh, and the reading of the lesson, the roll was called by Dr. Somers, Secretary, when the following Conferences responded: Baltimore, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, South Georgia, North Georgia, Florida, Montgomery, Mobile, Louisiana, Mississippi, Memphis, Tennessee, Holston, Kentucky, Painesville, St. Louis, Missouri, Arkansas, Little Rock, Indian Mission, Texas, East Texas, Trinity, Southwestern Texas, Western Texas, Columbia, Pacific, Illinois, the whole number of delegates being two hundred and forty-six, of whom one hundred and sixty-seven were present. Dr. Summers, of Nashville, was reelected Secretary, and Dr. John S. Martin and Messrs. Wichersham, of Arkansas, and Lester, of Georgia, Assistant Secretaries.

The rules of the last General Conference were read, and numerous amendments offered and discussed at considerable length, and finally, with an amendment requiring a majority of two-thirds to decide a question, readoption.

On motion the following standing committees were ordered to be filled by members of each annual Conference: Episcopacy, Itinerancy, Books and Periodicals, Revivals, Sunday Schools, Religious Interests and Colored People.

Bishop McTyeine, from the select committee appointed at the last Conference on the rearrangement of discipline, submitted a report, which was adopted, after which the Conference adjourned till to-morrow.

A large number of delegates arrived this afternoon.

CINCINNATI.

Railroad Directors' Organization—Bar Meeting—National Saengerfest—Letter from Bishop Kingsley, Written Two Days before His Death—Industrial Exhibition.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, May 4.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad to-day, S. S. L'Hommedieu was elected President, D. McLaren Vice President and General Superintendent, F. H. Short Secretary and Treasurer. The remainder of the officers are the same as last year.

A large meeting of the Cincinnati Bar was held this morning to take action in regard to the death of Adam N. Riddle. Speeches were made by prominent members and appropriate resolutions adopted.

The frame work of the building for the approaching National Sængerfest is going forward rapidly. Everything indicates the complete success of the great festival.

The *Christian Advocate* to-day received a long letter for publication from Bishop Kingsley, dated two days before his death. This is later information than has been received from his own hand and indicates that he died of very sudden illness. The letter is one of the best the Bishop has written. It dwells specially on the wants of the present system of foreign missions and expresses the belief that the hope of the mission is in the native missionaries. He recommends the organization of one conference each in India and China of native ministers.

The joint committee of the Cincinnati Industrial Exposition held a meeting to-day, to devise ways and means for an exhibition. The large Sængerfest building will be used, and thirty thousand dollars will be raised to defray expenses.

Upper Rivers.

[By A. & P. Telegraph.]

BROWNSVILLE, May 4.—River falling slowly, with five feet of water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer sixty-nine degrees at 6 P. M.

GREENSBORO, May 4.—River falling slowly, with four feet eight inches of water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer seventy-three degrees at 6 P. M.

MORGANTOWN, May 4.—River stationary, with thirty inches of water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer seventy-five degreess at 4 P. M.

OIL CITY, May 4.—River at a stand, with eighteen inches of water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer eighty degrees at 6 P. M.

The British Red River Expedition.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TORONTO, May 4.—Preparations for the expedition to Red River continue. Large quantities of military stores are being dispatched to Collingwood and Fort William. Volunteers are arriving in large numbers and garrisoned at Crystal Palace, where they will undergo a severe course of drill.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

The Funding Bill—Republican Caucus—Annexation of Dominica—The Expected Indian War—Red Cloud Permitted to Visit the Capital—Southern Trans-Continental Railroad—American Medical Association—Nominations.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 4, 1870.

ITS PROBABLE FATE.

Secretary Boutwell is of the opinion that the Funding Bill will ultimately go to a Conference Committee, and that four and a half per cent. will be agreed upon for the rate of interest as a compromise between the Senate and House. With regard to the compulsory section, it is very evident from the strength of the Western members it would be defeated, even should the Ways and Means Committee report favorably upon it. The chances are that a compromise will be agreed upon, relieving banks of the tax upon their circulation and deposits, which they say would enable them to bank on a four and a half per cent. bond.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Senator Morton, who is regarded as the leading party man of the Senate, has prepared a call for a caucus of the Republican members of the two Houses, to be held either this week or the beginning of next. It is already signed by all the Republican Senators, and is now receiving the signatures of the members of the House. The main object proposed by the caucus is to make arrangements for the fall campaign, and appoint a committee of the two Houses to look after the interests of the party in the several States, but especially in the South. The general policy to be pursued by the party in its nominating conventions, it is said, will be mapped out at this meeting. How far the tariff bill will be allowed to enter into the campaign, as a party issue, will be decided. The indications are that a lively contest will take place on this question, between the New England and Middle States on the one hand, and the South and West on the other. One of the objects of Senator Morton is to get the Republican Congressmen in caucus so as to harmonize the conflicting factions.

ARMY GAZETTE.

Brevet Brigadier General D. B. Comstock has been relieved at his own request on duty on the staff of the General of the Army and ordered to Detroit, succeeding Gen. Reynolds in charge of the survey of the Northern and Northwestern Lakes.

General Warren, upon being relieved by Col. Macomb of the charge of the improvements on the Upper Mississippi, etc., is ordered to Newport, R. I., to relieve Colonel Merrill in charge of the improvements on Lake Michigan. The latter is ordered to Pittsburgh in charge of the improvements on the Ohio river.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Barlow is ordered to duty on General Sheridan's staff.

Major Burnham is ordered to Keokuk, Iowa, reporting to General Wilson, and Capt. Wm. A. Jones is assigned to the staff of General Augur.

DOMINICAN ANNEXATION.

The President, in conversation on the Dominican treaty, yesterday, stated that the objectionable features of the treaty which met with opposition in the Senate could now be arranged so as to remove the obstacles in the way of ratification. He also stated that the doubt in regard to the amount of the indebtedness of the Dominican Government was arranged, and is shown to be within $1,500,000. Much embarrassment is experienced by the Administration in the delay of the Senate to act. An effort will be made to have the question brought up next week.

THE INDIANS—SHERIDAN AT THE FRONT.

Gen. Sherman yesterday received dispatches from General Sheridan informing him that the Indians have taken possession of several of the small forts near Fort Sully, and made prisoners of their garrisons. Gen. Sheridan has again started for the front, and this time will go as far as Fort Sully. There now seems to be no doubt but that the Indians mean mischief.

SOUTHERN TRANS-CONTINENTAL RAILROAD.

At a meeting of the Sub-Committee of Seven of the House Committee on Pacific Railroads, this evening, resolutions were adopted favoring the construction of a railroad on the 32nd parallel to the Pacific Ocean, and for giving the franchise to the Southern Trans-Continental Railroad Company. Details of the bill granting franchise are left for the future consideration and action of the general Committee.

ALLOWED TO COME.

Red Cloud, Chief, and twelve other principal men of the Sioux Indians, having applied for permission to come to Washington to see the President in relation to their present condition, a telegram was sent from the War Department to their country to-day, granting the request, and instructing the Indian Agent to make the necessary arrangements.

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

The American Medical Association to-day debated at length a proposition requiring an examination as to knowledge of Latin and Greek before admitting students of medicine. The motion to admit the District of Columbia delegates was defeated—142 to 104.

NOMINATIONS.

The following nominations were sent to the Senate to-day: Thos. J. Harrison, Marshal Middle District, of Tennessee; Wm. McLennan, U. S. Attorney, Nebraska; Postmaster, Joseph A. Wheelock, St. Paul, Minnesota.

THE INDIANS.

Herd of Stock Driven off—The Hills of Wyoming Swarming with Savages—General Sheridan En-Route to the Scene of Trouble—Military Preparations.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SOUTH PASS, May 4.—A party of about three hundred Indians came in near Atlantic City this morning and drove off a herd of stock. Major Gordon's company of cavalry followed them and brought back all the stock. Everybody here is well pleased with the conduct of the soldiers. Colonel Anthony, just come in from Atlantic, says the hills are full of Indians. A large party were seen below here this morning.

CHICAGO, May 4—General Sheridan and several members of his staff left Chicago to-day for Salt Lake City and other points in the far west, intending to make a thorough investigation of the Indian affairs in Wyoming, Montana, and other territories. The party will be absent about two months.

The military authorities will conduct the threatened Brule Sioux war with the utmost vigor, and have nearly completed the preparations for the expected trouble. The number of available troops in the Department of Dakota is about 4,000. This force is considered ample to cope with the 10,000 Brules, but will be augumented if necessary. It has not been decided who shall take immediate command of these forces. Gen. Stanley is at present in command of the Middle District, the scene of the troubles.

CONNECTICUT.

Meeting of the Legislature—Inauguration of Gov. English—His Message.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW HAVEN, May 4.—The Connecticut Legislature assembled to-day. Lafayette S. Foster was chosen Speaker of the House and Edward Harland President of the Senate, both Republicans.

Governor English was inaugurated to-day. His message recommends a convention for the revision of the State Constitution, in order to facilitate the operation of the Fifteenth Amendment, though he expresses the belief that its claimed ratification by several of the States was accomplished by chicanery and force, and that it is revolutionary in that it commits to the absolute control of the General Government the right to vote in every State. Still the forms of law have been complied with, and it has been proclaimed as organic law. He also recommends that the Legislature express its opinion that a general amnesty for merely political offenders should be forthwith proclaimed.

The financial condition of the State continues encouraging. During the year the public debt was reduced $346,000.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Lost in a Balloon—Fearful Occurrence, Probably!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., May 4.—Yesterday evening the following note was dropped from a balloon high in the air, moving in a south-easterly direction, near Montpelier, Blackford county, this State. It was fastened to a loose piece of wood and iron weighing about one and a half pounds:

"Sailed from Toronto, April 28th, for New York. Met with adverse winds, and by a sudden movement of the balloon Mr. Lagrange was thrown out, I suppose, as near as I could determine, over the southern part of Michigan. Not knowing how to manage the ship, it has been tossed to and fro in all directions since he fell out. I am alone and no earthly power can save me. I drop these lines, hoping some human will find them and communicate to my parents the tidings of my melancholy fate. To heaven, to heaven, I commit my soul. Please send them this note—Ralph Lawrence, Upper Canada. BERTHA LAWRENCE."

PHILADELPHIA.

Railroad Companies Distrained for Taxes—Firemen's Row—Dry Goods Store Robbed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Deputy Collector Kerns this morning, pending the argument as to the power of the Internal Revenue Department to collect taxes, &c., for 1870, served the usual distraining notice upon the Philadelphia and Reading, Philadelphia and Trenton, Harrisburg, Lancaster and Mt. Joy, Lake Superior and Michigan Railroad Companies and other roads.

The Moyamensing Hose Company attacked the Hibernia Engine Company at Tenth and Walnut streets, on the way to a fire to-day. Several men were severely beaten.

The dry goods store of Melloy & Cooper, Tenth street, was robbed this morning of sixty pieces of silk valued at $8,000.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Political Excitement in France—The Conspiracy Against the State—Two Thousand Arrests Made—Female Suffrage in England—Orangemen's Disturbance in Ireland.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 4.—Much incredulity is felt here in regard to the last conspiracy discovered by the French Government. A writer in the evening edition of the *Times* cites precedents justifying the doubts which prevail.

Advices from Rome represent the successive diplomatic protests against the Papal programme have powerfully reinforced the numbers and power of the opposition in the Council. The convocation now in session here is occupied mainly with the subject of ritualism. The discussions possess little general interest.

In the Commons to-night, Jacob Bright, after presenting a petition for Female Suffrage, moved the second reading of the bill removing disabilities of women with regard to voting. He said if the bill was adopted, there would be but one female to nine male votes. Mr. Sykes, from the fact that the petition had nearly 100,000 signatures, inferred the movers were in earnest. Mr. Scourfield moved the previous question. He saw no proof that women demanded the privilege craved for them. Mr. G. S. Jenkinson was unable to see why women like Miss Coutts should not vote. Mr. Muntz referred to the case of a woman who had an income of eighty thousand pounds and could not vote, while her groom and gardener could.

Mr. Bruce thought the instance of the Queen inappropriate, unless offices as well as votes were given to women. The House divided on the proposition, Shall the question be now put, and it was adopted, 124 to 91. The announcement of the result was received with cheering.

DUBLIN, May 4.—A procession of nine hundred Orangemen, while passing through the Catholic quarter of the town of Lurgan, with drums and offensive banners, was attacked by the police and dispersed. The police it is alleged used swords, but no casualties are reported.

HULL, May 4.—A fire last evening in the sawing mill near the harbor extended to a lumber yard and the shipping. Several vessels were badly damaged; none American; loss £25,000.

FRANCE.

MARSEILLES, May 4.—The chiefs of the International Association of Workmen in this city have been arrested. The police also captured a prominent person here who escaped from Paris.

PARIS, May 4.—Several gens d'armes were injured during the riot at St. Quentin yesterday. Many more arrests have been made of persons believed to be implicated in the plot. Roussel, at whose house the bombs were found, is not yet apprehended.

It is reported great military precautions are being taken. The *Journal Officiel* and *Siecle* warn the people of Paris to keep quiet.

It is asserted that M. Thiers will issue a manifesto advising Frenchmen to vote "no" on the plebiscitum.

The Emperor's proclamation has been distributed throughout the country and is now in the hands of every voter.

The committee in favor of the plebiscitum have issued a last address to the electors, declaring they must put aside by a strong vote the irreconcilable minority, which resorts in its opposition to the government to all means, even conspiracy, bombs and infernal machines. The manifesto concludes as follows: "You must go to the polls next Sunday and vote as in 1848, with banners flying and shouting 'vive Napoleon.' If you desire liberty, order, stability, prosperity, you must vote for the plebiscitum."

The medical students made another demonstration against Dr. Tardien as he was leaving the college to-day.

Arrests of members of the International Society have been made at Lyons, Strasbourg and Rouen. It is estimated that over two thousand persons have been arrested since Saturday.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, May 4.—The Parliament of Zollverein altered the duty on rice to fifteen silver goschens per one hundred pounds, but refuse to make any reduction in coffee.

Great indignation exists here against the Committee of the Stock Exchange for warning the public against the recently issued American railroad securities. The premature and ill considered action of the Committee causes much inconvenience, especially as official brokers and share lists have since refused to quote the securities.

DENMARK.

COPENHAGEN, May 4.—The President of the Council of Ministers yesterday informed the Folkthing that communications from Washington to the Danish Government had just been received, explaining the delay in the ratification of the treaty for the purchase of St. Thomas, and would be promptly submitted to the delegates for their action.

GREECE.

ATHENS, May 4.—A conference of ambassadors of the Protectorate Powers was held here to consider the recent outrages by brigands, without result. Russia supports Greece in her position relative to affairs.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, May 4.—The North American arrived out to-day.

QUEENSTOWN, May 4.—Arrived out, the steamers City of Washington, France, Union and Atlantic.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, May 4.—*Evening.*—Consols: for money, 94; account, 94⅛. American securities quiet: '62, 88¾; '65, 88; '67, 90. Ten-Forties 85¾. Eries, 18¾; Illinois, 112; Atlantic and Great Western, 27¾. Stocks quiet and steady.

FRANKFORT, May 4.—Bonds active at 95 @95⅛.

PARIS, May 4.—Bourse firm at 74 francs, 82 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, May 4.—Cotton dull, with middling uplands at 10⅞d and Orleans at 11⅛ @11¼d; sales 10,000 bales. California white wheat 9s 6d@9s 7d; red western No. 2, 8s 2d; winter 8s 10d@8s 11d. Western flour 20s. Corn: No. 2 mixed 29s. Oats 2s 5d. Barley 5s. Peas 36s 6d. Pork firmer but not higher; sales at 100s. Beef 111s. Lard 69s 6d. Cheese 75. Bacon 58s for Cumberland cut and 63s 6d for short rib middles. Petroleum: refined 1s 5½d. Turpentine 29s 9d.

LONDON, May 2.—Tallow 44s 3d. Linseed Oil firmer at 32s. Sugar dull but steady. Turpentine easier at 30s@30s 6d.

ANTWERP, May 4.—Cotton quiet and steady at 53½.

BREMEN, May 4.—Petroleum firm at 6 thalers 51 groats

HAMBURG, May 4.—Petroleum quiet.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The cable expedition arrived at Santiago de Cuba on the 29th ult.

—John Morrissey will soon resign his place as Congressman, on account of ill-health.

—The annual report of the Presbyterian Board of Missions shows a debt of about $40,000.

—Charges against Collector Grinnell, at New York, brought by prominent business men, are being investigated.

—The cotton mill of Brewster, McCre& Co., at Chester, Pa., was burned on Tuesday. Loss $60,000; partly insured.

—John M. Secrist & Co., one of the oldest grain and whisky commission houses of Cincinnati, made an assignment yesterday.

—The stockholders of the Susquehanna Railroad Company have refused to ratify the lease of the road to the Delaware and Audson Canal Company.

—The German Saloonkeepers' Society of the United States are now holding their second National Convention in Chicgo. Bernard Eith, of Cincinnati, is President.

—In the Massachusetts Legislature a bill has been reported to incorporate the Grand Lodge of the Knights of St. Crispin, with leave to hold not over $100,000 in real estate.

—The New Jersey, Hudson and Delaware, New Jersey, Western and Sussex Railroad Companies have been consolidated under the title of New Jersey and Midland Railway Company.

—Judge Bayard, of the New York Court of Oyer and Terminer, charged the grand jury to indict all organized bodies of vagabonds, loafers and thieves infesting the city, known as prize fighters.

—The National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will meet at Washington city on the 11th inst. It is expected every department of the Order will be represented with a full delegation.

—Complaint has been made in a St. Louis court that Joe Coburn, the pugilist, robbed G. W. Hilton and Bill Macbeth of $720. Coburn is in Mobile, and it is expected a requisition will be sent after him.

—The city of Trenton, N. J., is without a police force, the time for which the old force was appointed having expired. The Common Council being tied, has failed to organize and no new force has been appointed.

—Catharine McNeil, a young woman just from Ireland, and her uncle, Edward Noyce, were run over by a train on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, in East St. Louis, Tuesday night. The former was killed and the latter severely injured.

—Bishop's factory, at Newark, New Jersey, occupied by William Belmy, manufacturer of brass and albata ware, and various other parties for the manufacture of edge tools, was burned Tuesday night, involving a loss estimated at $250,000.

—A man was found dead near Columbus, Ohio, yesterday, lying upon his face, and held in his right hand a silver mounted pistol. He was well dressed. The circumstances indicate he was killed in duel. Four men were seen in the locality, and but three came away.

—A shooting affray occurred in New Orleans, Tuesday night, between John Barrett, local reporter on the *Picayune*, and ex-special police officer Smith. The former was slightly, and the latter dangerously wounded. A stray bullet struck another ex-policeman named Diepert, dangerously wounding him.

—Yellow Sun and three other Pawnee Indians, convicted some time since in the United States District Court at Omaha, of the murder of Edward McMurty, are to be tried again by the State authorities, Judge Dillon having rendered a decision that the Court trying them had no jurisdiction. In case they are not demanded of the U. S. Marshal in twenty days, they will be handed over to the Indian Agent.

Billiard Congress at San Francisco.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—The Billiard Congress commences in this city to-day for the championship of the Pacific coast. A champion cue, two feet in length, of solid silver inlaid, the butt gold quartz, the point a moss agate, and handsomely engraved, has been ordered for the occasion by Deery and Little. There are only five entries yet, Gates, Little, Kalding, Wright and McLeary.

—The will of the late Jno. C. Baldwin, of Orange, New Jersey, who, previous to his death, gave half a million to Christian institutions, bequeaths to the American Tract Society, American and Foreign Christian Union and New York City Mission Society, $8,000 each; American Board of Foreign Missions and Presbyterian Committee of Foreign Missions, $10,000 each; besides donations to the building fund of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church; Wabash College, Indiana; Hamilton College, New York; Williams' College, Massachusetts, and Middlebury College, Vermont, and others.

—Rev. Charles B. Smythe, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Eleventh street, New York, was tried in the First United Presbyterian Presbytery, for bringing scandal on the church by inviting reporters to lunch and drinking gin and milk in a common restaurant on the Sabbath day. Mr. Smythe admitted the charge, but plead nervous exhaustion in excuse for drinking gin and milk. Rev. Drs. Harper and Armstrong made strong speeches against him, and the report on the case was to be rendered yesterday.

—Anthony Scheiner, who was convicted of the murder of Jos. A. Christian on the 18th of August last, in Mount Sterling, Ill., and was sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary, committed suicide on Monday, leaving a long confession that he alone was engaged in the murder, and that James Dane, convicted on the same charge, had nothing to do with it.

—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company yesterday, at Cleveland, the following officers were elected: Horace F. Clark, President; Augustus Schell, Vice President; James H. Barker, Treasurer; Geo. B. Eli, Secretary and Assistant Treasurer; C. P. Leland, Auditor.

—Captain Gift, agent of the Mississippi Valley Immigration Society of Planters, has just returned from Hong Kong, China, where he engaged two hundred and fifty Chinese laborers for Southern plantations. They are now *en route* via the Cape of Good Hope, and are expected to arrive at New Orleans this month.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS DUQUESNE GREYS,
May 4, 1870.

☞ A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE First, Second and Third Companies will be held in the Armory, on FRIDAY EVENING, the 6th inst., at seven and a half o'clock.

By order of the commanding officer,
J. J. ALBEITZ, Secretary.
my5

☞ NOTICE.—There will be a regular meeting of HENRY LAMBERT LODGE, No. 475, I. O. O. F., at their hall, corner Fifth avenue and Pride street, on FRIDAY EVENING, May 6th, 1870. All of the members are earnestly requested to attend, as business of importance will be brought before the Lodge.

THOS. J. BLAKE, N. G.
W. B. EVANS, Secretary. my5:w51

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, May 4th, 1870.

☞ THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. (6) on the Capital Stock out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 12th inst., free of all taxes.

my5:w50 JOS. LAURENT, Cashier.

ON FRANKSTOWN ROAD, May 2d, 1870.—Taken up, ONE DARK BROWN MARE, about 15 hands high. Enquire of Lieut. LOYD, at Deputy Mayor Cartwright's office, East Liberty. my5

NOTICE.

JOHN THEISEN,
Tavern,
12th ward.

The License Board will hear the above application on SATURDAY, May 7th, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.

my5:w49 JOSEPH BROWNE, Clerk.

BEAUTIFUL LOTS ON BUTLER STREET and ST. MARY'S AVENUE, in 17th ward, Lawrenceville. SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 7th, at 3 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, in 17th ward, (Lawrenceville) near the Cemetery, on the corner of Butler street and St. Mary's avenue, or 45th street, the following handsomely situated and very valuable Lots.

1 Lot 25 feet front on Butler street and 153 feet in depth, along 45th street, to a 20 feet alley.

3 adjoining lots, each 25 feet front on Butler street, and 153 feet in depth to a 20 feet alley.

Also, that large lot in immediate rear of above, being 45 feet 6 inches front on St. Mary's avenue and 112 feet in depth to a 15 feet alley, the lot being 68 feet in width at rear. There is a small brick house on the lot.

TERMS—One-half cash, balance in one and two years, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

A. McILWAINE,
my 5 Auctioneer.

OPENING.

On FRIDAY, the 6th inst., we will have our second opening of

SUMMER
Bonnets and Hats.
ALSO, ALL THE NOVELTIES IN THE
NOTION AND TRIMMING
LINE.
KITCHEN & BEGGS,
122 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.
my5:w47

BUY THE GENUINE.
CLARK'S
"O. N. T."
SPOOL COTTON.
GEO. A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
Sold Everywhere.
my4-w36

Mrs. S. C. Robb,
NO. 91 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY.

Being determined not to carry over any Winter Goods, will positively sell, below cost, for the next thirty days.

BONNETS,
HATS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS,
FEATHERS,
FRAMES,
LACE COLLARS,
LACE HANDKERCHIEFS,
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS,
PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,
KID GLOVES,
CORSETS,
LADIES' HOSE,
CHILDREN'S HOSE,
CLUNEY LACE EDGINGS,
LADIES' UNDERWEAR,
LADIES' APRONS,
NEW STYLE MOHAIR
SWITCHES and CHIGNONS,
HAIR NETTS,
&c., &c., &c.,

All persons wishing bargains, please call before purchasing at No. 91 FEDERAL STREET.
fe26:TTHS

C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

GEORGE I. TROUPE,
Silk Hats,

Wholesale and Retail, No. 65 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. Old Hats renovated and remodeled to present style, blocked and repaired. Hats fitted by the American Comforter. All orders promptly attended to. ap29:w48

T. D. EVANS,
ARCHITECT,
No. 42 FIFTH AVENUE. Plans and specifications prepared with care for all kinds of buildings.

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS,
COAL BOXES,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at
P. C. DUFFY'S,
ja29:14 146 Grant street.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between J. T. Glass and Chas. A. Large, doing business under the firm of J. T. Glass & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. T. GLASS,
CHAS. A. LARGE.
PITTSBURGH, April 20, 1870. ap30:w21

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
Commercial and Family Newspaper
PUBLISHED IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

No farmer, mechanic, or merchant should be without it.

TERMS:
Single subscribers.......$1.50
Clubs of five.......1.25
Clubs of ten.......1.15

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a Club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as agents. Address,

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

☞ *NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTS.

WANTED.—A purchaser for a TOBACCO STORE. Good location and doing well. For terms, apply at 77 OHIO STREET, Allegheny City, between the hours of 6 and 9 P. M.

WANTED.—A Good Milliner. Apply immediately at W. J. KELLY & CO., No. 66 Ohio street, Allegheny. 5-4

WANTED.—A Lady experienced in making Pants, to assist a journeyman. Apply at E. HOUSTON & CO., corner 5th ave. and Cherry alley.

WANTED.—An Unfurnished Room, suitable for a bed-room, in Allegheny, with Gas. Address R. M., Box 621. 5-3

WANTED.—ROOM—Furnished or Unfurnished, with privilege of bath-room; must be within five minutes' walk of St. Charles Hotel. Address Q, St. Charles Hotel. 5-3

WANTED.—An active and responsible man to take the agency of a prominent Life Insurance Company for Allegheny county. Address, with references, STACY A. PAXON, 323 Walnut street, Philadelphia. 5-3

WANTED.—Situation as Clerk by a single gentleman of good education, having an extensive acquaintance in both cities and country, and no aversion to work. Would take a small interest. Can give good references. Address Box 527, Pittsburgh, Pa. 5-3

WANTED.—A good second-hand COTTAGE PRESS. Address G. T. B., GAZETTE Office.

WANTED.—500 BARRELS of SOUR CIDER. Apply at the Eclipse Vinegar Works, No. 98 Fifth avenue Extension.
C. E. OWENS.

WANTED.—3 Rollers, 3 Hookers-in, 3 men for farm work, 3 boys for country, to work in vineyard. Also girls for all work for city and country. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth Street.

WANTED.—MORTGAGES.

$30,000 to Loan in large or small amounts, at a fair rate of interest.
THOMAS K. PETTY,
Bill, Bond and Real Estate Broker,
No. 179 Smithfield street.

WANTED.—TO RENT.—A House of 5 or 6 rooms, with a large yard. Must be in a good neighborhood, in either city, or on line of some Railroad. Any one having such can hear of good tenant with a small family, by applying to or addressing CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. 5-4

WANTED.—Everybody to call at 184 LIBERTY STREET, and examine the DUNDERDALE APPARATUS for making gas. County rights for sale. 5-4

WANTED.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned for ONE MILLION AND A HALF OF HARD BRICK for tunnel work, to be delivered, 260,000 per month on cars, between Saw Mill Run and Birmingham. Also, sand sufficient for laying the same.
OWENS & MOONEY,
ap29 Forbes street, Soho.

WANTED.—MORTGAGES.
Thirty Thousand Dollars to Loan

In large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest.
CHARLES JEREMY,
Real Estate Agent,
68 Grant street.

WANTED.—Bonds and Mortgages. 1 for $20,000, having 3 years to run. 1 for $9,000, having 3 years to run. 1 for $6,000, having 3 years to run. 1 for $5,000, 2 years to run. 1 for $3,500, having 3 years to run. 1 for $2,500, having 3 years to run. 1 for $2,000, having 3 years to run. 1 for $1,500, having 3 years to run. 1 for $1,000, having 3 years to run. 1 for $500, having 3 years to run. On city or county property. Apply to
B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth Ave.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—To-Let, with boarding, a second story FRONT ROOM. Also, AN OFFICE, at 103 Fourth avenue. 5-5

BOARDING.—A number of Gentlemen can be furnished with boarding and Rooms if desired, pleasantly located, at No. 20 ANDERSON STREET, near Hand street bridge, Allegheny City.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—TWO WELL FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOMS, No. 43 Resacca street, near the Park, Allegheny. A good chance for four gentlemen wishing rooms in a pleasant location. Inquire of E. H. SUTMEYER, 127 Federal street, Allegheny. 5-3:tf

TO LET.—The Three Story Brick WAREHOUSE in Church alley, rear of No. 180 Wood street, formerly occupied by Wm. Mundorf & Co., as a Broom Manufactory. Inquire of
WATT, LANG & CO.
2-8 No. 172 and 174 Wood street.

TO LET.—Brick House of 7 Rooms, Hall, Gas, Hot and Cold Water, Large Yard, newly papered and painted, situate No. 149 Market street, Sixth ward, Allegheny.
Also, BRICK HOUSE of 6 Rooms, No. 138 Middle alley, near Sampson street, Second ward, Allegheny. Apply to W. F. PRICE,
ap19 21 Diamond, Allegheny.

TO LET.—COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—Part of the well known property of W. McClintock, on the Perrysville Plank Road, within 15 minutes' walk of City Hall, Allegheny. The house is two storied, containing 9 rooms; and is new, comfortable and of elegant architecture, and is supplied with all modern improvements. Also carriage house and stabling for horses and cows. The grounds are beautifully laid out, and are covered with fine forest trees, rendering it truly a country residence with all the advantages of being very convenient to the city, and from its location is one of the most healthy locations in this section. For particulars, inquire of OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO., Fifth avenue. ap19-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Valuable Farm, underlaid with a 6 feet vein of Coal. Good buildings. All improved. Price, $12,000. S. H. NULL & BROS., McKean's old stand, Westmoreland Co., Pa. 5-4

FOR SALE.—Engine of Four Horse power in running order. Will be sold low. Apply to W. P. PRICE, 32 Ohio street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—Frame House, Two Rooms. Lot 30x100 feet. Price $700. T. R. SILL & SON, corner of Penn and Twenty-third streets.

FOR SALE.—A One Horse Spring WAGON. Apply at the shop of I. & T. J. MUNDEN, Wagon Makers and Blacksmiths, No. 47 North Alley, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—Manufacturing Site.—We have for sale a very desirable location for manufacturing purposes; would be a rare chance for a Tannery, it having been formerly used for that purpose. There are 28 good vats and out-houses, and some machinery. Lot 110x130 feet; fronting on two streets and near Valley Road, in the Fifteenth ward. T. R. SILL & SON, corner of Penn and Thirty-third street.

FOR SALE.—A Large Amount of very desirable property, improved and unimproved, in the various wards of the city, all of which we offer at great bargains. On Smallman street, Twelfth ward, two handsome building lots, 24x120 feet each. Some fine substantial dwellings have lately been built in the immediate vicinity of these lots. We offer them at a bargain if called for soon. T. R. SILL & SON, corner Penn and Thirty-third streets.

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, New and Second Hand, of all kinds, constantly on hand.

Orders from all parts of the country promptly attended to.
JAMES HILL & CO.,
Corner Marion Avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. W.,
Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE.—BUILDING LOTS IN ALLEGHENY CITY.—I offer for sale the most delightful building lots situated in the Second ward, Allegheny, on Perrysville Plank Road and Observatory avenue, adjoining the Observatory grounds. These Lots are part of five and one-half (5½) acres. A plan of these Lots can be seen at my store, No. 83 WOOD STREET. The plan has also been recorded. Each Lot is a front lot, fronting on Perrysville road or Observatory avenue; size, 24 feet wide by 131 deep. The lots opposite the residence of Washington and Walter McClintock, Esqs., are 24 by 175 feet. Most of the Lots are sold. Five dwellings have been erected and occupied. Persons desirous to leave the low grounds and smoky cities can here find an opportunity. The locality is one of the finest in the two cities, and but four minutes' walk from the head of Beaver street; a board walk leads to the premises. The great beauty of scenery and surroundings are delightful.

Terms easy; prices low. Enquire of
GEO. F. DIHM,
No. 83 Wood street, Pittsburgh, or No. 80 River Avenue, Allegheny city. 3-5

VALUABLE SWISSVALE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Twenty acres of choice land, in good location, near the Railroad, between Edgewood and Swissvale Stations; would divide well into one or two acre lots. Also, a neat two story house of six rooms and cellar, and one or three acres of level land, in pleasant location, a short distance from the Station. Also, a SAW MILL, in running order, tools, laths, etc., dwelling house and three acres of ground. For particulars, apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON,
my3 39 Sixth avenue.

MONEY TO LOAN.—By arrangements just effected with Eastern and home capitalists, we are enabled to buy or negotiate first-class mortgages on good city or suburban improved property in large or small sums, at fair rates and at short notice. T. R. SILL & SON, corner of Penn and Thirty-third streets.

NOTICE.—The Books for the subSCRIPTION of Stock of the
Crystal Spring Ice Manufacturing
and Storage Company,

Are now opened at the Mechanics' Savings Bank, No. 75 SMITHFIELD STREET. This Company is chartered by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, and has the exclusive right of Manufacturing Ice in the County of Allegheny by Carre's celebrated French Patent.
JAMES BLACKMORE, President.

FISH, FISH.
Fresh Lake Herring;
" White Fish;
No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel—all sized pkgs;
Labrador Mackerel;
Round Herring;
Cod Fish; at
WATT, LANG & CO.'S,
fe8 No. 172 and 174 Wood St.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1870.

BONDS in Frankfort, 95a95¼.

PETROLEUM in Antwerp, 53¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 114¼.

AN adjournment of Congress on the 4th of July has been voted by the House. The resolution will sleep for the present in the Senate.

THE first appointment of a colored man to office yet made in Pennsylvania is now to be chronicled. The Governor has commissioned one of our new electors as a Notary Public in Philadelphia.

THE Lecture Committee of the Cleveland Library Association report a losing season. They made just $3 by Hall and his Esquimaux, and lost, by every other lecture on their list, a net sum of $786.01. General Apathy is held responsible, as usual.

ONE of the victims of the Richmond disaster was a Republican member of the State Legislature. Ten years ago, a Virginia newspaper would have spoken of him, in the phrase still fashionable with the Pennsylvania Democracy, as a "nigger." But times have changed in the Old Dominion, as may be inferred from the annexed paragraph taken from a Richmond journal of last week:

> "Poor Bland, the colored member from Prince Edward, who was killed by the dreadful accident on Wednesday last, had, by his straightforward, manly and independent course, attracted the respect and confidence of both races. Had he lived, he would doubtless have been the foremost man of his race in the State. He was a man of excellent natural parts, and availed himself of every opportunity of self-improvement. His good sense, good principles, and sound and elevated views of public duty, were conspicuously displayed whenever he was brought before the public. His death is as much deplored by the white people of the State as it is by those of his own race."

REPRESENTATIVE "REPUBLICANS."

The correspondent of a Chicago paper was one of the small party of "influential Republican politicians and journalists" who resolved in favor of revenue and financial reforms, at Washington, the other day. Upon his authority we have the following list of the names of the reformers:

> "The public councils were represented by Messrs. *James Brooks* of New York, Burton S. Cook of Illinois, John B. Hay of Illinois, Samuel S. Marshall, Joel F. Asper of Missouri, Gustavus A. Finkelnberg of Missouri, William B. Allison of Iowa, *M. C. Kerr* of Indiana, Horatio Burchard of Illinois, *S. S. Cox* of New York, ex-Secretary McCulloch of the Treasury, and David A. Wells. It was in honor of Mr. Wells, indeed, that the banquet was given and therefore one or two persons named took part in the affair, rather because of their admiration for the distinguished guest than because of their being yet absolutely committed to extreme views on commercial matters. The press was represented by Mr. Grosvenor of the Missouri *Democrat*; Gov. Hawley of the Hartford *Courant*; Mr. Nordoff of the New York *Evening Post*; Horace White and the subscriber of the Chicago *Tribune*; Donn Piatt of the Cincinnati *Commercial*; Mr. Gookin of the New York "Nation"; Messrs. Chas. Francis Adams and Henry B. Adams, literary contributors to the "North American Review"; and Mr. Moore of the *World*."

REDUCING THE INTEREST.

It is so far from being true, that the Senate Funding Bill is wholly disapproved by the House Committee of Ways and Means, to which it was referred weeks ago, that the latest and most reliable information from the Committee-room points quite the other way. The Committee may not report this week, or even the next, and great pains are taken to exclude all advices, of its progress on the bill, from the public. Yet, it has transpired that the Committee are fully in accord with the Secretary, and that the bill is likely to be made even more satisfactory, in its terms, to that officer, than as it passed the other branch of Congress. For what other reply could the Committee, can the country, make to his unequivocal and most important declaration that, if authorized by Congress, he *can* and *will*, during the present year, refund at least five hundred millions of the present debt into bonds bearing at least one and probably one and a half per cent. less of interest? If he is willing to assume the risk of saving seven or eight millions annually—and perhaps more—to the treasury, there will not be many Representatives who will refuse to him the needful authority.

It is, moreover, very probable that no five per cent. bonds will be authorized in the bill when reported back to the House. The four per cent. issue will also be discarded from the programme, and a straight rate of four and a half fixed for the entire new issue. It is also anticipated that the greenback redemption clause will be struck out, and that the compulsory exchange of their six per cents for the new bonds will still be required from the banks, but with some fresh concessions in the matter of taxes.

—In effect, it begins to be admitted, on all hands, that the Secretary will carry his points, and secure, at least from the House Committee, just about such a bill as he desires. And no other result would be so completely defensible.

EYRE AND ROWAN.

The proceedings of a Naval Court of Inquiry, held by our officers at Yokohama, to investigate the Oneida case, have been laid before Congress. The report confirms all the statements heretofore familiar to the public. But one paragraph is especially deserving of serious attention. We quote:

> The Court at this point observe, however, with deep pain that the Oneida lost her gig by the collision; that her dingey boat had been broken some time before sailing, and that during a typhoon some months previous she had lost her two largest and most serviceable boats, thus leaving her in an hour of supreme distress with but two boats to save her people. Had the Oneida replaced her boats and gone to sea with her full complement of them it is morally certain that many more valuable lives would have been saved.

Here is a constructive effort to slur over one of the two most serious questions growing out of this shocking occurrence. The misconduct of the Captain of the Bombay is very clearly set forth by the Court. That meets one of the questions fully. The other relates to the proper equipment of the Oneida, when sent to sea for a hundred days' voyage around the world. With death, imminent and inevitable, staring him in the face, Captain WILLIAMS said: "I know we have not boats enough by half. *I asked for more, but was refused them.*" The Court admits the inadequate equipment; that it had been known for months; and that, with a full complement of boats, many more lives would have been saved. By whose manipulation, under what influence, is this scandalous attempt made to shift the responsibility from the superior authority,—the senior officer who had refused a reasonable request, and who is therefore morally responsible, jointly with Eyre, for all the horrible consequences,—to the shoulders of Captain Williams himself?

Is there not one Senator, or Representative, who will, in the name of all those dead victims, demand a rigid scrutiny upon this issue?

Did Capt. Williams make the startling declaration which the witnesses have put in his mouth? There can be no doubt that he did. Was that declaration a truth or a lie?

It is known that Admiral Rowan was the senior officer on that station. If the Captain of the Oneida has not borne false witness, he did make the formal application for the boats which would have saved himself and his comrades, he made it to Admiral Rowan, and that officer disregarded it.

Shall the memory of poor Williams, and of his one hundred and fourteen fellow victims, be suffered to fade away either with the blot of deliberate falsehood upon his dying lips, or appealing in vain to the just indignation of his countrymen?

Granted that the Court of Inquiry does not attempt to slur over the question—and we must then admit that the issue is presented directly to the country. It puts two officers on trial—Captain Williams dead, and Admiral Rowan living, —and one can only be acquitted of censure at the expense of the other. The survivor has friends and influence, perhaps enough to shield him. Has the dead officer left none to insist upon the vindication of his honor? Is there no true friend of the service who, for its permanent good, will demand that this grave question shall be cleared up? Have none of those one hundred and fifteen brave men, whom the sinking Oneida has entombed, left a living friend, some citizen, to appeal to the justice of their countrymen, to the judgment of humanity?

If Captain WILLIAMS did not lie, his blood, the life of his comrade STEWART, of all who perished, is on the hands of Rowan as well as upon Eyre's. Shall their dying appeals remain unheeded? Not unless it proves shamefully true that neither Senator nor Representative can be found to uphold the plain duty of the country to its *murdered* seamen.

OUR GERMAN PRESS.

The *Freiheit's Freund* says the English are a crafty, shop-keeping people, who rarely try to gain a desired object by force, when they have a powerful opponent, but are, on the contrary, thoroughly acquainted with every trick and stratagem, so that to meet them successfully, one must be guarded and ready at all points. The proposed plan of the Canadian government for marching around the Sault St. Mary Canal, through which only empty boats are to be sent, called forth these remarks, as well as the conclusion that the United States should no more allow empty than full boats, for this confessedly warlike purpose, to use the said canal, thus forcing the Dominion troops to expend part of their blood-thirstiness upon the long and severe march which would then become necessary. This paper also reprints two long editorials, one from the Philadelphia *Freien Presse*, objecting to the proposed substitution of the Roman letters for the Gothic, which are now generally used in German publications; and the other from the New York *Staats Zeitung*, upon the "North German Condition and Prospects," from which we learn that the present parliament has done worse than nothing for the people or their free institutions, speaking much, but never coming to action,—doing always, when doing at all, the opposite of what is the wish of the people.

The *Volksblatt* admires the craft of Napoleon, and predicts that the result of his present manœuver will be to once more give to Imperialism the apparent sanction of the people by a popular vote. It thinks the active partisanship of the clergy proves that the reports of misunderstanding between the Pope and the Emperor have been more or less without foundation. The recently discovered conspiracy it regards as rather an awkward piece of effect, which will be taken at its worth amongst the more intelligent portion of the people, but calculated to do good service among the masses of the country people.

General Butler is next regarded as a candidate for the Presidency, with Russell Young's *Standard*, as his organ, and these-curity of the colored vote. Of his ability, the *Volksblatt* has no doubt; but it does not feel so sure of his honesty, finding that he jumps too easily from one extreme to the other, and believing him capable, as President, of doing all sorts of foolish things, merely to make himself a great name, and not calculated to bring peace to the country. But the leading article treats of the North Pacific Railroad, which it regards as a noble project, worthy of national support, at least at first. This article is too long for us even to synopsize. Our epitome, it seems, has thus far not found favor in the eyes of the *Volksblatt*, nor is our translation regarded as fair—facts which it is scarcely necessary to state we regret. For two or three days we have not received our usual copies of the *Republikaner*.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

OUR COUNTY COMMITTEE.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please allow a Republican friend to inquire of the Chairman of our Executive Committee whether it is not getting to be nearly, or quite, time to call this Committee together, to consider and decide upon the preliminaries of the approaching canvass.

Respectfully yours,
ALLEGHENY.

San Domingo.

The city of Santo Domingo is about the best laid out town in the West Indies. Most of the houses are substantially built of brick or composition, and many are very commodious. There are in some quarters of the city "bohios," or wooden houses, thatched with palm; the streets are sufficiently wide, running at right angles, and are kept clean. There are to be seen the ruins of a number of large public edifices, the most interesting of which is the Franciscan Monastery. The city contains the oldest cathedral in America, and a number of large churches. There are extensive military quarters built by the Spaniards. The population within the walls is estimated at about eight thousand; the town of San Carlos, outside the city gates, a suburb, is computed at about a thousand. Within the city there are dwellings sufficient to accommodate thirty thousand souls. The city generally is very healthy. This may be attributable to the small population and its reduced commerce. The anchorage within the Ozama river is perfectly secure, the depth of the bar admitting vessels from eleven to twelve feet. The rainy season is from May to November, when it showers every day or two, but the streets dry in a few hours, the rain making but slight impression on this heated soil.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

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THE Minneapolis *Tribune* of Friday says: "An engineering party starts on Monday next from St Paul, on an expedition of some importance, if the rumors that hang around it have foundation in fact. The party is of the same general composition as that which traversed the pains on the Government surveys last summer, under the command of Major Twining. It will be commanded this year by D. P. Heap, Captain of Engineers, with Capt S. H. King, of this city, who accompanied the expedition last summer, as general superintendent of the details. The objects are threefold; first, to run the international boundary line from Pembina west; second, to lay out a military reservation; and third, to establish upon the same a military post with sufficient facilities to allow of its garrison and supply of a large number of troops. Two companies of infantry will accompany the party, who will remain at the established post, build a fort, garrison and hold the same as a sort of point for government observations. This fort will be located on Pembina river, near Pembina. It is thought that one of the objects of the establishment of the fort there is to have an eye upon Canadian movements, and, if necessary, to aid in preserving a strict American neutrality. There are already in the Department of Dakota three regiments of infantry and a battalion of cavalry—enough more will be stationed at different points to prevent complications on the part of the United States with affairs across the line.

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EFFORTS to belittle the iron interest of the United States, begun by Revenue Commissioner Wells in his annual report, have been systematically continued by all the free trade writers and speakers. Thus one writer speaks of the value of the iron and steel made in the country, and the manufactures thereof, as only $119,950,000, whereas the true value, as carefully estimated by the American Iron and Steel Association, is *seven hundred and fifty millions of dollars a year!* This is six times the amount stated by the Free Trader.

M. & M. BANK.

A Brief Sketch of Its Past History—Its Organization and First Officers—The New Building, Present Management, etc., etc.

It is perhaps more fitting that the GAZETTE, above any of its neighbors, should take pleasure in reverting to times gone past, and record the progress, growth and increasing prosperity of our city, inasmuch as nothing exists here, in this year of grace, 1870, save what nature originally afforded, which was in past history contemporary with itself. A faithful guard, born amidst a few log cabins, it has stood watch four score years and four, and has witnessed the gradual expansion of a village destined to be great into greatness. It has shared in the joys and sorrows of a people long since called away from life; has encouraged buds of enterprises now blooming in full flowers of success; has universally cherished and protected local interests, watched over and encouraged the industries, and battled for that proud place among the great cities of the world that Pittsburgh has already attained. Long ways down through decades of years flown into the dark past, the GAZETTE reaches, and yet its mission is not yet accomplished. Faithfully it is expected to keep sight of those enterprises encouraged and sustained in infancy, to record our local history, and struggle for a greater and higher place for our city and its institutions. Therefore it is with pleasure that we to-day mark an event in the history of one of our oldest banking organizations—the MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK—an institution which has been in flourishing existence over the third of a century, and which has taken possession of a new home, reared on the site of the old one round which so many pleasing associations were clustered. In the demolition of the old and solid building, erected so many years ago, and with the history of which were connected the names of so many estimable citizens who have passed into eternity, many of our old citizens felt a pang of sadness creep upon them, and whispered to themselves,

PASSING AWAY.

"Passing away, all the old land marks passing away." And so time shall ever rule. The things of to-day will have their morrow when they too shall pass away. The old bank in which business was first commenced was erected by the late Thomas Scott, Esq., on an original plan prepared by him. A photograph of the building has been preserved, not only on account of the associations connected with itself but likewise in commemoration of the architect and builders' long connection with the bank, as its chief officer, during the period of greatest success. But the monument reared where the old pile stood is worthy the place and speaks volumes in commendation of the business enterprise and liberality of the present managers of the bank.

EARLY HISTORY.

Previous to venturing any description of the house it may please our readers, especially those who have watched the progress of the bank in its infancy, to present a few scraps of its local history compiled from memory and from data in our possession. In 1832 the charter was received from the Legislature, but the organization was not completed until June, 1833. The first sale of stock, as well as the preliminary meetings to effect an organization, was held at the "Exchange House," (now St. Clair hotel.) When the books were opened our old friend, Bernard Burns, Esq., was the first to subscribe his name, and legend says that he refused to sell the position of honor enjoyed by his signature for a cool hundred dollars. Mr. B. still resides in the city. At the recent opening and banquet occasion of the bank, no stockholder was more welcome and none enjoyed the dinner better, or had more relish for the fragrant cigars.

THE FIRST DIRECTORS.

Elected were Michael Tiernan, Esq., Isaac Lightner, Trevanion B. Dallas, Jacob Forsyth, George A. Cook, J. H. Shoenberger, Fred'k Lorenz, Samuel Church, Thos. Scott, F. G. Bailey, Dr. Samuel Smith, Thomas S. Clarke and Samuel Fahnestock. Of these but three are now living, their colleagues all having passed from life to death. Messrs. Shoenberger, Dr. Smith and Bailey are the sole survivors of the Board of thirteen which held its first meeting on the 4th day of June, 1833.

Mr. Tiernan was chosen President. He was then at the head of one of the most extensive dry goods jobbing houses that ever had existence in this city. He was a dignified gentleman, a shrewd business man and able financier, and under his management as much as to any other was due the early success and firm foundation of the bank.

Hon. T. B. Dallas was an eminent jurist widely known, respected and appreciated. He merited and received honors from the legal fraternity and sustained a bright record in the walks of public and private life. Within full view from our sanctum window rest his remains and the spot is marked by a proud shaft erected by contemporary lawyers in honor of his worth in the old Trinity church yard.

Isaac Lightner was of the firm of Kingsland, Lightner & Co., whose foundry site is now occupied by the Custom House and New City Hall. We remember no one among our business men of those days who possessed so large a share of personal magnetism. He was generous, high-minded and honorable, esteemed by all that knew him. He encountered severe reverses here, and repaired to St. Louis where, with the aid of his friends, he was in a fair way of retreiving his fortune when he sickened and died deeply lamented by hosts of friends.

Jacob Forsythe was one of the oldest and most extensive commission and forwarding merchants, who, by reason of heavy losses, became much crippled in his affairs but by perseverance and energy had before his death accumulated a second handsome fortune.

Thos. S. Clark was, like Mr. Forsythe, an extensive commission and forwarding merchant of the House of McKee, Clark & Co. afterwards Clark & Thaw. Like Mr. Forsythe he was prostrated by the reverses of 1837 to '40, but again retreived himself. Mr. Clark was surpassed by none of his contemporaries in shrewdness and sagacity. It was always a pleasure to consult him; he was sure to see all the possible and probable phases of any projected adventure and to impart excellent advices. He possessed fine administrative qualities, as was evinced in the large fortune of which he died possessed, made wholly out of a business originated by himself and carried forward by his firm.

George A. Cook, elder brother of Mr. Jacob W. Cook, of the Allegheny Bank, was a gentleman of much enterprise and of very agreeable presence and manners. He was one of our principal brokers.

Frederick Lorenz was one of our best known and most estimable citizens. Extensively engaged in the manufacture of glass, and was noted for his exemplary Christian benevolence.

Samuel Church was, in these olden times, distinguished for his indomitable energy in business. During the days of his activity no merchant could compare with him in the extent of business he would do or in his popularity with his customers. We never knew a merchant, unless Isaac Harris was an exception, who was so determined to please and be popular with his patrons. He would sometimes literally buy for cash and sell at six months' credit, without profit, rather than let his customer go elsewhere for any article he dealt in.

Samuel Fahnestock had recently established himself in the hardware business in the house since replaced by the banking house of Ph. R. Mertz. He was the first of our hardware dealers that imported supplies direct from England. We made his acquaintance soon after his coming, and were wont to admire him for his gentle and genial manners as well as for his complete knowledge of mercantile affairs. Mr. F. died but a few months ago after a protracted sickness, lamented by many warm friends.

Thomas Scott succeeded Mr. Tiernan in the presidency of the bank, which position he filled for a number of years, during which time the bank stood high in the estimation of the whole community, as well as yielding good dividends to its stockholders. Mr. Scott resigned the office but a short time before his death. He died as he had lived, a man of the strictest integrity.

The remaining members of the original board, now living, are too well known to our citizens to require any mention here.

OFFICERS.

James Correy, the first cashier, had held the same office for several years in the branch of the United States Bank, in this city, and resigned to accept the cashiership of a Philadelphia bank, and subsequently went to a like office in a bank at Nashville, where, if living, he now resides. The first chief clerk was Jesse Carothers, who succeeded Mr. Correy as cashier, and afterwards engaged in mercantile business here and was more recently a banker in California. We believe he is still living.

The assistant clerk, William James, Jr., Teller, Jas. Robinson, Runner and Watch, John L. Sands, are all dead.

THE BUILDING COMMITTEE.

A building on Second avenue, previously occupied by the United States Branch Bank, was at first temporary rented and occupied, and a committee on building a new house on a site to be purchased, consisting of Messrs. Shoenberger, Scott & Smith, was appointed. Numerous sites were offered, and that of the present new building was purchased, although ground could have been bought at two thousand dollars less on Fifth avenue, below Wood street. The old building was erected and continuously occupied for thirty five years, and during that time the names of many of our best citizens appear on the records of the bank as having been directors, a number of whom are still living and among the best friends of the old institution.

THE NEW BUILDING.

In point of beauty, the new building will compare favorably with any in the State. The front is simply grand. It is of a fine quality of cut sandstone, with elaborate and classical ornamentations, pleasing to the eye and in no particular at variance with the most exquisite architectural taste. The building has sixty feet front on Fourth avenue and is seventy feet high. It is fire-proof throughout, from cellar to garret, and it is stout and substantial enough to stand for ages. The entrance to the bank is approached by a flight of stone steps of easy and graceful ascent, into a broad corridor richly adorned with tesselated Italian marble floors, elegant oil frescoed walls and ceilings, and heavy walnut cases, brackets and trimmings. The street entrance certainly promises well for the still grander main interior. We pass on through heavy double doors of walnut, pannelled with plate glass of the most costly quality, and find ourselves within a smaller area tiled and furnished in same style as the corridor, and through another pair of massive walnut doors, pannelled with plate glass, we catch a glimpse of the banking room, and pushing open the doors which are so delicately hung that they seem to yield to the slightest touch, we find ourselves in the main chamber or banking room.

THE INTERIOR

Has an effect of grandeur which is difficult to describe, and we must confine ourselves simply to giving its dimensions, style, arrangements and the skill and taste taste which are so well displayed here. The area of this room is 41x40 feet, the heighth 40 feet. Its style is mixed, being composed of Corinthian and Gothic, the gothic being confined to the windows and arches, which are heavily groined to support the massive corrugated iron roof and double sky light. The side windows are 30 feet in heighth and framed with solid walnut, with pannels of ash, cased and panneled to the marble floor, with heavy walnut basis. The pilasters, twenty-four in number, are surmounted with a heavy corinthian capital, richly ornamented. At each side of the entrance rise heavy casings of walnut, beautifully panneled with ash and capped with brackets, which support a broken arch of the same material. On each side of this main room are offsets, forming enclosures for check rooms. A massive cabinet in the center of the banking room, formed of solid walnut, elaborately carved and pannelled, and covered with moulded marble, forms the enclosure where the business of the bank is to be transacted. On top of this the counter is built, ornamental casings of walnut, richly covered with columns, with backets and glass pannels of crystaline transparency, through which may be seen the busy clerks and piles of attractive coin and currency. At the back of this enclosure is the entrance to the vault, which appears to be in point of solidity not only a regular fire but a burglar defying structure. Composed as it is of steel and iron and enormous brick and stone wall, built in the latest and most approved manner. Little hopes can be entertained by the skillful burglar of any reward for the exercise of his genius in his direction. Giving a hasty glance at the perfect arrangements of the enclosure and the finish and embellishments of the front of the vault we pass again through massive walnut doors into the Cashier's and President's rooms on each side of the vault, and in the rear of these are other rooms for various purposes, and fire proof enclosures with heavy iron doors for the safety of books and papers belonging to the bank or its depositors. All the doors and windows whichever way we turn are of walnut, and of the finest workmanship. The walls are beautifully frescoed in oil, of exquisite light reflecting tints. A passage at the rear and side of the vault, separating rooms containing water closets &c., leads to the foot of a winding stairway leading to the upper rooms in the rear of the banking room. These also display fine workmanship in the carpentry, painting and decorations. They are furnished with marble mantels and are comfortably lighted and ventilated. Through a door, from a hall at the head of the stairway, we pass out on the roof of the vault and find a grand space the whole width of the banking room, and guarded on the open side by a richly carved walnut balustrade; this space or open room is intended for meetings of directors, elections and the general business of the institution; from this point we get a view of the whole arrangement of the bank. The effect of the architecture here is very striking and grand. The rich finish of the doors and windows contrasting with the delicate tints of the walls—the gothic pannelling of the recesses in the arches—the rich ornamental bordering beside the pilasters and on the faces of the grand arches—the heavy corinthian capitals and the long lines of the pilasters and windows leading the eye far below to the rich cabinet work, and marble floors, casings and doors, make up a scene which reminds us of the grand interiors of some of the churches and palaces of Europe.

Returning to the first floor and passing through the President's room to the west side of the banking room, we find another long passage or hall, well lighted and laid with marble, finished with walnut and frescoed. This leads to the rear entrance upon the Diamond, and is connected with the large new building in the rear, fronting the Diamond, which is to be rented as a store. The depth of this building is sixty feet, width twenty-two feet. The basement is already rented to an experienced restauranteur. A private entrance leads to large and well lighted stories above, suitable for business or manufacturing purposes.

The design of this building is by Hobbs & Son, of Philadelphia, and the work has all been executed by Pittsburgh mechanics and artists. Harrison Bro's were the builders of the foundation walls, and the front and all the cut stone work was by John L. L. Knox; the brick work by Logan & Rush; construction and carpentry by Smith, Crisswell & Co.; plastering by Krider Bro's; marble work by Olnhausen & McIntyre; marble counter by Beggs & Linsay; painting and glazing by Wm. Lee; stucco work and frescoing by Isaac Broome; plate glass furnished by J. J. Gillespie & Co.; iron roof by Wm. B. Scafe; vault by Burke & Barnes; plumbing and gas fitting by Jarvis Halpin & Co.; iron girders by Union Rolling Mills, and tin roof by Stevenson & Co. The whole of the work was under the direction and supervision of Thos. Aiken. While everything has been done so well, it seems invidious in us to select out any of the artists for special mention, and yet we desire to state that too much credit cannot be awarded John R. Knox, a mason who stands high in the art, for the excellent workmanship of the front. The carpentry, by the well known firm of Smith, Crisswell & Co., exhibits much good taste and cleverness of execution, while the brick work by Logan & Rush fully sustains their reputations as skillful mechanics. The marble work is of exquisite beauty, and not only exhibits good taste, but masterly execution. It was done by Olnhausen & McIntyre, and the counters by Beggs & Lindsey. The frescoing and stucco work present as fine specimens of the art as we have in the city, and reflect great credit to Mr. Broome, the artist, who ranks high among the first sculptors and painters of the country. The substantial vault is another evidence of the abilities of Burke & Barnes in their line of trade. They lead the country in the styles and quality of their manufactures. Jarvis, Halpin & Co., plumbers and gas fitters, fully sustain their record as finished mechanics, and all the other tradesmen and mechanics fully did their whole duty. Mr. Thomas Aiken, who had charge of the erection, slighted no trivial detail, and the massive edifice, so thorough and complete, speaks loudly in his praise as a supervisor in building.

The excellence of the work, as well as the taste displayed is unsurpassed by any in this country, and is certainly a fine tribute to the genius and skill of the mechanics of our smoky city—the knowledge and judgment displayed here, gives ample evidence that the lustre so often bedimmed by our smoky atmosphere has not affected the brilliant chambers of the intellect, and that the principles of the Industrial and the Fine Arts are as well studied and understood in this great bee hive of industry as in any other manufacturing centre in the world. Wealth has not been slow to see and appreciate that the great future of this manufacturing centre has already commenced, and that the mighty demands surely find their compliment in the strong thought and skillful hands of our workmen.

THE Oil City *Times*, in its review of the oil business for the month of April, says:

The total sales for the month of April, on Oil Creek, its tributaries, and on the Allegheny river, amount to 325,000 barrels, the amount being estimated from the sales of each day as they have been communicated to the press. This is a decrease from the sales of the month previous of 29,000 barrels, as near as can be estimated without the actual figures. It is impossible for us to give the actual number of sales, as buyers often purchase on private terms, both as to the number of barrels and the price. It would seem that the production for April would be an increase over March on account of quite a large number of heavy strikes having been made, but the number of wells which have fallen off in production will nearly, if not quite, offset the new strikes, making the comparison between the production of the two months about the same, but if either month is favored, it is the last.

The numerous sales during the last two weeks in April, particularly on the Lower Road, have exhausted the supply, the production being far behind the amount disposed of. At Rouseville, at the close of March, there was no oil stored in tanks, and the large amount of oil sold from that point during April is the production of April, the average daily productions of the farms which pipe their oil to that point being about 385 barrels, making a total production for the month of about 12,900 barrels. Nearly or quite all of this oil has been sold during April and there are less contracts for future delivery at this point thany any other, as producers have preferred to hold their oil at their own risk, being confident that all "futures" were offers which would be below the market at the time of delivery.

FOUND DROWNED,

But was identified by having his clothing marked with

Kidder's Raven Indelible Ink,

Warranted of superior quality for marking LINEN SILK, COTTON, &c., &c., with a common quill or steel pen. Flows freely, never blots or spreads on any material. Marks a permanent brilliant black. Sold only at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
Drug Store and Family Medical Depot,
corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Sts.

AN OLD FALLACY EXPLODED.

Thirty or forty years ago, it was the fashion to administer powerful purgatives as "spring medicines." Terrific doses of salts and senna, calomel, and jalap, or glauber salts were given to all the members of a family, whether sick or well, by way of preparing them for the warm weather in prospect. This pernicious custom is nearly obsolete, but there are some old Bourbons of private life, incapable alike of forgetting anything, or learning anything, who obstinately cling to it still. Nothing could be more pernicious, more utterly unphilosophical, than such an onslaught on the vigor and elasticity of the system. In order to enable the physical structures to resist the enervating effects of spring damps and summer heats, it should be toned and reinforced, not relaxed and weakened. The best medicine agent for this purpose is Hostetters Stomach Bitters. Its effect is to tone the stomach and liver, gently relieve the bowels from obstructions, brace the nerves, improve the quality of the blood, stimulate the appetite and cheer the spirits. In this improved condition the organization is capable of resisting unhealthy influences which would prostrate an enfeebled system. A vigorous digestion is absolutely essential to health, and there is no danger of the stomach faltering or failing in its important office if this general vegetable elixir is taken regularly as a stomachic. None of the tonic tinctures or extracts will supply the place of the Bitters, for the simple reason that they operate as astringents only. In fact, in ordinary practice, five or six prescriptions would be required to produce separately, the beneficial results, which are effected simultaneously, and harmoniously by this single specific.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

SPECTACLES.
THE EYE.

Dr. FRANKS, the celebrated Lecturer on the Eye, and Manufacturer of Patent and Improved Spectacles, has returned to Pittsburgh, and is now at the ST. CLAIR HOTEL, where he adjusts his far-famed Spectacles to defective vision from an examination of the eye alone, so as to suit equally well by day as by artificial light without fatigue, from 15 to 25 years. Dr. F. may be professionally consulted on all diseases of the Human Eye, and has a large stock of his Spectacles and Eye Glasses for sale. About 4,000 pairs of these Spectacles were sold on Dr. Franks last visit in the space of three months, giving the most entire satisfaction to all, as the medical gentlemen and citizens of Pittsburgh have by certificate testified.

☞ Be particular and enquire at the Ladies' entrance on Penn street for Dr. Franks office, ROOM 22 St. Clair Hotel. ap15:STTH

MILITARY HALL.
Grand Opening!
On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 4th and 5th inst.
Capt. Gallisaith,

The VETERAN SOLDIER, will open his new house, at No. 69 Diamond alley, with a

FREE LUNCH AND BOCK BEER,

From Gangswich Brewery. All friends and comrades are invited to keep step to the music and halt at No. 69 DIAMOND ALLEY and be refreshed.
By order of the Captain. my3:w36

CAUTION!

The subscribers beg leave to caution Photographers against a person representing himself as an agent of their house. They have never sent any traveler among Photographers to solicit orders, their business as Manufacturing Chemists being confined to the wholesale trade in cities as much as practicable.

POWERS & WEIGHTMAN.
PHILADELPHIA, April 19th, 1870. my3:w27

CANE POLES.

I have a fine assortment of Cane Poles left over from last year, which I offer at a very low price. Parties wanting should order early, so as to insure their orders being filled.

JAMES BOWN,
ap21 136 Wood Street.

FLUTING MACHINES.

The best and cheapest Fluting Machines in the market. Price $6.50 each machine. Call and see them at

JAMES BOWN'S,
ap21 136 Wood Street.

PINCHING IRONS.

I have just received an assortment of Pinching Irons, an article used very much in the east by the ladies for curling their hair. For sale by

JAMES BOWN,
ap21 136 Wood Street.

BUTCHERS, TAKE NOTICE!

I have the finest assortment of Circular Spring Balances, with glass sash and enameled fronts, complete in every part and warranted, for sale.

JAMES BOWN,
ap21 136 Wood Street.

NEW BURLINGTON HERRING.—10 boxes Mitchell's celebrated Burlington Herring, the first of the season; also fresh smoked Salmon, just received and for sale by the box or at retail, at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
my3 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOAN
of the
Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Co.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad

Is completed and running from RICHMOND, VA., to the celebrated WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in West Virginia, 227 miles. It is being rapidly extended to the Ohio river, 200 miles further making in all 427 miles.

In its progress Westward, it penetrates and opens up to market the WONDERFUL COAL DEPOSITS OF THE KANAWHA REGION IN WEST VIRGINIA. And thus brings the superior and abundant Coals of that section into communication with the IRON ORES OF VIRGINIA AND OHIO, and the WESTERN, SOUTH WESTERN AND EASTERN MARKETS.

When completed it will connect the SUPERIOR HARBOR FACILITIES OF THE CHESAPEAKE BAY with reliable navigation on the Ohio river, and thus with the ENTIRE SYSTEM OF RAILROAD AND WATER TRANSPORTATION OF THE GREAT WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

It will make a SHORT, EASY, CHEAP and FAVORABLE ROUTE from the WEST to the SEA and will command a LARGE SHARE OF THE ENORMOUS FREIGHTS seeking transportation to the coast.

It will thus become one of the most IMPORTANT AND PROFITABLE EAST AND WEST TRUNK LINES OF RAILROAD in the country, and command a trade of immense value.

The completed portion of the Road is doing a PROFITABLE AND INCREASING BUSINESS, and is fully equal in value to the whole amount of the mortgage upon the entire Line—($15,000,000.)

The loan of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, being a FIRST MORTGAGE UPON THE ENTIRE LINE, PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENTS, WORTH WHEN COMPLETED AT LEAST $30,000,000, is therefore one of the most substantial, conservative and reliable Railroad Loans ever offered in the market, and is peculiarly adapted to the wants of

Investors and Capitalists.

Who desire to make their investments with the most satisfactory assurance of POSITIVE AND UNDOUBTED SECURITY.

The Bonds are in denominations of

$1,000, $500 and $100,

and may be had COUPON or REGISTERED.

Interest Six per cent. per annum, payable MAY 1st and NOVEMBER 1st.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Price 90 AND ACCRUED INTEREST in Currency, at which price they pay nearly SEVEN PER CENT. IN GOLD on their cost.

All Government Bonds and other Securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange received in exchange, at their full market value, and Bonds sent to all parts of the country, free of Express charges.

They can be obtained by ordering direct from us or through any responsible Bank or Banker in any part of the country.

Fisk & Hatch,
BANKERS.

Maps, Pamphlets and full information furnished upon application in person or by mail.

S. M'CLEAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
65 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh,
Agents for the sale of these Bonds.

BARGAINS!!

JOB LOTS!

Job Lots! Job Lots!

Soiled French Percales .... 25c.
Imperfect Silks .... 50c.
New Black Silks .... $1.25.
New Black Silks .... $1.62.
Extra Good Quality Alpacas .... 50c.
New Ginghams .... 12c.
New Ginghams .... 15c.

Bell & Moorhouse,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
MWF

AT
HORNE & CO'S.
Hosiery! Gloves!

Extensive and choice assortments at

Prices Unknown Since 1861.

ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES—a full assortment at $1.75.
COURVIORSIER'S KIDS at $1.75.
LONG TOP KIDS, choice shades, at $2.00.
REGULAR MADE BRITISH HOSE, Heavy, 35 cents.
PLAIN AND RIBBED COTTON HOSE, 10 cents and up.
DOMESTIC COTTON HOSIERY, by case or doz.
GENTS' SUPER STOUT HALF HOSE, 25 cents.
GENTS' SUPER FINE HALF HOSE, 25 cents.
Also splendid assortments SASHES, SASH and BOW RIBBONS, LADIES' FANCY BOWS.

Large Additions to Stock

Just arriving, to which we invite the attention of Wholesale and Retail Cash Buyers.

77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
mh12

Wattles & Sheafer

Have just received another invoice of elegant

Silver Plated Ware,

Which will be sold VERY LOW.
TEA SETS, ICE PITCHERS, CASTORS, BERRY DISHES, BUTTER DISHES, SOUP PITCHERS, JEWEL CASES, SPOON HOLDERS, SALT SELLERS IN BOXES, NAPKINS, RINGS, &c., &c.

101 Fifth Avenue,
ABOVE SMITHFIELD STREET.

R. M. McCOWAN .... J. R. McKOWN.

R. M. M'Cowan & Co.,
BOULEVARD PAVERS,
Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.

WARRANTED AGAINST CHANGES OF HEAT AND COLD.
Orders left at GAZETTE Office, or at 39 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, promptly attended to.
☞ Refer by permission to Lyon, Shorb & Co., Wm. Park, Hartley, McKee & Co., Major J. Duncan. my3:w46

L. B. FULTON .... O. J. M'GANN.

FULTON & M'GANN,
Practical Plumbers,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Fifth Avenue, near High Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Lead Pipe, Gum Hose, Gas Fixtures, Sinks, Bath Tubs and Wash Stands, Iron Pipe and Fittings, Ale and Beer Pumps, and Steam Cocks always on hand. Public and Private Buildings fitted up with Gas, Water and Steam Heating Apparatus. Jobbing promptly attended to.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONDAY, MAY 2d, 1870,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Plain and Figured Silk Poplins,
Black and Colored Double Warp Poplins,
Colored Dress Silks, Barges and Grenadines,
Gros Grain Black Silks, at very low price.

AT 12 1-2 CENTS,
New Styles Spring Delaines.
A GREAT BARGAIN.

AT 37 1-2 CENTS,
BLACK POPLIN ALPACAS.
The best offered this season at the price.

NEW STYLES
SPRING SHAWLS,
NEW SPRING SKIRTS,
Cassimeres & Summer Pant
CLOTHS,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

SMITH'S
American Organs,
FOR THE
Services of Chapels and Lodges, as well as Home Recreation.
A THOROUGH COMPARISON INVITED.

Never to rest satisfied with mediocre success has been the motto of this house. And with every year's experience they expect not only to maintain their present position, but to produce instruments of greater and more varied power, thus anticipating the increasing demands of the most cultivated taste.

Instruments with Pedal-Bass and Double Manuals, for Organ Students.

ALSO, A VARIETY OF
ELEGANT PARLOR INSTRUMENTS.

An illustrated Circular, containing full descriptions and prices, will be sent post-paid, on application.

S. D. & H. W. SMITH, Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE IN PITTSBURGH BY
John Zweidinger,
136 SMITHFIELD ST.
my2:w24:M&T

THE BEST BARGAINS
OFFERED
This Season.

AT 20 CENTS,
Ladies' Heavy British Cotton Stockings.
AT 25 CENTS,
Ladies' Heavy British Cotton Stockings
AT EXTRA BARGAIN.
AT 3 PAIR FOR $1.00,
Ladies' Super British Cotton Stockings.
AT 20 CENTS,
Men's Heavy British Cotton Socks.
AT 25 CENTS,
Men's Heavy French Cotton Socks.
LADIES' AND MEN'S
MERINO GAUZE UNDERWEAR
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
MISSES, BOYS AND CHILDREN'S
COTTON STOCKINGS
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES AT
Morganstern & Co's,
SUCCESSOR TO
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.
mh22

FINE WATCHES
BAILEY & Co
12TH & CHESTNUT ST,
PHILADELPHIA.
Perfection Timers.

The reputation and experience of 40 years, warrant us in saying that our stock of Fine Timekeepers of the best European and American Makers is now the largest in the country; and we guarantee that each Watch we sell, is finished with great mechanical precision, has all the late improvements, and will run regularly, well, and give satisfaction.

Inquiries promptly replied to.
Watches forwarded by Express for approval.
MWF

STONE
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
HOT AIR & CHIMNEY FLUES, &c.
A large and full assortment constantly on hand.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap21:w31 133 SECOND AVENUE.

WHEELER'S
Patent Stamp Cancelers,
EDWIN STEVENS,
No. 41 S. Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
General Agent for State of Pennsylvania.
All orders will be filled through this office for this State. ap4:v42

CHARLES P. STRIGHT,
Carpenter and Builder,

Will promptly attend to all kinds of jobbing work. Oil and water tanks made to order. No. 17 North avenue, corner Webster street, Allegheny, Pa. ap30:w47

AT 31c. AND 50c.,
Honey Comb Crib Quilts,
MARSEILLES QUILTS,
HONEY COMB BED QUILTS,
COLORED TABLE DAMASKS,
BLEACHED and
UNBLEACHED TABLE LINENS,
TABLE NAPKINS,
HUCK AND DAMASK TOWELS.

LACE CURTAINS,
STRIPED AND FIGURED
Curtain Damasks.

Sheeting Muslins, all widths,
Pillow Case Muslins,
Shirting Muslins, Irish Linens,
Shirt Fronts, Wrist Bands.

NEW STYLES
Light and Dark Calicos.
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

HATS AND BONNETS,
RIBBONS AND FLOWERS,
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLES,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examineour Goods & Prices.
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.

Genuine Preparations
From the Celebrated House of
PETER SQUIRE, LONDON.

Granular Effervescent Bi-Carb. Potassa, Bromide Potassa, Iodide Potasia, Citrate Iron and Quinine, Bromide Ammonium, Carb. Lithia, Vichy Salt, Kissingen Salt, Cit. Magnesia, Seidlitz Powders, &c.—To protect Physicians and the Public from spurious articles of this character, purporting to be "direct importations"—all bottles of the genuine will in future bear a strap label over the cork, with the address and fac simile signature of the manufacturer, P. SQUIRE: and on the side his trade mark, and also address of the Importer and Sole Agent,

SIMON JOHNSTON,
Cor. Smithfield St. and Fourth Ave.

P. S.—We have received our usual Spring supply of Mineral Waters, Saratoga, Star, Congress, Kissingen, &c., &c. Also, another supply of Astringent Red Gum Lozenges, and Muriate of Ammoniate Lozenges, which have proved such a great success in England and this country in cases of Relaxed Sore Throat, Bronchitis, etc.
fe12:STTH

PLANING MILL MEN
And Others,
TAKE NOTICE!

The undersigned has letters patent of the United States for the improved construction of weather-boarding, inside lining and of wainscoting for houses. The weather-boarding, by this patent improvement, being more particularly intended for vertical use, and combines great durability and beauty of appearance; and it is so constructed as to entirely avoid the use of joint strips, and to prevent water from entering the joint of the gapping or the showing of the joints by the action of the weather on the timber.

Inside lining and wainscoting by this new method are so constructed as to form perfect panels as cheaply as by the ordinary flooring boards alone; thereby preventing the showing of the joints from any cause, and leaving no refuges for bugs.

He has also purchased the patent right of what is commonly known as the "Moulded Weather-boarding."

He has disposed of the following territorial and shop rights in Allegheny county, for both patents, to wit:

To G. A. Mundorff, the right of the territory south of the river in said county.
To McQuewan & Douglass, the right for the First ward, Pittsburgh.
To Hill, Patterson & Co., shop rights for their mill, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
To Alex. McClure, for the borough of McKeesport.
To Parker & Paul, for First, Second, Third and Fourth wards, city of Allegheny.
To Reed Brothers, shop right at their mill in Seventh ward, city of Allegheny.
To Dunham, Saint & Co., for the boroughs of Sharpsburg and Etna; also the townships of Shaler and Indiana.

All persons are warned against infringing upon either of said patents, and those wishing to purchase will please call, or address me, at No. 75 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
fe J. C. ANDERSON.

JOHN Q. WORKMAN .... H. RICHARD DAVIS

WORKMAN & DAVIS,

Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in

Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS,
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular. SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS, and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Battler for Shafts.

H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.

JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.
ja22:s90

DREKA,
IMPORTER AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY and BUSINESS CARD ENGRAVING, MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.
☞ Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.
1033 Chestnut St., Phila.

T. T. T.
Trego's Teaberry Toothwash.

Is the most pleasant, cheapest and best Dentifrice extant.
Warranted free from injurious ingredients.
It preserves and whitens the Teeth!
Invigorates and soothes the Gums!
Purifies and perfumes the breath!
Prevents accumulation of Tartar!
Cleans and Purifies Artificial Teeth!
Is a superior article for Children!
Sold by all Druggists and Dentists.
Proprietor, A. M. WILSON, Philadelphia.
For sale by all Druggists. ja25:TTHS

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,
ED. BARKER, Proprietor,
Cor. Penn St. and 11th, formerly old Canal

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS.
SPRING STOCK.
Fine, Medium and Common
CARPETS.
Our Stock is the largest we have ever offered to the trade.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
mh18:dAF

April 1st, 1870.
SPECIE PAYMENT
Resumed!
From this date Silver Change will be given to all cash customers, at
M'Farland & Collins
CARPET STORE,
71 and 73 Fifth Ave.
☞ Our prices are the lowest in this market.
ap2

CARPETS.
New Rooms! New Goods!
NEW PRICES!
We have inaugurated the opening of our New Rooms with the
FINEST DISPLAY OF
CARPETS
Ever Offered in this Market.
LOWEST PRICES SINCE 1861.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth Avenue.
ap5

NEW CARPETS.
Reduction in Prices
TO CORRESPOND WITH
WHOLESALE RATES.
McCallum Bros.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE.
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

UPHOLSTERERS.

Manufacturers of SPRING, HAIR and HUSK MATTRESSES, Feather Bolsters and Pillows, Church Cushions, Cornice Mouldings and all kinds of Upholstery work. Also, dealers in Window Shades, Buff, Green and White Hollands, Cords, Tassels, &c. Particular attention is given to taking up, cleaning and brushing, altering and relaying carpets.

Our mode of cleaning carpet is the only way in which you can feel assured that the colors are preserved and the goods thoroughly freed from all dust and vermin. The price for cleaning has been greatly reduced. Our express will call for and deliver all goods free of charge.

ROBERTS, NICHOLSON & THOMPSON,
Upholsterers and Proprietors of
Steam Carpet Beating Establishment,
NO. 127 WOOD STREET,
mh7:m66 Near Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.
S. P. SHRIVER & CO.
Have removed from their old stand, Nos. 27 and 29 SMITHFIELD, to their Warehouse,
Nos. 259 and 261 Liberty St.,
Above the head of WOOD STREET, where they will be pleased to see all their old friends and customers.
S. P. SHRIVER & CO.,
ap14:v85

REMOVAL.
THE OFFICE OF THE
Allegheny Insurance Company
Has been removed from No. 37 Fifth avenue, to
No. 67 FOURTH AVENUE,
BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.
C. J. DONNELL, Secretary.
ap23:w42

REMOVAL—FRED'K SCHROEDER,
Merchant Tailor and Dealer in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods; also Gentlemen and Boys' Clothing on hand and made to order at the shortest notice, has removed from his late stand, No. 92 Fourth avenue, to No. 51 WOOD STREET, corner of Third avenue.
mh26:v70-F

REMOVAL.
ALDERMAN JAMES LINDSAY
Has removed his office, from corner of Webster avenue and Washington street, to No. 187 FIFTH AVENUE.
as14:v82

REMOVAL.
The Pittsburgh Bank for Savings
Has removed from No. 67 to 61 FOURTH AVENUE, in the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank building.
ap12

REMOVAL.
The Monongahela Insurance Company
Has removed from No. 98 Water street to N. E. corner of Wood street and Fourth avenue (second floor,) entrance on Fourth avenue.
ap8:v61 JOHN H. CLANEY, Secretary.

DR. WHITTIER

CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, Pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE ST., (near Court House) Pittsburgh.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD, SILVER,

AND

COUPONS

Bought at Highest Price.

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER,

Cor. Wood St. and 5th Ave.

my6

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, May 4, 1870.

The whole markets in Wall street showed signs of weakness on account of the decline in gold to 114⅛, which carried down bonds and stocks. It appears that the large disbursements for coupons have more than supplied the temporary demand for gold, and the decline in exchange has likewise depressed the market.

Bonds are about one-half per cent off, and closed dull.

Stocks are very unsettled, but most of the clique stocks are strong at the decline.

Money easy at from 7 to 10 per cent.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz:

Gold	114⅛	Western Union	32½
Silver	111	N. Y. Central	97
1881 Bonds	116½	Reading	101
5-20 Bonds 1862	111⅝	P. Ft. W. & C	94
5-20 Bonds 1864	110½	Ohio & Miss	36½
5-20 Bonds 1865	110⅞	Mich. Southern	97⅜
Consols 1865	112¼	Cleveland & P	106
5-20 Bonds 1867	113⅜	C. R. I. & P.	20¼
5-20 Bonds 1868	113⅜	Chicago & N. W	80½
10-40	107½	C. & N. W. Pref.	90
Adams Express	63⅜	Erie	24
American	40¾		

	Large.	Small.
London Exchange per pound	5.50	5.75
Paris Exchange per Franc	22⅛	24⅛
Berlin Exchange per Thaler	82⅛	84⅛
Frankfort Exchange per Florin	48	50

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brdy & Co:

Gold	114⅛	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	12½
U. S. 6s, 1881	16½	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	13⅜
U. S. 5-20 1862	11⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	13⅜
U. S. 5-20 1864	10¾	U. P. R. R.	87⅛
U. S. 5-20 1865	10⅞	C. P. R. R.	92⅜
U. S. 10-40	7⅞	Cy. Pacifics	12⅜

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, May 4, 1870.

The reports that the Prussian Government had ordered American Railway securities to be stricken from the list of different bourses in the Kingdom are denied, and German bankers say a body in Berlin which corresponds to our Chamber of Commerce here have issued a pamphlet warning the public against investing in American Railroad bonds. Money easy at 4@6 on call, chiefly 5; sterling weak at 9⅛@9¼; gold lower and opened at 114½, touched 114½, and closed at 114⅛. Carrying rates 4⅛@6. Clearances $37,000,000. Sub-Treasury sold one million at 114 60-100@114 71-100.

Governments also lower.

Coupons '81	16⅛@16¼	Coupons '67	13¾
Coupons '62	11⅛@11¼	Coupons '68	13⅛@13¼
Coupons '64	10⅛@10¼	10-40s	7⅛@7¼
Coupons '65	10⅛@10¼	Currency 6s	12⅛@12¼
1865, new	12⅛@12¼		

State bonds heavy and lower.

Missouri	91⅛	New Tennessee	55⅜
Old Tennessee	59¾		

Stocks have been unsettled, but closed steady.

Canton	71¼	Illinois Central	141
Cumberland	45	Pittsburgh	106
W. U. Tel	32⅛	Northwestern	80¾
Quicksilver	9⅛	do. pref	90½
Mariposa	8⅛	Michigan Central	122
do. pref	16⅛	Rock Island	121⅛
Adams Express	63⅜	N. J. Central	109⅛
Wells	17	St. Paul	64⅛
American	40⅛	do. pref	78⅛
United States	44	Wabash	62
Pacific Mail	41½	do. pref	70
N. Y. Central	97½	Ft. Wayne	94
Scrip	93⅜	Terre Haute	35
Erie	24	do. pref	64
do. pref	47	Ohio & Miss	37
Harlem	142	C. & A	114⅛
Reading	101½	do. pref	114⅛
Lake Shore	97⅛	Hartford & Erie	5½

Sub-Treasury balance: Gold, $77,161,123; Currency, $3,223,068. General balance, $89,075,060. Exports for the week: $3,429,471.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, May 4, 1870.

The markets in a general way, are devoid of anything new or important. We can report a steady local demand for most of the leading commodities, and a fair volume of business, while in regard to values there are no important changes. The best of the spring trade may be regarded as having passed, but it looks as if there would be a continued steady local demand during the next month or two, and probably for some articles, particularly grain, there will be some inquiry for shipment. The shipping interest of Pittsburgh would be greatly benefited if freights were reduced; as the case stands now, our intercourse with the seaboard, must, of necessity, be limited, and our merchants have no chance to extend their trade. In the course of another year, however, it is probable that the embargo which has so long blighted the forwarding and commission business of Pittsburgh will be lifted, we refer to the Connellsville Railroad, but until then, there is no probability of relief.

ASHES—Firmer but not quotably higher. Common Soda Ash 4; refined do, 4¾; Pearls, 9@[illegible]; Pots, 7½.

APPLES—In steady demand and limited supply [illegible] but unchanged; $4@5 per bbl.

BUTTER—There is no improvement to note in the deman[illegible], and the market continune very dull and prices [illegible] drooping. Prime to choice roll cannot fairly [illegible] quoted above 30 to 32.

BROOMS—Store p[illegible]; Fancy, $5,50; No. 1, $4½; Fo. 2, $4; No. 3, $[illegible]; Common, $2⅝@3.

BEANS—There is no in[illegible] provement to note in the demand and no chang[illegible] to make in quotations, $1,50@2 per bushel.

CORNMEAL—Is in fair deman[illegible] with sales at 95@$1 per bushel, as to quality.

CRANBERRIES—Season about over and market almost bare.

CEMENT—Sales of Louisville cement at $3@3⅛ per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Is firmer, and standard brands may be fairly quoted at 24c.

CHEESE—Is dull, the demand for common Ohio being very light. York State Goshen is quoted at 17 to 18.

DRIED FRUIT—Demand rather better but prices are unchanged; apples 6@7 cts; Peaches, 7@8 for quarters, and 8½@9 for halves. Sale of 150 bbls apples, good quality, to go to Chicago, at 6⅛. Blackberries, 12@13; pitted Cherries, 26@28; paired Peaches, 17@18.

EGGS—The market continues very dull, and notwithstanding the arrivals continue light, the supply, nevertheless, is considerably ahead of the demand. We continue to quote a[illegible] 14@15.

FEATHERS—Live geese feathers are quoted at 85@90, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Is firm with a steady local demand, and while there is no change to make in quotations, holders are stiff and refuse to make conce[illegible]sions in order to effect sales. We continue to quote western flours, in store, at $5@5⅛ for sprin[illegible] wheat, $5,50@6 for winter, and $7@7½ for fancy brands. Rye flour, $5.

GRAIN—There is a steady milling demand for wheat, and the ma[illegible]ket is strong though prices are unchanged; qu[illegible]tations may be fairly given at $1,15@1,20 for red, and $1,25@1,30 for white. Wheat is now relat[illegible] very higher than flour, and the situation, conse[illegible]quently, is unfavorable for millers, and for [illegible] some cause or other, it seems much easier to [illegible] advance the former than the latter. Oats qu[illegible]et and unchanged; 47@48, in first hands, buyer[illegible] furnishing sacks; 50 on wharf and track, and 52@53 in store. Corn, also, is quiet, with but litt[illegible] offering and not much wanted; we contin[illegible]e to quote at 83@85 for ear, and 88@90 for shel[illegible]ed. Rye is in fair demand, but unchanged; 90@[illegible] cash, and $1, time. Barley is quiet and unchanged, a 85@90, for fair to prime spring.

GROCERIES—The grocery houses nearly all report business good, but, as has been the case all season, margins are extremely small, and the only way to make it pay is to do a good deal of it—"large sales and small profits." Since the date of our last report, Sugars have softened somewhat, and refineds are a quarter lower. Coffees firm with a good demand, and prices are well sustained. Spices, Teas, Soaps, Fish, etc. etc., are steady, but unchanged. Following are the ruling quotations:

SUGARS—Cuba, 10⅛@11; Porto Rico at 10⅛@11⅛; New Orleans, 10⅛@12c; Havana in boxes, 11@12. Molasses Sugars, 8⅛@11⅛. A Coffee, 12⅛c; "B" do 12⅛c; Extra C 12⅛c; C, 11¾c; Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 13⅛c.

COFFEE—Ordinary Rio, 18⅛c; fair to good, 19@20c; prime, 22c; choice, 22½c; strictly choice, 23c.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, 80@85c; Porto Rico, 65@75c.

SYRUPS—White Honey and Perfection Drips, 80@85c; Lovering, 60c; Silver Drips, 60c; Iron City Drips, 60c; Sparkling Dew Drop, 65c; Ocean Spray, 85c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, 90@$1,50; Gunpowder, $1,00@1,60; Imperial, 85@$1,50; Japan, 95@$1,25; Oolong, 75@$1,35; Souchong, 90@$1,20; Hyson, $1,00@1,25.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 31c; Pimento, 28c; Cassia, 60@65c; Cloves, 40c; Nutmegs, $1,30@$1,40.

FRUITS—Prunes, 12⅛c; Currants, 13⅛c; Layer Raisins, $4⅛ per box; Valencia Raisins, 16@17c per lb.

SOAPS—Chemical Olive, 8c; Babbitt's, 11⅛; Oakley's, 10c; Crampton's, 11c; Dobbin's, 14⅛c; Chemical Erasive, 7⅛c; Rosin, 3¾@5⅛; Toilet Soaps, 15@22c. Sawyer's Barber, $3 per box.

BAR LEAD—10c per lb.

DROP SHOT—12⅛ per bag.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Penna. $8 per case; other brands, $6@7.

EXTRACT COFFEE—$4.50 per gross for Hummels.

SODA—In kegs, 6c; in boxes, assorted papers, 7⅛c; Sal Soda, 3⅛c.

INDIGO—$1,40@1,60.

CANDLES—Mould, 12c; Star, 20c; Stearin, 18@19c.

STARCH—Pearl, 6⅛c; Statin Gloss and Silver Gloss, 11⅛c; Corn, 12.

RICE—Carolina, 7@8c.

FISH—No. 1 Mackeral, $26@29 per bbl; No. 2 large, $17; No. 3 large, $14½; No. 3 medium, $11; in half bbls 50 cts additional. In kitts—No. 1, $3; No. 2, $2⅛; No. 3, $2. Lake Herring, $4,10; White Fish, $8⅛. Baltimore Herring, $8⅛. Codfish, 5 cts per pound.

HAY—Continues dull with a supply in excess of the demand; sales from country wagons at $12@20, for common to strictly prime.

HOMINY—Market almost bare, but there is little or no inquiry for it; $6@6½ per bbl.

LARD OIL—Is firm and tending upward. We now quote Extra No. 1 at $1,30@1,32, and No. 2, at 88@90.

LIME—Is steady but unchanged. Eastern, $1,75; Cleveland, $2,25.

PROVISIONS—Market continues strong but unchanged. Plain Shoulders, 13@13¼; Sugar Cured, 14@14⅛; Rib Sides, 16⅛; Short Rib, 17; Clear Sides, 17⅛; Plain Hams, 16⅛; Plain Sugar Cured, 18⅛@18⅛; Canvassed do, 18⅛@19. Breakfast Bacon, 17⅛@18. Dried Beef, 19⅛@20. Mess Pork, $29⅛. Lard, 17⅛@17⅛, in tierces, and 18 to 18⅛ in kegs and buckets.

POTATOES—Sales of prime Lake Shore Peach Blows, in car load lots, at 40, and in store at 45.

PEA NUTS—Dull; prime Tennessee still quoted at 9@10 cts.

SEEDS—There is little or nothing doing in either Timothy or Cloverseed as the season is about over. Flaxseed, $2,15 bid—a round lot would probably bring $2,20.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, May 4, 1870.

The oil business continues dull and inactive, and there is not much prospect at present of any immediate improvement. Compared with yesterday crude was a shade easier, while refined was reported steady and unchanged. Operators generally seem discouraged, being very much disatisfied with the present condition of affairs as the prospects, if anything, are not as encouraging as they were two weeks ago. There is little or nothing doing, and not much chance to do anything; there are orders from the east to buy, but there are no sellers, and consequently, we have but few sales to report. Possibly there may be a change for the better soon, at least it is to be hoped, though it must be confessed that the indications at present are by no means bright.

CRUDE.

Sale 2,000 bbls, in two lots of 1,000 each, seller ten days, at 12⅛; 1,000, in two lots, of 500 each, spot, at 12; 1,000 bbls June, at 12⅛, and 1,000 bbls "Parkers," seller ten days, at 12. Spot or seller this month was quoted at the close at 12; and buyer all year at 14⅛.

REFINED.

No sales—market steady and prices unchanged. May, 27⅛ bid; June, 27⅛; July and August, 27⅛; June to December, 28⅛; August to December, 28⅛; buyer all year, 30⅛@31.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Eclipse Oil Works 80, on account Lockhart, Frew & Co; Penn Oil Works 960, on account Bensall & Co; Fisher & Bro. 1,040, on account same.

Total 2,080 bbls

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co., 474 bbls refined oil, to Tack Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvey Bros', 160 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

H. Koehler & Co., 150 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phil'a.

Total 784 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT

Hutchinson Oil Refining Co. 889 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle 10 bbls refined to J. Kendrick, Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle 10 bbls lubricating to J. Kendrick, Philadelphia.

Brooks, B. & Co. 60 bbls refined to Warden, F. & Co., Philadelphia.

Total 959 bbls.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Cotton quiet and heavy, with sales 28,000 bales at 23c for middling uplands. Flour: receipts 8,589 bbls; flour 5@10c better, with sales 9,500 bbls at $4,85@5,05 for super State western, $5,10@5,75 for extra State, $5,10@5,85 for extra western, $5,60@6,55 for white wheat extra, $5,65@6,30 for round hoop Ohio, $6,50@6,60 for extra St. Louis, and $6,10@8,25 for good choice do, including 1,500 bbls extra State to arrive soon at $5,10@5,20. Rye Flour firm, with sales 250 bbls at $4,40@5,50. Corn Meal quiet. Whisky dull and lower, with sales 150 bbls western at $1,06 free. Wheat: receipts 50 701 bush; wheat opened steady, closed dull and scarcely so firm, with sales 6,100 bush at $1,12 for No. 3 spring; $1,15@1,18 No. 2 spring; $1,22@1,24 No. 1 spring; $1,30@1,32 winter red and amber western, the latter for very choice; $1,40 for white Michigan; $1,60 for white State. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley in fair request: sales 3,000 bush Canada. Corn: receipts 11,617 bush; market opened heavy and closed more steady; sales 34,000 bush at $1,04@1,10 for new mixed western; $1,11@1,12 for high mixed and yellow western; $1,15, in store, old mixed western: 4,100 bush sold at 63@65c for western in store and afloat; 67@69c, Ohio and State. Rice firm: Carolina, 6⅛@7⅛c. Coffee firm and quiet. Molasses dull. Sugar firm: sales 400 hhds Cuba at 9@9⅛c. Hay firm. Hops quiet. Coal dull at $5@6.25; foreign scarce and firm. Leather: hemlock sole more active and firmer; sales South American light were made at $28,00@29,00. Wool dull; Ohio extra 46@48c, double extra 50@52c, fleece 46@50c, scoured 61@64c and pulled 36@43c. Turpentine quiet at 43@44c. Sheathing copper steady. Ingot copper firm at 18⅛c for Baltimore, 19c for Tennessee and 19@19⅛c for Detroit and Lake. Pig iron quiet at $33,50@37 for Scotch and $31@34 for American. Bar dull at $75 for refined English and American. Sheet dull at 11@12c gold for Russia. Nails quiet and firm at 4⅛@4⅛c for cut, 5⅛@5⅛c for clinch and 23@29c for horse shoe. Pork heavy, with sales of 470 bbls at $29.62 for mess, $22@23 for prime, $25,50@26 for prime mess; also 1250 bbls seller May, June and July, at $29,62@29,80. Beef steady; sales of 280 bbls, at $12@15 for new plain mess and $16@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef quiet; sales of 30 tierces, at $25 for prime mess and $30 for India mess. Beef Hams steady; sales of 150 bbls, at $28@33 for new. Cut Meats firm; sales of 25 packages, at 11⅛@12c for shoulders and 15@17c for hams. Middles firm; sales of 300 boxes Cumberland Cut at 13⅛c. Lard steady; sales of 350 tierces, at 16@16⅛c for steam and 17@17⅛c for kettle rendered; also, sales of 1250 tierces steam, seller May, June and July, at 16⅛c. Butter firm, at 14@20c for Ohio. Cheese firm at 8@17c. Freights lower; shipments of 20,000 bush wheat to Liverpool per steamer, at 4d.

Latest—Flour closed quiet and very firm. Wheat dull and drooping, with sales of No. 2 spring at $1,16@1,17, winter red and amber western $1,28@1,31. Rye unchanged. Oats is very firm at 63@65c for western in store and afloat. Corn steady at $1,09@1,11 for new mixed western. Pork quiet at about $29,50 for mess. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats dull. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard quiet; prime steam 16⅛c on spot and 16⅛c for May, 16⅛c for June, 16⅛c asked, seller 3 months, and 16⅛c bid. Eggs steady at 17@18c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—Tobacco firm and unchanged. Cotton nominal at 21@21½c. Hemp active and firm at $1,20@1,55. Flour firm, $3,90@4,10 for fall super, $4,65@4,70 for double extra, $5@5,50 for treble extra, $6@7,50 for family brands. Wheat firm but inactive, No 2 spring 88c, No 2 red fall $1,05@1,08, choice to fancy $1,25@1,40. Corn firmer, $10,3 for choice mixed, $1,03@1,05 for yellow, $1,00@1,08 for white, fancy do would bring $1,10. Oats active and higher at 60@62c. Barley unchanged, 95c@1,10 for Minnesota. Rye steady at 80@82c. Whisky firm at $1,03. Groceries steady and firm; 10⅛@12c for Louisiana sugar, 20⅛@23c for Rio coffee, 45@60c for sugar house molasses. Pork active, firm and higher, at $29@29,50, the latter for extra heavy. Dry salt meats stiff, but sales in round lots, a few casks of shoulders sold at 11⅛c—an advance. Bacon higher, 12⅛@13c for shoulders, 16⅛@16⅛c for clear rib, 17⅛c for clear, but held at 17⅛c at the close. Lard firm at 16⅛@16⅛c. Receipts: flour 3,800 bbls, wheat 81,000 bushels, corn 29,000 bush, oats 13,100 bush, rye 3,700 bush, barley 700 bush.

Cattle active at 4⅛@7⅛c. Hogs steady at 7@9c for good to choice.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Flour unchanged. Wheat moderately active at 90⅛@93⅛c for No. 2, closing quiet at 90⅛@91c; this afternoon the market was active at 90⅛c seller May, and 92⅛c seller June. Corn quiet and 1@1⅛c lower, closing at 86⅛@87 for No. 2; 80c for No. 2 rejected, and 76c for no grade. Oats ⅛c lower; No. 2 closed at 44c. Rye quiet and ⅛@1c lower, closing at 79@79⅛c for No. 2. Highwines steady at $1,03 for wood and $1,04 for iron. Provisions firm and held higher. Mess pork closed at $28. Lard 16@16⅛c. Dry salted shoulders 11⅛@11⅛c. Receipts for the past 24 hours—4,749 bbls flour, 46,620 bush wheat, 65,192 do corn, 29,112 do oats, 1,032 do rye, 2,650 do barley and 4,762 hogs. Shipments—10,106 bbls flour, 13,707 bush wheat, 36,666 do corn, 6,726 do oats, 2,370 do rye, 8,763 do barley and 3,077 live hogs.

Cattle dull at $5,50@8 for fair cows to prime shipping steers. Hogs opened steady and closed quiet and easy at $8,25@8,60 for common; $8,70@8,90 for fair to medium, and $9@9,40 for extra.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 4.—Flour unchanged, with family at $5@5,25. Wheat dull at $1,06@1,09. Corn unchanged at 88@90c. Oats steady at 60@62c. Rye firm and supply light at 93@95c. Barley unchanged. Cotton dull and prices ⅛c lower: middling 21⅛c. Tobacco in good demand with sales 212 hhds at $3,20@5,58 for trash to fine leaf. Whisky firm at $1,01, with a good demand. Mess Pork higher and irregular with $30 asked, and 100 barrels sold at this rate, but as a rule buyers did not offer over $29,50. Bulk Meats in demand at 11⅛@14⅛c, but held ⅛c higher. Bacon higher; shoulders sold at 13c, and clear rib and clear sides at 16⅛@17c, but held ⅛c higher at the close: there were sales made in the forenoon at quotations. Lard unchanged with no demand and but little offered. Butter dull at 28@33c. Eggs dull at 14c for fresh. Cheese selling at 14@15c for factory. Linseed Oil higher with 98c offered; there was but little offered. Lard Oil $1,30@1,32 and fair. Gold 114⅛ buying. Exchange dull at par buying. Money market easy.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 4.—Flour firm: country brands white double extra $6,@6,50; red double extra $5,25@5,50; amber double extra $5,25@5,75; spring double extra $4,50@5,00. Rye flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm: No. 1 red winter at $1,17; No. 2 held at $1,10. Corn lower: new mixed 93c; old mixed held at same figures; old No. 1 yellow in light demand at 95c. Oats firm and 55c offered for car lots on spot. Rye steady at 90@95c. Barley heavy and held at 80@90c for State and Canada. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; refined held at 23⅛@24c for standard white on spot: crude steady at $5,60 per bbl.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Flour very active. Wheat less firm; Maryland red $1,55@1,60; Pennsylvania $1,45@1,50. Corn firm with white at $1,13@1,15 and yellow at $1,13. Oats firm at 63@65c. Mess Pork at $29@29,25. Bacon firm, with rib sides at 18⅛c. Lard firm at 17⅛c. Whisky in good demand.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Flour firm, but not active. Wheat very quiet, Pennsylvania red $1,30@1,35, white $1,40@1,45. Rye steady at $1,10. Corn dull, mixed $1,06. Oats dull, western 61@65c. Provisions very firm. Mess pork $29. Lard 16⅛@17c. Whisky firm at $1,06.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Cattle unchanged, with 5 cars yesterday and 9 to-day. Sheep go slow at the late high prices; there were 1660 to-day and barely sold out at former rates; a car of 77 lb Ohio sheared sold at 7⅛c; a car of 83 lbs at 8c; a car of 94 lbs at 8⅛c. Hogs easier again, with 26 cars to-day, selling at 11⅛@12c dressed.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The market is quiet but steady for all staple styles of textile fabrics. Heavy brown sheetings 14@15⅛c for best makes; printing cloths: 7@7⅛c, for standard prints; 10⅛@11⅛c mous de laines; 15@17c for poor and new styles, and Coats' spool threa d80c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 4.—Flour quiet. Wheat active and 1@2c better; No. 1 white Michigan $1,37; amber Michigan $1,11⅛; No. 1 red $1,17; No. 2 $1,12⅛; No. 3 do. $1,05. Corn a shade better; No. 1 93c; No. 2 90⅛c; yellow 95⅛c. Oats unchanged; No. 1 55c; No. 2 53c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 4.—Cotton dull at 21⅛c; receipts for 2 days, 1494 bales; exports 2174 bales. Flour nominal. Corn $1,12@1,15. Oats 65c. Hay $24@25. Bran 26@50c. Lard 17@18⅛c. Pork $29@29,50. Bacon—shoulders 13⅛c; sides 17⅛@17⅛c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, May 4.—Flour is in active demand at $5,50@6,25. Wheat is scarce and higher; extra $1,38, No. 1 $1,30, regular $1,15, amber $1,13. Corn: No. 1 95c. Oats: western 54c. Barley $1,50 per cental.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 4.—Flour unchanged. Wheat unsettled at 94c for No. 1; 90⅛c for No. 2. Corn firm at 88c for No. 2. Oats, Rye and Barley nominal.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, May 4.—9 cars blooms, J Moorhead; 1 do ore, Wm Clark & Co; 165 sks potatoes, 350 bushels do, Voigt, M & Co; 3,000 feet lumber, McQuewan & D; 8,000 do do, Slack & S; 8,000 do do, R P Burgan; 50 cases tobacco, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 20 do do, Watt, L & Co; 10 hf bbls pickerel, W Cooper & Co; lot furniture, Lemon & W; 10 pails tobacco, Knox & Orr; 3 crates, starch, 15 box do, J B Sneathen & Co; 50 bbls dye wood, Schwartz & H; 10 bbls oil, A Holstein; 4 bxs wood, Boyd, M & F; 30 bbls soda, J Irwin & Co; 27 sks oats, 2 do potatoes, F G Craighead; 1 box bacon, P Duff & Son; 2 bbls o meal, 3 do p barley, J A Graff; 19 sks potatoes, G Herb; 175 s pipe, H H Collins; 998 bdls paper, 52 sks rags, Robt Christy; 3 casks bacon, 2 bbls tallow, 2 do d apples, McCracken, G & Co; 4 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 14 sks rye, D Wallace; 9 bbls apples, P Duff & Son; 115 rolls roofing, 8 bbls g apples, 1 do d apples, J A Graff; 1 do do, 1 do eggs, Head & M; 2 do do, P Duff & Son.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, May 4.—14 bbls eggs, Houck, Jamison & Co; 1,070 bdls paper, 21 sks rags, R Christy; 300 bbls flour, owner; 1 car lumber, W Boyd & Co; 2 cars barley, J M Carson & Co; 42 bdls shovels, Myers & Armour; 16 bales twine, H Gerwig & Co; 1 bbl tallow, C Kane; 310 bgs oats, Bricker & Co; 100 bbls oil, B L Fahnestock & Co; 1 car potatoes, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 15 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 17 sks scraps, W Flaccus & Son; 2 bbls eggs, W D Cooper & Co; 2 do do, 1 do shoulders, Woodworth & Davison; 25 bbls highwines, M McCullough, Jr & Co; 32 pkgs fish, S Ewart & Co; 25 do do, Haworth & Dewhurst; 67 bales rags, Markle & Co; 50 bbls alcohol, Hostetter & Smith; 100 bbls flour, owner.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, May 4.—1 car staves, M P Adams; 1 do wheat, J S Liggett; 1 do do, J W Bomgardner; 1 do mill iron, Hallough & M; 2 bbls apples, W J Steel & Bro; 139 bgs oats, W H Hagan; 55 tcs hams, 2 hhds shoulders, Dalzell & T; 5 hhds tobacco, J Grier & Co; 8 bbls whisky, R & A Carson; 10 bxs soap, 5 do candles, M Smitz; 5 tcs hams, F Sellers; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 19 bgs barley, Smith & Co; 65 do corn, McHenry & Hood; 18 do oats, Mitchell & S; 37 rolls leather, M Delange; 4 bbls apples, J A Graff; 1 car staves, W Hastings; 2 do staves, J Painter & Son; 1 do b wheat, R T Kennedy; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & L.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 4.—1 car grain, W McKim & Co; 2 do metal, McKnight & Co; 4 do do, J Moorhead; 1 do do, Totten & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Knox & Orr; 6 bgs bgs, Bruggerman & O; 1 car grain, Rebb & H; 69 cars coal, Kier, F & K; 13 bgs rye, Schomaker & L; 1 car lime, Henderson, Bro; 43 cars coal, Armstrong, D & Co; 18 do do, Coleman, R & Co; 2 pkgs seed, 5 do rags, E Hazzleton; 68 sks oats, 16 do wheat, Scott & G; 110 do corn W Welsh & Co; 15 do oats, J Boyd.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 4.—3 cars iron ore, Spang, C & Co; 20 cases tobacco, J Kohen; 1 car staves, J S Liggett & Co; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam; 5 doz brooms, G F Comley; 2 do do, J Minehart; 1 bbl eggs, Petcairn & McC; 2 bbls tallow, H Friend; 8 bdls forks, Whitesides & D; 1 car metal, Graff, B & Co; 3 do do, Lewis, B & D; 1 car wheat, Kennedy Bro.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI PER JUNIATA, May 4.—W B Hays & Sons, 100 tes hams; C A Carpinter, 6 csks clay; E Hydes & Sons, 6 bales cotton; W T Brown, 6 bbls d peaches; R E Sellers & Co, 2 bbls alcohol; F Sellers & Co, 5 tcs d beef; Carter, McG & Co, 10 bxs tobacco; Frank & Sons, 85 m t casks; P Duff & Sons, 2 bbls eggs; Phillips & M, 1,485 nail kegs, 188 bdls staves, 57 bdls hoops; S Devol, 5 bbls eggs, 3 do beans, 2 do apples; Meanor & B 2 bbls eggs; Spencer & McKay, 1,000 ale bbl staves; Day & Co, 5 bbls eggs; Dauler & Co, 96 chairs; H Berger, 191 do; C Espy, 31 do; Lemon & Weise, 31 do; Fauknier & Irwin, 72 do; Close, S & Co, 35 do; J Collins, 10 bbls apples; Houck, J & Co, 9 bxs d fruit; J F Betleb & Co, 140 sks potatoes; J & W Fairley, 20 bales hay; McBane & A, 70 sks ear corn; Rose & Ewing, 57 bales hay.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, May 4.—100 sks corn, Dan Wallace; 16 bbls apples, Geo Allen; 475 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 175 sheep, T H Hawkins; 990 ft lumber, W C Hopper; 100 bxs w glass, Fry & Co; 1 bbl eggs, P Duff & Son; 97 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 34 do corn, McBane & Anjer; 11 bbls apples, 1 do eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 6 do do, S H Baird; 7 pkgs eggs, 2 do butter, L A Eberhard; 125 sks oats, 39 do corn, McCracken, G & Co; 3 pkgs eggs, 3 do apples, 2 bxs butter, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 1,234 galls stoneware, W D Cooper & Co; 29 bales hay, 3 bbls whisky, 400 s boards, A S Carlisle; 100 sks corn, W Welsh & Co; 67 sks oats, W Manowen; 41 sks corn, J Jones.

WHEELING PER BELLE, May 4.—40 hubs, J Arnolds; 7 bbls cider, 1 tub cheese, H Bloom; 28 sks oats, 20 do corn, 6 do potatoes, J H Bell; 16 sks potatoes, J Christy; 21 bales hay, N F Cassidy; 4 bbls eggs, 2 kitts butter, P Duff & Son; 2 bbls eggs, Randolph & S; 1 do do, 1 firkin butter, Head & M; 35 sks potatoes, W H Graff & Co; 12 kgs washers, Lewis, Oliver & P; 2,000 staves, Langcamp; 16 kgs b bolts, Lewis, Oliver & P; 168 sks corn, M Steel & Son; 4 bbls eggs, 1 do d peaches, 1 do apples, J J Pettit; 71 bundles paper, Pittsburgh Paper Manuf Co; 4 bbls d apples, 3 do eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

Dilworth, Harper & Co.,

243 LIBERTY STREET,

(OPPOSITE HEAD OF WOOD ST.)

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe4:r81

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W. M. GORMLY,

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(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel.)

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And Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c., &c. No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, Allegheny City.

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FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

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Consignments solicited. se7

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PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT.

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LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Whole SALE GROCERS, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally. 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE....EDW. HOUSE....WM. M. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON..........A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of ROBERT W. HODGENS and ALEXANDER M. HODGENS, bankrupts.

Western District of Pennsylvania, ss.

A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Robert W. Hodgens and Alexander M. Hodgens, of the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District, who have been duly adjudged bankrupts upon petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, in said District, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Samuel Harper, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.

A. MURDOCK,
U. S. Marshal,
As Messenger.

my3:w25

NOTICE.—Whereas Letters of Administration to the estate of THOMAS S. FINLEY, late of Collins township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

CATHARINE FINLEY, Admin'x.,
or W. C. Anghinbaugh, Attorney, No. 87 Diamond Street, Pittsburgh. April 30, 1870.

my2:w23M

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede with 4 feet 10 inches in the channel last evening.

The Juniata arrived from Cincinnati yesterday afternoon with a good trip, including quite a number of passengers. She returns again to-day leaving at 12 o'clock, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

The Belle has withdrawn from the Wheeling, and entered in to the Monongahela river trade. She left for Brownsville last evening, and will leave again this evening at 5 o'clock. Capt. Smith is well and favorably known along the Monongahela Valley, and the Belle is very well adapted for the trade.

The Messenger departed for St. Louis last evening with a good trip, having about all she could take on the water. Pilots—Nick Whitten and James Shouse.

The Collier barges are filling up steadily for St. Louis and will leave as advertised.

The suit against the Cincinnati and Louisville Mail Company, by Eliza Spigelberg, who lost her husband by the collision of the steamers United States and America, for $20,000 damages, was terminated at Louisville on Monday, the jury returning a verdict for the defendant. The trial occupied nearly two weeks of time of the Common Pleas Court. Several similar suits have been brought against the company, but this is the only one that has yet been tried. This will probably serve as a test case.

—At the United States Marshal's sale of steamers Commercial and Liberty No. 2, at Memphis, on Saturday last, the bidding was not very spirited, and the prices realized will not pay over thirty-three per cent of the indebtedness of the line. The Liberty was bid in by H. Drew, Esq., for $5,700; and the Commercial by Col. G. P. Ware for $4,000.

—The local inspectors of this port report for the month of April as follows: New boats inspected—Lake Superior, Red Wing, Trader, Fontenelle and W. M. Clancy. Reinspected; Glasgow, Monitor No. 2, Fox, Emma, Logan, Eagle and Belle: Licenses—Pilots original, 2; renewals, 21. Engineers, 1st class, 27, 2d do 5.

—Jackson Bros., and Captain J. T. Stockdale, have contracted with Kerr and Caskey of Freedom, for a new hull for the machinery of the Oil Valley, that was sunk at the Emlenton bridge, up the Allegheny.

—The commissioners selected for the purpose have appraised the Quickstep at $24,000, at which price she will be put in the Evansville, Cairo and Memphis Packet Company, as stock.

—Mr. L. M. Skinner, second clerk of the Kenton, on attaining his twenty-first year, was presented with an elegant gold watch by his sister as a birth-day gift.

—The Dubuque *Herald* says the Red Wing was the only boat that came through the Rock Island bridge on the first attempt, and without breaking cargo.

—The Glasgow arrived at Cincinnati, from New Orleans on Tuesday morning, and the Kate Putnam, from Nashville, was due there the same day.

—Contracts were given out at Louisville on Monday for a side-wheel packet for the New Orleans and Arkansas river trade.

—Six steamers of the Kountz-Hazlett line have taken, or take, at Sioux City two regiments for Forts Sully and Randall.

—The St. Marys, from St. Louis to Wheeling with 500 tuns iron ore, laid up at Louisville on Sunday, to wait a rise in the river.

—The Red River packet Lightwood has been sold to Harlow Phelps, for $9,000, and goes in the Ouachita trade.

—The Mollie Ebert, Pittsburgh to New Orleans, was expected to arrive at Cincinnati on Tuesday.

—The Harbor bills collected at St. Louis for the month of April amounted to $10,000.

—The Fontenelle arrived at Cairo yesterday, just 48 hours out from Cincinnati.

RIVER PACKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

FOR ST. LOUIS, GALENA, DUBUQUE AND ST PAUL.—The fine passenger steamer MESSENGER..........Capt. JESSE DEAN, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, May 4th.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
my3 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

SHIPPERS' BARGE LINE—FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS, the steamer COLLIER AND BARGES.

JAS. SHEDDEN..........Master.
CHAS. MATTHEWS, Clerk, will leave as above on SATURDAY, May 7th, at 4 P. M.

G. H. GHRIEST & Co., Agents.

CINCINNATI.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati PACKET LINE

The new and splendid side-wheel JUNIATA, Capt. C. L. BRENNAN, will leave Pittsburgh for Cincinnati EVERY THURSDAY, at 12 o'clock promptly. Returning, will leave Cincinnati EVERY SUNDAY at 12 M.

For freight or passage, apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
mh7 JAMES COLLINS, Agents.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati PACKET LINE.

The new and splendid side-wheel Steamer ARLINGTON, DANIEL MOORE, Master, A. S. SHEPARD, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh for Cincinnati every TUESDAY at 12 M. promptly. Returning leaves Cincinnati for Pittsburgh, at 12 M. every FRIDAY.

For freight, passage, or other information, apply on board or to

JAMES COLLINS,
fel FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN—THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS, numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE, CITY OF LONDON.

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,
143 SMITHFIELD STREET.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

WAGNER'S FRENCH COLORING,

The Very Best in the United States,

MANUFACTURED BY

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981 North Seventh Street,

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REFERENCES—All the leading houses in Philadelphia. ja25:s90-TTHS

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IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,

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PURE RYE WHISKIES.

Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,

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FIRST STREET, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of COPPER DISTILLED PURE RYE WHISKY. Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES, and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:n58

AUCTION.

Chartiers Cemetery.

PUBLIC SALES

OF

BURIAL LOTS.

On the Cemetery Grounds, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M. on SATURDAY, and continuing April 30th, 1870, SATURDAY, May 7th, 1870, SATURDAY, May 14th, 1870.

Chartiers Cemetery is situated on the Temperanceville and Mansfield Plank Road, about 3 miles from the River and one-quarter of a mile from Cemetery Station, Pan Handle Railroad.

The grounds having been carefully plotted into sections and ranges, the managers can offer the most eligible lots at prices to suit the purses of all, and much below the prices now current in the city cemeteries. All who have not yet purchased a Family Burial Lot are particularly directed to these sales, and urged to come at once and make selection of a lot while the prices are so low.

Visitors from the cities and boroughs can reach the Cemetery by taking the Accommodation Train, leaving the Union Depot at 11:25 A. M.; leaving Birmingham Station at 11:35 A. M.; leaving Temperanceville Station at 11:40 A. M.; and get off the train at Cemetery Station. Trains return in the afternoon at 2:30 and 5:30 P. M. ap26:w32

PAINTING, GRAINING, &c.

JOHN T. GRAY,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

GRAINER AND GLAZIER,

No. 54 NINTH STREET.

ja20:127 (Late Hand street,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

BUTTER.
15 boxes Fresh Roll Butter;
10 half barrels;
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
141 First avenue.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ CONSUMPTION.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP for the cure of Coughs, Colds and Consumption.

Dr. SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC for the cure of Dyspepsia and all the Debilitated Conditions of the Stomach.

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, for Diseases of the Liver or to act as a Gentle Purgative.

All of these three Medicines are often required in curing Consumption, though the Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many desperate cases. The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills assist in regulating the Stomach and Liver, and help the Pulmonic Syrup to digest and search through the blood vessels, by which means a cure is soon effected.

These Medicines are conscientiously offered to the Public as the only safe, certain and reliable remedy for Pulmonary Consumption, and for all those morbid conditions of the body which lead to that fatal disease. Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are often forerunners of Consumption, and when they manifest themselves they require the most prompt attention.

The Pulmonic Syrup is a medicine which has had a long probation before the public. Its value has been proved by the thousand cures it has made through a period of more than thirty-five years, in all of which time its reputation has increased, and the most obstinate skepticism can no longer doubt that it is a remedy which may be used with confidence in all cases which admit of a cure.

If the patient will perseveringly follow the directions which accompany each bottle, he will certainly be cured, if his lungs are not too much wasted to make a cure possible. Even in cases supposed to be incurable, when friends and physicians have despaired, the use of this Medicine has saved the life of the patient and restored him to perfect health.

Dr. Schenck does not say that all cases of Pulmonary Consumption are within the reach of medicine, but he emphatically asserts that often when patients have the most alarming symptoms, such as a violent cough, creeping chills, night sweats, general debility, even to such a degree that they are obliged to lie in bed, and when they are given up by their physician, they may still be cured. No medical treatment can create new lungs, but when the lungs are very badly diseased and to some extent destroyed, a cure may be effected by Dr. Schenck's medicine.

Also, in Scrofulous Diseases, these medicines are equally efficient. Dr. Schenck has photographs of a number of persons who have been nearly covered with running sores and now all healed up. This shows its purifying properties, which must be able to heal cavities in the lungs.

In the treatment of Consumption it is of the utmost importance to give vigor and a healthy tone to the system. Hence it is necessary to strengthen the appetite of the patient and improve the digestion. Proper nourishment is required together with such means as will make the food easily digestible. The articles most suitable for the diet of Consumptive patients are designated in Dr. Schenck's Almanacs, which are distributed gratuitously. In general, the most highly nutritous articles are to be preferred, but the digestive organs must be strengthened in order to make either food or medicine serviceable. This requirement is met by the Seaweed Tonic, and for this purpose it was designated.

When the digestive powers are put in good order, the food has its proper effect, the system of the patient is invigorated and the lungs begin to exercise their functions in a normal and healthy manner. Then the healing powers of Pulmonic Syrup will effect the cure.

Pulmonary Consumption is almost always complicated with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. Schenck's Mandrake Pills are intended to remove obstructions from the Liver and restore its healthy action. They have all the efficacy which is ascribed to calomel or "blue mass," and are warranted not to contain a particle of any mineral poison. These Pills cure the most obstinate costiveness, sick headache, piles, billious affections, and all other diseases which arise from a torpid or obstructed condition of the Liver. One box of these pills will prove the efficacy of the medicine.

In Consumption the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are invaluable auxiliary medicines. They relieve the sufferings of the patient and assist the Pulmonic Syrup in effecting a cure. They have been found useful in advanced stages of Consumption, where the lungs are almost entirely destroyed and all symptoms according to the judgment of the physician indicated a speedy death. The lives of patients who were actually in a dying condition have been preserved for months by the use of Schenck's three great remedies.

Dr. Schenck's Almanac contains a full treatise on the various forms of disease, his mode of treatment and general directions how to use his medicine can be had gratis, or sent by mail by addressing his Principal Office, No. 15 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. de27:d&T

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ap23:w34

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ap12:v75

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ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Mail Train	1:30 am	*Southern ex	5:20 am
Fast Line	12:12 am	*Pacific Ex	2:40 am
Wall's No. 1	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1	6:30 am
Brin'n Ac No. 1	7:50 am	Mail Train	8:10 am
Wall's No. 2	8:55 am	Brinton Ac	10:20 am
Cincinnati Ex	9:20 am	B'ks Ac No. 1	5:10 pm
Johnstown Ac	10:50 am	Cincin'ti Ex	12:35 pm
B'ks Ac No. 1	7:00 pm	Wall's No. 2	11:54 pm
Pittsb'gh Ex	1:30 pm	Johnstown Ac	4:05 pm
Pacific Ex	1:50 pm	Homew'd Ac. No. 1	5:50 pm
Wall's No. 3	2:35 pm	Phila. Express	3:50 pm
Homew'd Ac. No. 1	9:55 pm	Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm
Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm	Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm
Brin'n Ac No. 2	1:19 pm	*Fast Line	7:40 pm
Way Passn'r	10:20 pm	Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm

*These trains make close connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore.

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:10 p. m.

*Cincinnati Express leaves daily. Southern Express leaves daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to

W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

A. J. CASSATT,
my3 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after NOV. 14, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6:40 a m	Mail	7:00 a m
Freeport No. 1	5:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:20 a m
Express	10:40 a m	Sharpb'g No. 1	11:20 a m
Sharpb'g No. 1	1:20 p m	Express	2:30 p m
Freeport No. 2	4:05 p m	Springd'e No. 1	3:10 p m
Mail	5:30 p m	Freeport No. 2	3:20 p m
Springd'e No. 2	6:20 p m	Springd'e No. 2	6:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 P. M. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 P. M.

The trains leaving Allegheny City at 7:00 A. M. make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through tickets may be purchased at the Office, No. 1 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further particulars apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

A. J. CASSATT,
no15 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From MAY 1st, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	12:28 a m	Fast Line	2:30 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	7:28 a m	Pacific Ex	12:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail	6:58 a m	C. & St. L. Ex	7:18 p m
Chicago Ex	9:58 a m	Chicago Mail	3:28 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	1:38 p m
Pacific Ex	2:28 p m	Erie & Eg'n Ex	6:03 p m
W'e & Erie Ex	4:03 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	7:08 p m
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Bea'r Falls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale	10:18 a m	Bea'r Falls	7:58 a m
"	11:53 a m	New Castle	10:33 a m
Rochester "	2:18 p m	Enon	8:58 a m
Enon "	4:28 p m	Leetsdale	12:43 p m
Leetsdale "	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls	2:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:23 p m	Leetsdale	4:43 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	"	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:58 a m

☞ Pacific Express will leave daily.
☞ Pacific Express arrives daily.
☞ Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

F. R. MYERS, Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent. J. N. McCULLOUGH, Genl. Manager.

CHANGE OF TIME.—ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.—The only DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, Nov. 22, 1869, TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY, (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.		ARRIVE IN PITTSBURGH.	
Day Ex	7:15 A. M.	Day Ex	5:30 P. M.
Night Ex	8:00 P. M.	Night Ex	7:00 A. M.
1st Hulton	6:40 A. M.	1st Hulton	6:25 A. M.
2d Hulton	11:50 A. M.	2d Hulton	8:40 A. M.
3d Hulton	5:00 P. M.	3d Hulton	2:10 P. M.
4th Hulton	11:00 P. M.	4th Hulton	7:15 P. M.
Freeport Ac	9:30 A. M.	Soda Works	7:55 A. M.
Soda Works	6:30 P. M.	Freeport Ac	6:15 P. M.
Brady's B Ac	3:15 P. M.	Brady's B Ac	10:05 A. M.
Church	1:00 P. M.	Church	10:20 A. M.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

We are now running "Silver Palace Sleeping Cars" on our night Express trains, both ways from Pittsburgh to Corry.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Supt.
THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Supt.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 14th, 1869, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

Pittsburgh Time.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Mail	2:08 a. m.	12:13 p. m.
Southern Express	2:28 p. m.	5:00 a. m.
Fast Line	9:48 a. m.	7:18 p. m.
Mixed Accommodation	5:43 a. m.	6:52 p. m.
McDonald Acc'n. No. 1	11:28 a. m.	7:33 a. m.
Steubenville Accommod.	3:43 p. m.	9:48 a. m.
McDonald Acc'n. No. 2	5:53 p. m.	3:28 p. m.
Sunday Church Train	12:58 p. m.	9:58 a. m.

2:28 p. m. Express will leave daily.
12:12 p. m. Mail will arrive daily.

S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison, Ohio. no15

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

On and after SUNDAY, February 20th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart from the Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Mail to and from Unt'n	7:00 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
McKeesport Accommod	11:00 a. m.	2:05 p. m.
Ex. to and from Unt'n	3:15 p. m.	10:00 a. m.
West Newton Accommo	4:30 p. m.	8:35 a. m.
Braddock's Accommoda	6:15 p. m.	7:50 p. m.
Night Acc. to McKeesp't	10:30 p. m.	6:45 a. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

RICHARD B. SOWERS, Agent.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

ESTABLISHED 1831.

Logan, Gregg & Co.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

No. 52 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Spring Goods, Hoes, Rakes, Forks, Scythes, Snaths, &c.

Merchants are invited to examine our stock when in the city.

Orders by mail will have prompt attention.

BEAVER FALLS CUTLERY COMPANY.

BEAVER FALLS

CUTLERY CO.,

No. 70 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THEIR NEW

Solid Cast Handle

TABLE KNIFE.

Superior Steel Blade, with concave Bolster. The metal composing this handle is cast firmly to the blade, securing the utmost strength in construction without additional weight.

It is made of the requisite hardness, and will not tarnish or blacken, as in the case of plated ware. In color and brilliancy, it is similar to pure silver. Handle and Blade, as above described, constitute an article of UNIQUE DESIGN, Elegant Appearance and Great Durability.

The Superb Style and Great Strength of this article enables the manufacturers to recommend it as especially adapted for use in all Hotels, Steamboats, Restaurants, Public Institutions and Private Families.

Beaver Falls Cutlery Co.,

NO. 70 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Table Cutlery and Pocket Knives.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

BRASS CASTINGS.

HENRY BIER..........GUSTAVE BASCH

Henry Bier & Co.,

(Successors to JOHN M. COOPER & CO.)

BELL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

Brass Castings

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

MALEABLE AND GREY IRON FITTINGS, GAS PIPE AND TUBING, THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES, ALL GLOBE PATTERN IRON COCKS, BRASS WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION for Steam, Water and Oil.

Manufacturers of J. M. Cooper & Co's IMPROVED BALANCE-WHEEL STEAM PUMP.

AGENTS of DREYFUS' PATENT OILERS, the best in the market.

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets.

ap26

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,

Corner LIBERTY STREET and THIRD AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa., BRASS FOUNDERS and IRON PIPE FITTERS, and AGENTS for A. S. CAMERON & CO'S STEAM PUMPS AND BLOWERS.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATVATER & CO.,

Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.

Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Base Ball is breaking out.

◆

Pine Apples have made their appearance in market.

◆

The excavation for the new Opera House progresses.

◆

Flowers have appeared in country bunches in the markets.

◆

The U. S. Grand Jury yesterday visited Dixmont Hospital. None of them were kept.

◆

A grand masquerade ball among the colored folks is to come off about the first of June.

◆

Mayor Callow was absent from the city yesterday. Alderman Irwin acted in his place.

◆

Twenty-one cases were in the tombs yesterday morning. They were brushed in the usual way.

◆

Candidates for office are very quiet. A good shower of rain might have the effect of bringing them out.

◆

Members of Henry Lambert Lodge 475, I. O. of O. F., will find a notice concerning them on our first page.

◆

Disorderly.—James Clinton was yesterday committed to the workhouse for thirty days for disorderly conduct.

◆

Stained Glass equal in brilliancy of color or artistic taste in design to the productions of the old masters. Wm. Nelson, No. 23 Market street.

◆

The Cincinnati express, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was delayed yesterday several hours at Conemaugh, by the wrecking of a freight train.

◆

Thomas McNally had his leg crushed Monday evening by the cars at Woods Run. Dr. Buchanan amputated the limb and the patient is doing well.

◆

Thirty Days.—Catharine Crossland, was drunk and disorderly yesterday, for which she was arrested and after a hearing committed to jail for thirty days.

◆

The Grand Festival being held in John Wesley Chapel, for the benefit of the church, will be continued during this and next week. An invitation is extended to all.

◆

Louis Buchter was buried with high civic honors yesterday. The "Red Men" and seven wise men of the "East" were out in full force, accompanied by bands of music.

◆

A runaway and smash up of a light spring wagon occurred on the Monongahela wharf yesterday. Nobody hurt. The horses were caught at the Point, having started from Ferry street.

◆

Assistant U. S. Attorney Miller is the right man in the right place. He is at home in the Grand Jury room, prepares his indictments in correct style and is prompt, attentive and corteous.

◆

Surgeon General.—Dr. J. H. Roberts has been appointed Surgeon General, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, of the 18th division of Pennsylvania Militia, on Gen. A. L. Pearson's staff.

◆

To the Refuge.—Patrick Maloney, a boy about thirteen years of age, was sent to the House of Refuge yesterday by the Mayor, at the request of his parents, who state that he is incorrigible.

◆

The richest and most elaborate designs in color and execution are to be seen at Wm. Nelson's glass staining establishment, No. 23 Market street.

◆

Yesterday John Bayne and his wife, Mary Ann Bayne, were committed by Alderman McMasters for trial for maintaining a disorderly house on Colwell street, No. 16,—Nicholas Hauk prosecutor.

◆

The Very Reverend J. Hickey, will lecture before the society of St. Vincent de Paul on next Sabbath evening at 7½ o'clock, for the benefit of the poor. Subject, "The Church and the Schools." Admittance 50 cents.

◆

Assault.—Policeman Huff, of the Allegheny Park, was assaulted by a party of ruffians on Monday night, who threw stones at the officer in profusion. Mr. Huff thinks he can identify the parties, and they will likely be hunted up.

◆

We are not strong in a muscular sense, though in everything else we think we are "hefty," but our old friend Dr. H. said to us the other day, "Stand up straight, drink plenty of Pier, Dannals & Co.'s cream ale and you will live to be seventy-five, my hearty."

◆

Frank Molinah, who keeps a fruit stand at the corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street next the GAZETTE Building, has received from New York a fresh suppy of the finest pine apples ever brought to this city. Frank is always up to the times and sells cheap for cash.

◆

Designs and estimates furnished at the shortest notice for churches, public buildings and private residences, by Wm. Nelson, No. 23 Market street.

◆

A Pea-nut vender on Smithfield street, on being served with a notice yesterday by the Revenue officer to pay ten dollars as a retail dealer, fell on his knees and commenced crying. The officer explained, when Italy gave him a pea-nut saying, you no lika you no taka.

◆

Matrimonial.—At Calvary church, on Tuesday evening, Mr. Charles H. Bradley was united in matrimony to Miss May Brigham the handsome and accomplished daughter of C. D. Brigham Esq., editor of the *Commercial*. The happy young couple have our best wishes for their future welfare.

◆

Announcement.—William Semple, 180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny, respectfully announces to his numerous customers that his place of business will be closed punctually at nine o'clock every Saturday evening, and would recommend that all would make their purchases as early in the day as possible.

◆

Assault and Battery.—George Meyer made information before Justice Heisel yesterday, charging Lewis Smith with assault and battery. The parties work at Graff, Bennett & Co.'s mill, where a difficulty occurred between them, when, as the prosecutor alleges, the defendant struck him in the eye with his fist. A warrant was issued.

◆

Ninety Days.—J. H. Reismeyer, a resident of the "Point," left the city yesterday morning for "Claremont," on a visit to his old friends, Neely Burns and Tom Grogan, where he will remain for the next ninety days. Mayor Brush, we believe, proposed the visit, and kindly furnished the visitor with transportation and an escort.

◆

Wm. Nelson, No. 23 Market street, will furnish plain or tinted enameled glass in lead sash, properly cemented and with the necessary fastenings ready for putting in the frames, at the lowest prices.

◆

Carelessness.—Mollie McMannus was enjoying one of her usual drunks yesterday, and as a natural consequence was taken to the tombs. On her way there, in charge of officer Ekoff, who it appears allowed her to walk along some distance in front of him, she made an assault on Pittock's windows and demolished several lights of glass.

◆

Knocked Down.—Nimrod Meyer and Patrick Keating were drinking Bock Beer in a saloon in Ormsby yesterday, where they got into an altercation about its intoxicating qualities, when, as is alleged, Patrick knocked Nimrod down. The latter made information before Justice Heisel, charging Patrick with assault and battery. A warrant was issued.

◆

Larceny.—Nathan Davis, a deck hand on the steamer "Brilliant," made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging S. McGill with larceny. It appears that Davis and McGill were negotiating about trade and Davis drew his boots to allow McGill to try them on, and, as Davis alleges, McGill picked them up and ran away leaving him bootless. A warrant was issued.

◆

Held for Trial.—W. H. Evans, who has been in jail for some time past awaiting a hearing on a charge of horse stealing, was brought before the Mayor yesterday for a hearing. Mr. Evans, after the information was read, stated that in order to save trouble and time in the matter he would admit the charge, or, in other words, waived a hearing. In default of bail in the sum of $1000, he was remanded to jail.

◆

Gratifying Announcement.—The public generally, and housekeepers in particular, especially those in want of a Looking-glass, will be both gratified and benefited to know that T. H. Chapman, wholesale jobber in Looking-glasses, has opened a full line of glasses at retail, and will sell them at from twenty-five to thirty per cent. less than from any other house in the city, at No. 43 Market street, two doors below Third avenue. 6

◆

Caught at Last.—Frankfort, the fellow who broke jail in this city some three months since, has been captured and will arrive here in custody of Warden Scandrett to-day. It appears that about the first of March, Frankfort was arrested in Cincinnati on some criminal charge, and committed to jail, under one of his many *aliases*. A few days since, Mr. Scandrett ascertained the fact and left with the necessary papers in his posession to bring him back.

◆

To Washington.—Mr. Hare, the accommodating proprietor of the Washington stage line, has placed a daily line of coaches on the "Havelock" route, and arrangements have been made with the railroad company for the sale of through tickets. This will be a great convenience, as it has been heretofore to the citizens of Washington, as it will enable them to visit the city and return the same day, giving ample time to transact an ordinary amount of business.

◆

The Ladies in Allegheny have voted, and in counting the vote, they found it to be almost unanimous in favor of the new store of Kitchin & Beggs, No. 122 Federal street, as the place where they can get "loves of bonnets," the prettiest hats and most beautiful trimmings to be found anywhere in our "sister city." This store has another opening on the sixth, and although the last was a crowded one, yet the next bids fair to surpass it. The opening will be grand, and the attendance will be great.

◆

Wanted.—The authorities of East Birmingham are in search of Mrs. Whelling, who is charged before Justice Heisel with disorderly conduct on oath of Martin Neckel. It appears that the prosecutor and defendant both reside in the same building, the former on the first floor and the latter in a room directly over him on the second floor. Neckel alleges that the defendant annoys him every night after he and his family have retired, by pounding on the floor with an axe. A warrant was issued.

◆

To All Whom it May Concern.—Do you want a home where you can live under your own vine and your own shade tree? Then consult the "Real Estate Register," by Croft & Phillips.

Do you wish to sell a lot, a house, or a farm so as to make the most of it? Then have it inserted in the "Real Estate Register," by Croft & Phillips. They are "fair and square" men and you need have no fears of being gulled, deceived or cheated, in purchasing property from them, or in intrusting it to their hands for sale. Try them.

THE MAY PARTY.

◆

Second Gathering of the "Suffragists"—Outflanked by the Reporters—Commingling of the Elements—What was Done—What was Said—What is Contemplated—Further Details of the Great Reform.

Well, they met again yesterday—and the World still moves. It's hard to stop the world. It was a pleasant little May Party, and under the inspiration of the loveliest of May afternoons could hardly fail of yielding enjoyment to every participant—reporters included. That should be taken, in its literal signification, not as "sarkasm." The first persons "on the grounds" were the reporters. It's strange, but true; they were there first, and still more remarkable, they arrived in a body, not singly, as on the previous occasion. There was method in their movements, which is easily explained. Rumors filled the air, since the last meeting, to the effect that the "Suffragists" were willing to dispense with the services of the corps reportorial; nay, not only willing, but determined to do without them. Under the circumstances, the proscribed race had no recourse but an alliance offensive and defensive. Offensive, perhaps, to the "Suffragists" because they determined to attend, and defensive of their rights as press representatives, because they must have the news. So arrayed in solid phalanx, to use a military figure, they advanced upon the enemy. Moving forward in unbroken front, they scaled the gate and passed up the avenue leading to the enemy's stronghold, when unprepared for such a bold attack, the garrison confessed its weakness and surrendered at discretion. Thus the reporters, in advance of all the others, took possession and Micawber like, waited for "something to turn up."

They commenced to "turn up" about four o'clock, first singly, then in couples and then in squads. As they entered and perceived the corner in which the knights of the pencil had esconsced themselves ready for action, looks of dismay overspread the suffragist countenance, but as there seemed to be no help for it, with the resignation of despair, each occupied a seat in silence and assumed a pleasing appearance of pensive indifference.

They were wise suffragists who at a previous meeting insisted upon having the Press represented, that "some interest might be awakened in the glorious cause." Through the medium of these useful and ornamental members of society an interest had been awakened, so much so that at the designated hour for the opening of the programme the "rooms" were filled with the attendants to such an extent that many—half at least—were compelled to stand for want of better accommodations.

A HAPPY AUGURY.

When all had assembled, there was one distinguishing feature in the gathering which had not marked its predecessor. There were plenty of women, but that was not it. The raiment, too, was of a springy, bright, attractive character, as before, but that was not it. Scattered here and there in promiscuous picturesqueness, almost hid behind the foliage of silks, laces, hats and bonnets, curls and chignons, and what not, were to be seen specimens of the other sex—(not reporters). The figure was complete. There were the representative oaks and the tender vines. The vines tried an attempt to climb without the oaks. The attempt was disastrous, judging from the presence of the oaks at the next trial.

There was something inexpressibly appropriate in the presence of the sterner sex on the occasion which the casual observer might not have noted. The "weaker vessels" wanted their rights. The men were present to protect them. One of the inalienable rights of woman is male protection. Hence the men were in their proper sphere and the women, thus at the outset of their efforts, had already secured one of their rights. How beautiful the scene. How happy the omen. How encouraging the augury for the future.

Engaged in pleasant musings upon this fortutious feature of the second gathering, the reportorial mind was suddenly attracted from etherial to terrestrial things by the appearance of the President of the Association, who sailed majestically in the room, seated herself in official dignity in the rulers chair, beside the little marble topped table heretofore mentioned and with a benignant smile, which found its answer in the faces of the other suffragists, announced "the meeting will

"COME TO ORDER LADIES"

and the Secretary will read the minutes."

The hum of conversation which previously filled the rooms with whispered melody instantly ceased, the "ladies" came to order and the Secretary Miss Hattie Smith as requested read the record of the last meeting's proceedings. No objection being made to them, they were approved. After this exhaustive toil the meeting took a little rest in chatting. The President again brought all hands back to business by stating that the "next thing in order is the reading of the Constitution and By-Laws by the Committee, of which Mrs. Hindman is chairman.

The lady alluded to, being thus admonished to set before the association the result of her deliberations as a law maker, arose from one corner, cast a glance about the room, which at once transfixed all attention, and then proceeded in measured tones to read the following document:

THE CONSTITUTION.

PREAMBLE. The undersigned friends of woman suffrage assembled in Allegheny City, Pa., May 4th, 1870, believing that an organization is needed for the advancement and efficient prosecution of the woman suffrage movement in Western Pennsylvania, do hereby form the "Allegheny County Woman Suffrage Association."

ART. 1. This Association shall be called The Woman's Suffrage Association of Allegheny County, Pa.

ART. 2. Its object shall be to secure the elective franchise to women on equal terms with men.

ART. 3. Any person favoring this object and agreeing to this Constitution may become a member of this Association by paying annually the sum of one dollar, and all its members shall be entitled to a vote at all meetings of the Association.

ART. 4. The officers of this Association shall be a President, two Vice Presidents, a Corresponding Secretary, Recording Secretary, Treasurer and an Executive Committee of ten, three of whom shall form a quorum.

ART. 5. The officers shall be elected bi-annually, holding their offices for a term of six months.

ART. 5. All officers shall be elected by ballot, and the persons having the highest number of votes shall be considered duly elected to the office for which she was a candidate.

ART. 7. The meetings of the Association shall be held on the first an third Thursdays of every month. [Amended so as to make one meeting only on the third Thursday.]

ART. 8. The Executive Committee may fill vacancies in its own body, or any office (the Presidency excepted) occurring prior to the next regular election.

ART. 9. No money shall be paid out by the Treasurer, except under such restrictions as the Executive Committee may provide.

ART. 10. This Constitution may be amended at any meeting by two-thirds of the members: provided the mover of the amendment give notice of the same at the previous meeting.

It was received in breathless silence, broken only by one of the reporters, who, failing to hear distinctly, boldly and fearlessly caught up his chair, seized his notebook, and, with undaunted mien, trod the intervening space between the reportorial desk and the President's seat, landing at last in conspicuous position for both hearing and seeing. For the first time a grave smile o'erspread the countenances of the "Suffragists," but it was only for a moment, and then each resumed its normal condition, expressive of suffering martyrdom.

The reading of the paper was followed with a little chat, when the President asked how it should be adopted.

Mrs. Hindman—I move that it be read again and adopted then *in toto*, unless objection is made. The ladies can object to any article.

The motion was carried, and for the second time the constitution was inflicted upon the hearers, who bore it meekly.

The first objection was made by the President, Mrs. Jenkins, who thought one meeting in a month sufficient. The ladies would have to prepare exercises for these meetings, and with two in a month they couldn't do so. It would be too hard work, and the meetings would be wearisome.

Mrs. Hindman then moved that the section be amended so as to call for one meeting each month—or the last Thursday of each, and that the meetings be subject to the call of the Executive Committee. Carried.

A LITTLE PANTOMIME.

The attention of the Association was now attracted for a moment to an interesting little pantomime. Two ladies were the actors—one was seated among the suffragists, the other slowly entered the hall. Suddenly the countenances of each lighted up, quick steps were taken forward, hands were extended, they embraced, faces met, not a word was spoken, but amid profound and almost painful silence, fair lips met, and —— they separated—the pantomime was over. It was a very pretty act. The exercises were frequently afterwards interrupted with these little exercises. They were not down on the programme, but never failed to interfere with business, until completed. To relieve themselves, at this juncture the Association again resorted to chatting. Five minutes were consumed in this manner. The reporters failed to catch the drift of what was going on. But it was made clear to them in a few minutes, when a motion was made by Mrs. Hindman that another article be added to the Constitution, providing that every meeting be opened with prayer, which was carried. The constitution was then adopted as a whole.

A lady in a spotted dress now manifested signs of activity. She wished to discuss the Constitution.

The President—Well, it's adopted now, but we can listen to your remarks.

Lady—Well then, I think ten of an executive committee is too many. And another thing, I object to allowing *any* person to come into the Association. Why under that clause

"THE MEN"

Can join our Association. I don't think we should allow that now. We women have started this movement and we should carry it on. If, after awhile, we want the men we can then admit them as members. I am opposed to that article.

The President—I don't think we should make any objection. We don't want to compel the men to join with us in this movement, but if they want to do so I don't think we should debar them. I know a great many who sympathise with us, and have labored in the cause, who would like to see the movement succeed.

Miss Hindman—Well, I too know of many gentlemen who would help us, and I think we ought to let them unite with the Association. They are as good as us. I don't think they are any better though. (Subdued laughter.) Both sexes should be engaged in such a cause. I don't think we should cultivate a spirit of caste. We don't want to disfranchise the men. We only want to come up to their standard and be equal to them. We should admit them, I think. They will do us good, and no harm.

The President—In the early history of every cause prejudice is often in the way of advancement. Don't let it govern us. Don't let us keep gentlemen out, especially as none have yet asked to come in.

So the discussion continued, the unfortunate male sex gradually gaining good will and favor, until it was decided to make no change, which would prevent them from enjoying all the benefits and blessings of the association.

The constitution being thus disposed of, the report of the Committee on Resolutions was called for. In response thereto, Miss Kate Crain, of Pittsburgh, chairman, read the "resolves" as follows:

WHAT THEY RESOLVED.

Resolved, That as our Government is based upon the principles that "governments derive their *just* powers from the consent of the governed," and that "taxation without representation is tyranny," and as women of this nation have never been permitted to give their consent to existing laws, and have been taxed without representation, therefore our Government is unjust and tyrannical to women and untrue to its own principles.

Resolved, That it is not only *injustice* to withhold from women the ballot, but as it has been given to every species of mankind in the nation, it is the grossest *indignity* to the women of this Republic to deny them citizenship, thus politically classing them with children, idiots, felons and lunatics.

Resolved, That it is the duty of Congress to effect a Sixteenth Amendment in the United States Constitution, enfranchising the women of this nation, thus placing them on a political equality with men.

Resolved, That the nation needs in its political life the combined moral strength of the people, and that women, therefore, should not shrink from the responsibility which the ballot will impose, but consider it a moral duty to accept and use it for the nation's good.

Resolved, That neither law nor public sentiment should prevent women from entering the field of labor she may choose, and that she should receive equal pay with men for equal work.

Resolved, That all facilities for the highest education should be offered to women, and that they should be encouraged to the widest use of their talents in the great work of life.

They were discussed in the same manner as the previous document had been.

Mrs. Foster objected to the language of the first as too harsh, and asked if

"SOMETHING SOFTER"

could not be substituted. She couldn't exactly see how the Government was "tyrannical" and oppressive.

President, (inquiringly)—Rather a severe judgment, you think?

Mrs. Foster—Exactly.

The discussion then took a wide range. Many "suffragists" became exceedingly wrathy as they contemplated the base tyranny and oppression to which the Government subjected them.

Mrs. Jenkins thought it tyrannical, because it taxed women and yet gave them no representation.

Mrs. Foster contended that the sentiment should be modified so as to protest against the withholding of the franchise from women, but not condemnatory of the whole Government.

Miss Hindman thought the Government eminently worthy of praise—except in this one particular of suffrage. Here it was tyrannical. If the women of the land asked to be placed on a plane with other citizens, they would now be refused. This was the basest tyranny. In reply to the argument that the ballot and the bullet went together, the fair speaker drew an affecting picture of the wife sitting at home, while her husband was on the battle-field, and contended that the women suffered more from war than men—that any of them would be willing to exchange places. This interesting fact, in connubial life, drew tears from the eyes of many, and was a clincher to the argument. The first "resolve" was not changed.

When the excitement consequent upon this harrowing view of woman's suffering had subsided, and the suffragists again calmed by a little quiet chat, business was resumed, and the second resolution read, when Mrs. Jenkins taid:

CHEERFUL VIEW.

I wish to say a few words in support of this resolution, as I think it embodies a very important principle, but one which is almost entirely ignored.

We frequently hear women say they do not wish the franchise; that they feel no interest in legislation. We have even heard them boast of their ignorance and indifference regarding all political affairs.

Sometimes it has occurred that women like Mrs. Admiral Dahlgreen, and other leaders in fashionable life, have forsaken the modest obscurity and subserviency, which, they say, is the only becoming condition of our sex, and have loudly protested that the franchise be not extended, even to those who, on the highest principles demand it. We have even heard good, conscientious men disclaim all connection with politics—say they never voted because politics had fallen into the hands of unprincipled men, and had become utterly corrupt.

Now, is this holding aloof from the political life of the republic; this scoffing at it, as unfit for good men and women—is this, I ask, the spirit of a true American citizen?

If our nation, even in its infancy, is in danger of falling into the hands of bad men, shall good men and women, who love their country, stand idly by and make no effort to save it, saying, "This is no business of mine?"

THE MORAL ARGUMENT.

I believe it is the moral duty of every good man and woman in this nation to attend to its political excellence and honor; to strive that we have good laws; to watch and work that dishonest, vile and ignorant men shall not get into power; that the rich and strong shall have no power to oppress the poor and weak; that crime, whether in high or in low places, shall be surely but humanely punished, and that vice shall be prevented.

Now, as all this is matter for legislation, and as the ballot is the direct instrument by which we effect legislation, it becomes the sacred duty of every good man to use the ballot, and use it in the service of righteousness; and it becomes the moral duty of every intelligent and virtuous daughter of this republic to ask this ballot, that she, too, may become a positive power in promoting the public good.

When woman realizes how near to her are many of the subjects upon which men legislate; that the money she earns, or may inherit, her home, and everything contained therein, even to her spoons and jewels; her children, her own free will, her life even, are matters of legislation, and have in time past been contemptibly legislated upon by men, how can she say she has no interest in legislation? When she remembers that schools, prisons, houses of refuge, asylums for deaf and dumb, and blind, and insane, and idiotic and the poor are subjects of legislation; that the sale of liquors, gambling and prostitution, and indeed all things which are striving to destroy our civilization, or to strengthen it, are matters for our law makers, how can she say she has no interest in legislation? Has she no interest but in sewing and cooking or her own present enjoyment? Can any woman who has sons and daughters who must sometime go out from the home to tread the dangerous paths of the world, feel no interest in clearing those paths of snares and pitfalls so that the way shall be broad, beautiful and safe?

The ballots of the women of this country could remove many a snare and change many an unjust law centuries earlier than the tears, persuasions, coaxings, prayers and reasonings of all the women of the nation without the ballot.

I feel that it is no more becoming a daughter of this republic to say, "I have no responsibility, no interest in the politics of my country," than for a daughter in the family to say, "I shirk all responsibility of this household; it is none of my business to be interested in the welfare of my brothers and sisters, in the honor of my home or the success of my father."

It is her moral duty in the one case as well as in the other, to do more than seek her own selfish enjoyment, to strive to promote the best interests of the large family of the nation as well as of the small family of the home.

I trust the day is not far distant when all women will awake to their duty in this great matter of the public welfare. It will not do to say we will leave this all to our brothers who can do it better than we. It is a foolish if not a wicked shirking of responsibility. Our brothers cannot do all this, better than we. They have done well in some directions but with our aid they will do better. God meant we should work together everywhere. He does not release man from duties in the home, (though, some men think so) nor woman from duties to the nation. A household without womans' direction is a bad affair; but a Government planned and prosecuted alone by men is a much more imperfect and one-sided arrangement. I say to my fellow-country-women it is our duty to ask, and accept this responsibility of the ballot and to use it as a sacred charge.

The succeeding resolutions were approved without debate, and the report of the Committee then accepted and adopted as a whole.

THE SUBJECT DISCUSSED.

Mrs. Pauline Danse next asked the indulgence of the Association while she read a fifteen minutes' speech in relation to the issue of the hour—Female Suffrage. She went over the whole ground, especially, and with touching tenderness, dwelling upon the Scriptural line of argument, and closing with an earnest exhortation to the girls to not fear being called strong-minded or old maids, or such playful epithets, but to be independent, fearless in thinking and deciding what was right, sacredly discharging their duties under every circumstance of life—especially in the matter of the ballot, when they got it. The dissertation created a great sensation, and at its close the lady was rewarded with a vote of thanks.

Miss Hattie Smith followed in an essay, in which she argued that it was a mistake to suppose that women's minds were bounded on the north, south, east and west by the walls of her kitchen. The fair suffragist became excited on this false idea, and after combatting it with mental vigor for about ten minutes, gracefully resumed her seat and a fan, while smiles of approval appeared on the countenances of her coworkers.

Miss Kate Crain, of Pittsburgh, was the next youthful debutant on the stage of the Association. In about eight minutes she disposed of the question of female education, and proved most conclusively to the satisfaction of the Association that giries should be educated as carefully as boys; that they should have the same privileges, and that when brought to acknowledge their age, be crowned with that inestimable chaplet, enfranchisement, or words to that effect. She was rewarded as her predecessor had been, with hearty approval, which would have perhaps taken shape in a vote of thanks, but that the "suffragists" now feel to chattering again, and all else for the time was forgotten.

A SAD SCENE.

One of the ladies now recollected that no permanent officers had been chosen. She mentioned the circumstance to a neighbor and it passed around the circle until Miss Hindman's attention was attracted. She was equal to the emergency, and moved that the Association meet at her residence, 312 Penn street, Saturday afternoon at four o'clock, to elect officers, none but members actual or prospective to be admitted. This was said with a wicked glance of triumph at the reporters. They smiled placidly, but nevertheless felt disturbed in spirit, and as quickly held a conference *sotto voce*. "We're outflanked" said they in a chorus. Sadness for moment reigned in the reportorial circle. It was too evident that they were conquered.

After deep meditation, at last one, with the radiant countenance of a triumphant martyr, announced himself as ready, for the success of the profession, to be immolated on the altar—*he would join the Association*. A shudder of horror ran through the group at this intelligence. With blanched faces each surveyed his neighbor and then the prospective victim. It was a sad sacrifice, but all felt a crisis had arrived which could not be met in any other manner. Admiring the sublime heroism of their colleague, and feeling that it was their only salvation, they could not, neither would he permit them, to expostulate; so, dropping each a tear to his memory, and deciding to resolve thirteen regrets, half a column long, for publication and for his bereaved family, they silently took him by the hand and bid him journalistic speed.

Miss Hindman at this juncture moved that a Committee of Two go about and get the names of all who desired to join them. The Committee was appointed and went "about." While they were going an editor of an evening paper, (not the *Chronicle*,) created a sensation by requesting them "to allow him the distinguished honor of suggesting his name as a member of the organization." They thanked and allowed him to tell his name and pay the Treasurer a dollar. The martyr reporter also, with meekness and resignation, affixed his signature to the "circulating medium" designated as a roll, and, turning to his companions after all was over, smiled a sweet smile of patience and sacrifice. His colleagues were too full for utterance. They had no heart for the remainder of the programme, but were aroused somewhat by an announcement made by the chair that a convention of "Suffragists" was to be held in New York next week, to which the association must

"SEND A DELEGATE."

The intelligence that the reportorial fraternity in the Great Metropolis were to be afflicted in common with them, had a soothing effect upon the reporters, who now manifested a little more attention. They discovered eventually that Miss Matilda Hindman had been selected as a delegate from Pittsburgh to New York suffragists,—with privilege to pay her own expenses. She accepted the situation benevolently.

The President then announced that the next regular meeting (after Saturday's) of the Association would be announced through the city press. The men gathered up their hats, the ladies shook the folds of their dresses, gave a parting look in the large mirror, adjusted chignon and bend and began slowly to disperse, and so the second gathering ended. Mrs. Foster's residence once more resumed its normal condition of quietness and peace.

CITY FINANCES.

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Statement of the Controller—April Receipts and March Expenditures—Balances in the Treasury, and Sinking Fund.

The city finances, as shown by the subjoined statement from the Controller's books, are in a more healthy condition than they have been for some time past. The balance in the Treasury and several sinking funds, which is, under the present judicious management of our financial affairs, drawing over five per cent. interest, is larger than is usually shown at this season of the year. We give the following detailed statement for the benefit of our city readers, many of whom doubtless are desirous to know what dispositisn is made of the money they pay over in the way of city taxes:

RECEIPTS DURING THE MONTH OF APRIL.

The receipts for the month of April at the Treasurer's Office from the various sources enumerated, were as follows:

From City Engineer (regulating lots).		$ 165 90
" Joseph French, water works		50 00
" R. J. McGowin, Contr'r, water bonds sold	$34,000 00	
" Accrued interest	1,045 59—	$35,045 59
" T. J. McKenna, Alderman, 20th ward		1 00
" Streets—1st dist	8 75	
" " —2d "	21 70—	30 45
" Publishing special ordinances		31 50
" Vehicle License		2,970 25
" Markets—Diamond, per Clerk Moore	$ 1,489 15	
" " —Kilgore	6,442 28—	$7,933 43
" Fifth ward Market		353 85
" Building Inspector		268 00
" City Gaugers		347 52
" Deputy Mayor Nichols for impounding hogs		7 00
" Monongahela Wharf		1,432 55
" Weighing Coal		178 52
" City Tax, 1869	$ 3,651 84	
" Business Tax, 1879	1,335 54	
" Water " "	2,095 84	
" Special " "	794 86—	$ 7,878 08
" City Weigh Scales		170 43
Total		$56,863 17

EXPENDITURES.

The expenditures for the month of March, the warrants for the payment of which were drawn in the month of April were as follows:

Interest	$ 1,083 07
Printing	450 00
Fire Engines and Hose	2,072 13
Police	10,225 18
Water Works	5,074 96
Streets	9,652 15
Diamond Markets	501 93
Monongahela Wharf	143 33
Allegheny "	123 83
Weigh Scales	17 55
Contingent Fund	649 76
City Property	1,000 00
Finance Fund	17 00
Fifth Ward Market	16 50
Fire Alarm Telegraph	640 00
Roads	1,203 22
Surveys	567 46
Water Extension	4,718 33
Water Extension Loan Interest	1 45
Water Extension Loan Sinking Fund	500 00
Total	$ 38,657 85

Paid by order of Finance Committee:		
Old City Scrip and interest paid	1 23	
City Tax of 1866 refunded	171 94	
Business Tax of 1869 refunded	137 01	
Special Tax of 1869 refunded	42 82—	353 00

UNEXPENDED BALANCE.

The unexpended balance in the City Treasury and several sinking funds, all of which is drawing interest at the rate of 5½ per cent., for the benefit of the city, was on the first of May, 1870, as follows:

In Treasury	$213,082,79
Municipal Sinking fund	139,196,76
Old City " "	5,687,92
Lawrenceville " "	138,47
Collins tp. " "	20,42
Liberty " "	11,10
Pitt " "	201,98
Peebles " "	132,50
Total	$358,472,94
Proceeds of water bonds sold and at interest	80,000,00
Grand Total	$438,472,94

THE COURTS.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

WEDNESDAY, May 4.—The case of the United States vs. Samuel Mason, previously reported, was resumed and concluded. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The next case taken up was that of the United States vs. Valentine Croft. This was an action to recover the penalty for violating the revenue law. The jury found a verdict for the Unifed States in the sum of $500.

The case of the United Statee vs. the distillery et al. of Valentine Croft, was next taken up. This was a case of forfeiture for alleged violations of the revenue law in relation to distilleries. Jury out.

On motion of R. R. Carnahan, Esp., W. K. Jennings, Esq., of Allegheny, was duly qualified and admitted to practice in this Court.

The cases of the United States vs. the Distillery of Samuel Mason, and the United States vs. Samuel Mason, civil action, were continued until the next term at Pittsburgh.

The Grand Jury, which was sworn yesterday, and of which Hon. J. M. Blanchard, of Lawrence county, is foreman, returned the following true bills to-day:

United States vs. George S. Munson, two indictments for violating revenue law; true bills.

United States vs. John Griffin; indicted for feloniously neglecting to efface stamps when emptying casks containing distilled spirits; true bill.

United States vs. Robert Eadling; indicted for carrying on the retail liquor business without procuring a license; true bill.

The bill against John W. Hall, indicted for passing counterfeit money, was ignored.

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Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

WEDNESDAY, May 4.—In the case of John H. Williams vs. John Berger & Nicholas Miller, reported yesterday, verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $100, as against both defendants.

Henry H. Collins vs. D. P. Hatch—action on Book Account—verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $119.58.

W. D. Hamilton vs. David Curry, action on a contract. Jury out.

George Carahan, et al., auditors of Union township, for use of said township, vs. Isaac Prescott and Thomas Carroon. Action on Bail Bond of the Supervisor of Roads of Union township, and his surety, for default in not paying over to Treasurer, taxes collected by him. Verdict for penal sum $2,230.50 to be released on the payment of $294.91.

W. D. Hamilton vs. David Durry. Action on a contract for building a house. Contract was made with W. D. Hamilton & Co., and a short time after they took the benefit of the Bankrupt act. Plaintiff went to defendant, and told him that he would complete the work and that he, Curry, would pay the assignee in bankruptcy. Liens were filed against the building, which defendant paid off, and now plaintiff sues for balance of contract price.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

159	Kauffman vs. Hasinge & Co.
160	Pittsburgh & Greensburg Turnpike Company, vs. McClintock.
161	Kennedy vs. Cassidy, *et al.*
163	Gallagher vs. Connelly.
164	Badger vs. Normine.
165	McKinney vs. Renouf.
166	McCafferty vs. Lanahan.
167	Horrel vs. David Nichols Exr.
168	Friend vs. A. M. Olnhousen.
169	Stettz vs. Sebastian Haid.

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Real Estate Transfers.

The following are the deeds admitted of record in the office of Thos. H. Hunter, Recorder for Allegheny county, Wednesday, May 4, 1870:

Wm. Elliott to Frank Peak, March 10, 1870; 20 by 100 feet on Ackley street, Allegheny, with building	$2,100
Stephen Dietrich et. al. to John Peeples, March 8, 1870; 22 by 100 feet on Butler street, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh	$3,500
John Peoples to Charles Zaller, January 1, 1870; 72 acres of land in Indiana township, with buildings	$5,625
John Taggart to Ellen Lafferty, July 6, 1868; 20 by 138 feet on Fremont street, Allegheny City	$1,600
George Finley to Catherine Wilson, April 29, 1870; an irregular lot in Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh	$1,625
Wm. M. Stevens to Letitia L. Orr, April 7, 1870; 20 by 132 feet on Page Street, Allegheny City	$1,850
Jno Lightener to Robt. Stevenson, March 31, 1870; 24 by 100 feet on Penn street, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh	$6,200
James Park to Mary W. Miller, April 30, 1870; one acre of ground in Kilbuck township	$1,000
Philip Smith to Julius Praeger, April 22, 1870; 25 by 100 feet on Leslie street, in borough of Mount Washington, with building	$2,500
John H. Hartman to Chris. Kemmer, January 14, 1870; 21 by 125 feet on Beaver avenue, Allegheny City	$1,600
Peter Blockinger to Jno. H. Stoude, February 4, 1870; 20 by 127 feet on Caroline street, East Birmingham	$950
D. P. Estep to Lippincott & Bakewell, 20 by 100 feet on Dinwiddie street, Pittsburgh,	$1,500
Thos. Rankin et. al. to W. O. Hughart, et. al., April 1, 1870; 98 17-100 perches of land in Union borough	$780

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Horse Killed.

About six o'clock last evening a frightful runaway occurred on Fifth avenue, which resulted in the death of a valuable animal owned by Mr. Dellenbaugh. Mr. D. was driving a pair of fast horses, one of which was the "Gipsy Mare," a well known trotting nag, down the avenue, and when between Wood and Market street they took fright at a pile of brick and started to run, and became unmanageable. The light wagon to which they were attached struck a butcher's wagon, which was coming up the street, and was turned completely over, throwing Mr. Dellenbaugh some distance on the street. The horses broke loose from the wagon and dashed down the avenue at a killing pace and the mare ran against Mr. Hare's coach in front of Hare's Hotel, inflicting injuries which caused her death in about half an hour afterwards. She was a valuable animal, and we learn that Mr. D. yesterday morning refused $1,300 for the pair.

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Disappeared.

Another Allegheny merchant has disappeared. He did business in the Fourth ward. He leaves indebtedness to the amount of about $18,000. He went last Saturday, and left a letter, in which he says an unprofitable enterprise in which he had invested heavily had ruined him financially, and he could not meet his creditors. His notes are scattered around among private individuals and corporations, ranging from $2,200 to $100. Some of the notes have already been collected of the endorsers. He left property valued at about $9,000, with mortgages on it of $7,400. His family consists of his wife and six children. There is no clue to his whereabouts. Heretofore his reputation was of the highest character, and none would have suspected him.

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Large Dividend.

We clip the following from the *Evening Chronicle* and gladly give it a place in our columns:

The Western Insurance Company has declared a dividend of five dollars per share, out of the earned profits of the last six months, which is equivalent to elevent per cent. on the amount paid in. As there are 4,400 shares held by the stockholders of this company, its business must have been exceedingly prosperous, and its earnings unusually large. We are glad it thrives so well.

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Come and See the Late Improvements on Singer's Sewing Machines before purchasing elsewhere. STRAW & MORTON, 20 Sixth Street.

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For looking glasses and picture frames go to Loughridge's, 171 Smithfield street.

A SENSATION.

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A Young Lady Dies from an Attempt to Procure an Abortion—Her Dying Declaration—Two Well Known Physicians of this City Charged with the Crime—One of them Held to Bail and the Other Committed in Default.

A sensation of the first magnitude was developed in this city yesterday by the arrest of two well known physicians, on a charge of attempt to procure an abortion, which resulted fatally. The facts, so far as we have been able to obtain them, are as follows:

On Monday last Mr. J. S. Fleming, residing at Blairsville Junction, Indiana county, came to the city and made information before Alderman Nicholson, charging Dr. W. A. Pratt, Dr. Thomas Hewitt and Barney Schultz with attempting to procure an abortion on Mrs. Isabella Weiner, at which time he made the following statement.

Some months since Schultz, who is a traveling agent for a patent right, made the acquaintance of a Mrs. Weiner, who was at that time residing at Blairsville Junction, and was on intimate terms with the lady. About three weeks ago Mrs. Weber, accompanied by Schultz, left Blairsville Junction and came to this city, where she remained until Thursday or Friday of last week, when she returned and came to his residence, very unwell. She continued to grow worse, and Sunday morning, having given up all hopes of recovery, she made a declaration to him, which was in substance as follows: She had been criminally intimate with Schultz, and when the result of her folly became known, on the advice of Schultz consented in order to hide her shame, to have an abortion procured, and was accompanied by her seducer to the residence of Dr. Hewitt, when she was attended by Drs. Hewitt and Pratt who attempted to procure an abortion for her. She had suffered terribly from the operation and finding that she was still growing weaker, had resolved to go home.

A short time after this statement was made by the unfortunate girl she died, and Mr. Fleming, deeming it his duty, came to the city and made the information as above stated.

The accused were arrested last evening, and Dr. Pratt gave bail in the sum of $10,000 for his appearance before the Alderman on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock, at which time the hearing will take place. Dr. Hewitt and Schultz were committed to jail in default of bail.

As the matter will doubtless be fully investigated by the Courts, comments upon it at this time would be injudicious. There are always two sides to a case, and it would be unjust to condemn the men in advance of being proven guilty before a proper tribunal.

WM. FLEMING & CO.

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The Spring and Summer Campaign in Hats, Caps and Straw Goods—Valuable Business Rules—Advantages Afforded Wholesale and Retail Purchasers.

Wm. Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street, justly deserve a full measure of credit for their inexhaustible energy and enterprise. In Winter they bend their exertions to the utmost in the fur trade and lead in it closely competing with and holding level the heaviest houses of the east, and affording their army of patrons opportunities for advantageous purchases which could no where else be improved upon; in the Spring and Summer they keep the rushing ball of trade going without cessation, and make Hats, Caps and Straw Goods the leading features of traffic. They manage well. Purchase carefully. Sell largely. Profits are made matters of secondary consideration. Slight margins on cost or no margins at all, rather than loose caste as leading house in this line of trade, is their conspicuous principle of doing business, and we do not marvel that they retain their place. Once a slow, steady moving merchant inquired of us "how in the world Fleming & Co. could afford to advertise so generously," for said he, "their profits are much less than mine, and I could not afford it." Our answer was that from our knowledge of arithmetic, ten per cent. profit on an hundred thousand dollar sales paid better than twenty per cent. on ten thousand dollar sales, and left a wide margin for the purchase of printer's ink. He saw it and we hope profited by the illustration. Fleming & Co. have a few rules which govern their business and which might profitably be adopted by most merchants. They are these:

1—Watch the markets. Buy carefully. Select such goods as will please patrons and prove worth all you ask for them. Let the stock be always large, fresh and inviting. Sacrifice goods rather than let them fall into the category of old stock.

2—Make profit a secondary consideration. Sell as largely as you can, at as low prices as you can possibly fix to your goods. Heavy sales at small prices always should have the preference over small sales at heavy profits.

3—Advertise what you can do. When customers call have your goods and prices to meet in every particular what you set forth in your advertisements.

4—Make no distinction in prices with customers. Allow the small dealer the advantages afforded the large merchant. There is no difference in the worth of their moneys.

5—Make no false representation to secure sale. Put all articles on their true basis, and let no person be deceived in what he is buying.

6—Deal courteously with all comers. The party who calls to look through the departments and to inquire prices, is as worthy politeness and consideration, even should he not want to purchase, as the man who buys thousands of dollars worth of goods.

7—Fill orders by mail as promptly as possible and with as much care as if you were in your customers place, and charge him such prices as you would if he was present.

8—Have a system of business. Depart not from any rule under any consideration, and have all about you understand as much.

It is therefore not to be wondered that this firm, with their business so well systematized, have long enjoyed a leading position in their trade and have succeeded in building up a solid and substantial patronage of immense proportions. They enter the spring and summer campaign with the most extensive line of spring and summer goods ever opened in this city. The shelves and counters of the wholesale and retail departments literally groan with weight of new and fashionable goods upon them. Hats and caps abound in endless profusion, embracing all the latest styles and fashions. We cannot to-day take the space to enumerate all the many leading specialties which mark the stock and render it inducing to customers; but we cannot fail mentioning the original and handsome silk hat, "our own style," which is exclusively manufactured by Fleming & Co. from an original and secured plan. The line of straw goods is full and complete, comprising everything usually found in the way. All the goods are offered at from 15 to 20 per cent. less than can elsewhere be procured, either at wholesale or retail. This fact, in addition to the style, quality and variety of the goods, should prove a great attraction to customers. Remember the place, 139 Wood street.

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Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Notwithstanding the warm weather Mr. Chanfrau has been drawing good audiences at the Opera House ever since the commencement of his engagement. Last evening the "Ticket of Leave Man" was presented to a full house, and in a highly satisfactory manner. This evening Mr. Chanfrau will appear in his speciality—"Kit," and to-morrow evening he takes a farewell benefit.

FAIR.—The attendance at the Mercy Hosrital Fair, now being held at City Hall, continues to be large, and an unusual degree of interest is manifested in the voting on the several articles.

THE RINK.—Large crowds attend the fair at the rink every evening, and a lively interest is manifested in the different enterprises on foot there. Go and see what a pleasant place the Rink is.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The Patti concerts which take place at the Academy of Music Friday and Saturday evenings, the 6th and 7th inst., promise to be the grand musical concerts of the season.

◆

Resignation and Appointment.

A short time since Mr. W. H. Smith, who for many years filled, so faithfully and satisfactorily, the position of Baggage Master on the Erie Express between Pittsburgh and New Castle, resigned his position to take charge of the store connected with the Clinton Coal Works, which had formerly been presided over by Andrew Crawford, Esq., brother of the President of the Beaver Valley railroad. Mr. Smith's resignation is greatly regretted by his numerous friends, as no one could be more polite or accommodating to the patrons of the P. F. W. & C. R. W. on his route. All, however, are glad to learn that he has got a more lucrative position.

Mr. Samuel Cole, who for some time had been rear brakeman on the same train, has been appointed as Mr. Smith's successor. Mr. Cole has great experience in railroading, ank has already proved himself to be well qualified for the situation.

◆

Death of an Old and Respected Citizen.

A few days ago Thomas Harbison, of Buffalo township, Butler county, the "veteran of the wilderness," and son of Massa Harbison, of "Indian memory," departed this life for that "Bourne whence no traveler returns." He opened up the wilderness, passed through the hardships of an early settler and by his industry and economy placed himself in easy circumstances.

◆

The residence of Hugh Gallaher, at Jack's Run, was entered Monday night and $50 worth of clothing taken away. Chase was given the thief. The pursuers, thinking the man had entered the residence of Mr. Williams, next door to the railroad station, forced their way into the dwelling against the owner's remonstrance. The thief was not found, and yesterday Mr. Williams made information against the parties for forcible entry. They were arrested and held for a hearing.

◆

Pittsburgher Dead.—A dispatch was received in this city yesterday stating that Carl Roehrig, who kept a tavern on East street, Allegheny, was found dead at Avon Station, Illinois. The dispatch gave no particulars as to the cause or manner of his death.

◆

Come and See the Late Improvements on Singer's Sewing Machines before purchasing elsewhere. STRAW & MORTON, 20 Sixth Street.

◆

Come and See the Late Improvements on Singer's Sewing Machines before purchasing elsewhere. STRAW & MORTON, 20 Sixth Street.

◆

The cheapest shoe house in the city is Wylies', No. 63 and 65 Fifth avenue.

◆

Come and See the Late Improvements on Singer's Sewing Machines before purchasing elsewhere. STRAW & MORTON, 20 Sixth Street.

◆

The Spring Stock of Henry G. Hale, Merchant Tailor, at corner of Penn avenue and Sixth street, is now large and complete. Monsieur Bonpain continues to preside at the cutting. tf

◆

Come and See the Late Improvements on Singer's Sewing Machines before purchasing elsewhere. STRAW & MORTON, 20 Sixth Street.

◆

Brushes! Brushes!—All kinds of brushes, of our own manufacture, at Loughridge, 171 Smithfield street.

◆

Come and See the Late Improvements on Singer's Sewing Machines before purchasing elsewhere. STRAW & MORTON, 20 Sixth Street.

◆

Children's Carriages, wholesale and retail, at Jas. Loughridge's, 171 Smithfield street.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Cotton firm; middling 21½@22c. Sales 4,000 bales; receipts 5,745 bales; exports 1,955 bales; stock 148,504 bales. Flour firm at $4,37½@4,50 for superfine, double X $5, treble X $5,50@6. Corn higher and $1,25 bid, held at $1,30. Oats fetches 70c. Bran sells at $1,40. Hay easier; prime $26@26,50. Pork $30,50@31; bacon 13½@14; shoulders 17½@18¼c. Sugar, molasses, coffee and whisky unchanged.

◆

Buffalo.

BUFFALO, May 4.—Receipts of cattle moderate. Market easy for buyers at about last week's rates. Fair to good shipping cattle $7,25@8,50. One lot of prime Canada steers brought $9,50. Sheep firm, but nothing done. Hogs dull at $9 to $9,25 for shipping stock, extra $9,50, stock pigs in demand at $10 to $10,50.

◆

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 4.—Cotton weak, middling 21½c. Flour $5. Corn $1,15. Wheat $1,05@1,20. Oats 64c. Rye 95c. Pork $29,75. Bacon 13c, 17c and 17¼c. Bulk meats 12c, 15½c and 16c. Lard 17c. Whisky $1,01. Tobacco; sales of 295 hhds at 5½@8c for frosted to lugs, 8¼@20c for low to good leaf.

◆

Ladies desire what men admire. And this little thing is Beauty. What do we say is beautiful? A transparent complexion and a luxuriant head of hair. What will produce these? Hagan's Magnolia Balm will make any lady of thirty appear but twenty; and Lyon's Kathairon will keep every hair in its place, and make it grow like the April grass. It prevents the hair from turning gray, eradicates Dandruff, and is the finest Hair Dressing in the world, and at only half ordinary cost. If you want to get rid of Sallowness, Pimples, Ring-marks, Moth-patches, etc., don't forget the Magnolia Balm. tthst

DIED:

FINLAY—On Tuesday evening, May 3d, at eight and a half o'clock, JAMES FINLAY, in the 47th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 180 Third avenue, on THURSDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock His friends are respectfully invited to attend.

WILLSON—At the camp of the Seventh U. S. Cavalry, Girard, Kansas, April 30th, Doctor JOHN WILLSON, son of the late Rev. Dr. James M. Willson.

TEMPLETON—On Wednesday morning, May 4, at the residence of George M. Reed, 196 Bedford avenue, Capt. GEO. M. TEMPLETON, late of the 27th U. S. Infantry, in the 27th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence o his mother in Canonsburg.

BRACKENRIDGE—On Wednesday, May 4th, in West Philadelphia, Mr. ALEXANDER BRACKENRIDGE.

JONES—On Wednesday morning, May 4th, at 3:40 o'clock, KATIE F., daughter of Jerome and the late Sarah Lones, aged 20 years, 11 months and 2 days.

CANDIDATES.

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE NEELEY,

Of Marshall Township, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

ap30:d&&

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Benjamin Douthett, Esq.,

Of Indiana township, is a candidate for County Commissioner, in subordination to the decision of the Republican Convention. Est modus in rebus.

ap30:w45d&T

☞ FOR ASSEMBLY.

DAVID L. FLEMING,

Of the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, (for many years connected with the GAZETTE office,) at the solicitation of many friends, will permit the use of his name for Assembly, subject to the nomination of the Union Republican party.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, May 3d, 1870.

☞ THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, free of all taxes, payable on and after the 10th inst.

my4:w37 A. LONG, Cashier.

☞ DIVIDEND.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, May 3, 1870.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR AND ONE HALF PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst., free of Government tax.

my4:w44 R. K. WILSON, Assistant Cashier.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
May 3d, 1870.

☞ THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 13th inst., free of Government, State and local taxes.

ms4:w41 W. ROSEBURG, Cashier.

THE IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 2, 1870.

☞ THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable, free of tax, to Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 12th inst. J. MAGOFFIN,

my3:w32 Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, May 3, 1870.

☞ DIVIDEND.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of

Five Dollars

upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to Stockholders, on and after the 10th inst.

my4:w49 WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

☞ BOUNTY.

$100 Bounty Collected

For all soldiers who enlisted between May 4th and July 22d, 1861, who were discharged for disability before serving two years, and who have heretofore received no bounty.

The undersigned has removed his office to GAZETTE Building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and is now prepared to collect claims speedily and at moderate rates. Call on, or address, with stamp,

B. F. BROWN,
Claim Agent, GAZETTE Building,
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PUBLIC NOTICE.—Having been appointed GAS and GAS METER INSPECTOR for Allegheny county, notice is hereby given that until the necessary office and Mechanical Testing Machinery can be provided, I will be found at the OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS, Twenty-third street, near Penn, Pittsburgh.

R. H. SMITH,
fe28:n58 Gas and Gas Meter Inspector.

☞ MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!—Just Published in a sealed envelope. Price, six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS." Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Postoffice box 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. my3:w30

STATEMENT OF THE

Real Estate

SAVINGS BANK.

APRIL 30th, 1870.

ASSETS.

Bonds and Mortgages (first liens on Real Estate)	$567,802 80
U. S. 1881 Bonds, at par	25,000 00
Real Estate	2,731 08
Office Furniture	503 60
Cash	72,781 54
Total	$668,819 02

LIABILITIES.

Due Depositors	$611,267 74
Due Depositors, interest, May 1st, 1870	15,235 15
Contingent Fund	42,316 13
	$668,819 02

The above is a true statement.

S. S. CARRIER, Treasurer.

The undersigned Auditing Committee, have examined the books of the Bank, the Bonds, Mortgages and Securities, and counted the Cash, and find the foregoing Statement correct.

WM. H. SMITH,
H. CHILDS,
NICHOLAS VOEGTLY, Jr. } Committee.

President—ISAAC JONES.
Vice President—WM. H. SMITH.
Accountant—B. C. PARKE.
Solicitor—E. BRADFORD TODD.

TRUSTEES:

Hon. Thos. M. Howe,	C. G. Hussey,
Isaac Jones,	Jacob Painter,
D. W. C. Bidwell,	Nicholas Voegtly,
Harvey Childs,	Wm. H. Smith.
Hon. J. K. Moorhead,	

Interest allowed on Deposits at 6 per cent. per annum, payable to Depositors in May and November, which, if not drawn, will be added to the principal and compounded.

Open for deposits from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. daily; and every Saturday evening from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

OFFICE:

63 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

my4:w43

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.

Bell and Brass Founders,

ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL

BRASSES

Made Promptly to Order.

BABBITT'S METAL

Made and Kept on Hand.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of

J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel

STEAM PUMP.

Office—882 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17TH and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh Pa.

OFFICIAL.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Mulberry street, from Rebecca street to terminus of street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Mulberry alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and they are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Union avenue, from Taggart street to northern terminus.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Union avenue, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading of School street, from Robinson street to the river.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the grading of School street as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, be and they are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Irwin avenue, from present terminus of paving to Washington avenue.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the Grading and Paving of Irwin avenue, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Pitt alley, from Montgomery avenue to Strawberry alley.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Jackson street, from Fremont street to Grant avenue.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Jackson street, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading of ungraded portion of Jalappa street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the Grading of Jalappa street, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Evans alley, from Fayette street to Western Avenue.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Evans alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of High street, from Iten street to Angle street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Commiitee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of High street as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expense of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Church avenue from Federal street to Union avenue.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Church avenue as aforsaid, (the north side walk to nearly five feet in width) and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this 28th day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Councils.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE—Widening Church AVENUE Eleven feet.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Church Avenue, from Federal Street to Union Avenue, be widened to an uniform width of forty-three feet, the extra width to include an addition of six feet to the present cartway, and five feet for sidewalk on the north side of said street.

SEC. 2. All ordinances inconsistent with this ordinance, be and they are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 28th day of April, A. D. 1870.

JAMES M'BRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.

OFFICIAL.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the issue of Water Bonds.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Controller be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to have bonds prepared, and designated as water bonds, to the amount of $100,000, to be of the denomination of $1,000, to bear date of July 1st, 1870, to mature in twenty years from date of issue, to have coupons attached bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable on the first days of January and July in each and every year, at the Union National Bank, in the city of Philadelphia, said bonds to be signed by the Mayor and Treasurer, and countersigned by the Controller.

SEC. 2. That all sales of said bonds which may be issued shall be made by the Controller of said city, by and with the advice of the Committee on Finance, and in all other respects the issue, sale and disposal of the proceeds of said bonds shall be in accordance with the Act of Assembly, entitled an act authorizing the City of Allegheny to issue water bonds, approved the 22d day of March, 1869.

SEC. 3. That the faith, credit and corporate property of the City of Allegheny be and is hereby pledged for the redemption of said bonds, at maturity and the interest accruing thereon.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 28th day of April, A. D. 1870.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. my5

AN ORDINANCE.—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Taggart street from Washington avenue to Union avenue.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Taggart street, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 28th day of April, A. D. 1870.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Buena Vista street from Taylor Avenue to Ackley street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Buena Vista street as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 28th day of April, A. D. 1870.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

P. McARDLE,

Fashionable

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Keeps constantly on hand CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS; also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

No. 93 1-2 Smithfield St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. ap19

REMOVAL.

GRAY & LOGAN

HAVE REMOVED FROM

No. 89 FIFTH AVENUE,

TO

No. 47 Sixth Street.

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!

1870.

J. C. M'PHERSON. C. L. MUHLANBRING.

M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,

Merchant Tailors, No. 10 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair.) We have received a large and well selected Stock of the best and most fashionable Goods in our line, a great portion of which are our own importation.

Feeling confident of our ability to give perfect satisfaction, we respectfully solicit from you an early examination of our stock of Fine Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

McPHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
mh10 No. 10 Sixth street.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER,

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WALL PAPERS.

NEW WALL PAPER.

FOR SPRING SALES,

at No. 107 Market St.,

NEAR FIFTH AVE.

We now offer to the public a stock of PAPER HANGINGS unsurpassed in the West for variety and beauty of styles, embracing all the Novelties in FRESCO, MOSAIC, PERSIAN and GRECIAN DESIGNS in plain and bright colors, for Halls, Dining Rooms, &c. Also, WOOD and MARBLE DECORATIONS, TINTED and GILT PARLOR PAPERS, with an almost endless variety of CHEAP SATIN PAPERS, WHITE and BROWN BLANKS for Chambers, &c. All of which we propose to sell as low as the lowest in the market. Call and see, at

No. 107 Market St., near Fifth Avenue.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

mh12:v35

WALL PAPERS.

SPRING, 1870.

PRICES REDUCED.

40 INCHES wide tints at 75c per roll.
GILT—a great variety at 50c per roll.
GLAZED—All kinds at 25c per roll.

ELEGANT French and American Paper Hangings, not specified above, superior to any assortment in the country. For sale at

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New Wholesale and Retail Store, 191 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. mh4

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Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WILL ON EVERY SATURDAY HOLD AN

AUCTION SALE

OF

Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.

JOHN H. STEWART. ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.

Livery, Sale and

COMMISSION STABLES,

Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:h4

Livingston & Co.,

Manufacturer of LIGHT GREY IRON

CASTINGS.

Light work our specialty. Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. Postoffice address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja28:t15

TO STONE CONTRACTORS.

County Soldiers' Monument.

ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, April 28th, 1870.

The Park Commissieners will receive PROPOSALS for the construction of the foundation for the Soldiers' Monument until TUESDAY, 3 P. M., May 3, 1870.

CHARLES DAVIS,
ap30:w52 Engineer.

INDIA RUBBER

BEDTING, HOSE AND STEAM PACKING

Of the Boston Belting Company's make. A full supply of all sizes. The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
r11 Agents for this city.

AMUSEMENT.

☞ NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Last night but two of the engagement of the popular comedian,

MR. F. S. CHANFRAU.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 5th, 1870, will be presented for positively the last time,

KIT; OR THE ARKANSAS TRAVELER.

Kit Redding........................Mr. F. S. Chanfrau

To conclude with Brougham's burlesque of

POCAHONTAS.

Friday—Farewell Benefit of Mr. Chanfrau.

Chanfrau Matinee on Saturday.

☞ ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

PATTI! PATTI!!

MAX STRAKOSCH respectfully announces that the world-renowned and unrivaled cantatrice,

Miss Carlotta Patti,

Will, prior to her departure for Rio Janeiro, on the 23d of May, per the Brazilian steamer South America, appear in TWO GRAND PATTI CONCERTS, Friday Evening, May 6th, and Saturday Evening, May 7th, at 8 o'clock.

MISS CARLOTTA PATTI will be assisted by THEODORE RITTER, the Great Classical Pianist—his first appearance here:

SIGNOR PABLO SARASATE.

The wonderful Violinist—his first appearance here; HERR THEODORE HABLEMANN, the popular German Tenor, and JOSEF HERMANNS, the great German Basso.

Mr. G. W. COLEY, Musical Director.

Admission, $1.00; Reserved Seats, $1.00 extra. Gallery, 50 cents.

The sale of seats will commence TUESDAY, MAY 3d, at 8 o'clock A. M., at Steinway's Agency, Kleber & Bro.'s, No. 122 Wood street.

Steinway's Pianos used at all Patti's Concerts.

ap30:w57

☞ G. A. R.

ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN HALL,

BIRMINGHAM,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, May 5th, 6th and 7th.

For the benefit of Soldiers' Widows and Orphans.

THE MARCH AND BIVOUAC;

OR,

SHERMAN LOOSE IN GEORGIA.

By Dr. E. A. DUNCAN, (Serious Wilkins,) late of General Sherman's staff, assisted by Prof. BRONTE Pianist and Vocalist, from the Conservatory of Music, Leipsic.

Change of Programme every night. Doors open at seven and a half o'clock.

ADMISSION........................50 cents.

my4:w38

☞ MERCY HOSPITAL

FAIR,

Open Every Evening

AT

CITY HALL.

ADMISSION........................25 cents.

ap30-w19

☞ FAIR AT

KEYSTONE RINK,

ROBINSON STREET, ALLEGHENY,

Open Every Evening,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

ST. PETER'S

New Catholic Church.

ADMISSION........................25 cents.

ap22:w32

☞ THE FIRST SEMI-ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the PITTSBURGH ART GALLERY, containing a fine collection of Paintings, the production of American and Foreign Artists, is now open Day and Evening, No. 231 LIBERTY STREET, opposite the head of Wood street Admission, 25 cents. ap25

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no27

CHARTER 1829 PERPETUAL.

FRANKLIN FIRE INSUR. CO.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE 435 AND 437 CHESTNUT STREET.

Assets on Jan. 1st, 1870, $2,825,734 67. Capital, $400,000 00. Accrued Surplus and Premiums, $2,425,731 67. Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000. Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.

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ap26 COFFIN & KELLOGG,
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PRINCIPAL FEATURES.

Ordinary whole Life Policies ABSOLUTELY NON-FORFEITABLE from payment of first annual Premium.

Special insurance NON-FORFEITABLE after two annual payments. All policies INCONTESTABLE for usual causes, and ABSOLUTELY INCONTESTABLE after two annual premiums. All restrictions upon TRAVEL and RESIDENCE removed, and no permits required. NO ACCUMULATION OF INTEREST on Loans or Deferred Premiums, and NO INCREASE of annual payments on any class of policies. Dividends on the PROGRESSIVE PLAN; also upon the GUARANTEE INTEREST plan. NO NOTE is required on LOAN, and there is no ACCUMULATION OF INTEREST charged upon the same. Policies become SELF-SUSTAINING in about sixteen years, and thereafter yield an income to the Policy holder. Life, term and endowment policies are issued; also, guarantee interest policies and annuities.

Number of Policies Issued, 3,349; Covering in Risks, $7,813,840 00; Premiums, $369,047 23; Assets, over $350,090 00.

Good, active Agents wanted everywhere in Western Pennsylvania.

WM. A. FULLER,
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